# المحاسن THE BEAUTIES

(FROM THE PROGENY<sup>asws</sup> OF MUHAMMAD<sup>saww</sup>)

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AHMAD BIN MUHAMMAD BIN KHALID AL BARQY (DIED 274 AH)

**VOLUME ONE** 

Part 2

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#### بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

# IN THE NAME OF ALLAHazwi THE BENEFICENT THE MERCIFUL

#### كتاب ثواب الاعمال وفيه من الابواب مائة وثلاثة وعشرون بابا

# The Book of the Reward for the deeds – (And in it are one hundred and twenty three chapters)

### 1 - ثواب من بلغه ثواب شئ فعمل به طلبا لذلك الثواب

# Chapter 1 – Reward for the one to whom reaches the news of a Reward for something, so he does it seeking that Reward

أحمد بن أبي عبد الله البرقى، عن أبيه، عن أحمد بن النضر، عن محمد بن مروان، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من بلغه عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله، كان له ذلك الثواب، بلغه عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله، كان له ذلك الثواب، وإن كان النبي صلى الله عليه وآله لم يقله.

Ahmad Bin Abu Abdullah Al Barqy, from his father, from Ahmad Bin Al Nazar, from Muhammad Bin Marwan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said, 'To the one whom reaches (a Hadeeth) from the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> that there is something in which there is a Reward, so he does that seeking the words of the Prophet<sup>saww</sup>, then that Reward would be for him, even if the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> never said it'.<sup>1</sup>

وعنه، عن علي بن الحكم، عن هشام بن سالم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من بلغه عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله شئ من الثواب فعمله، كان أجر ذلك له، وان كان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله لم يقله.

And from him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Hisham Bin Saalim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'To the one whom it reaches (a Hadeeth) from the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> that there is something in which there is Reward, so he does it, that Recompense would be for him, even if Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> did not say it'.<sup>2</sup>

### 2 - ثواب حسن الظن بالله

# Chapter 2 - Reward for having good thoughts about Allahazwj

عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن الحسن بن الجهم، عن بعض أصحابنا، عن أبي - جعفر عليه السلام، قال: يوقف عبد بين يدى الله تعالى يوم القيامة فيأمر به إلى النار فيقول: لا وعزتك ما كان هذا ظنى بك، فيقول: ما كان ظنك بي؟ - فيقول: كان ظنى بك أن تغفر لى، فيقول: قد غفرت لك.

From him, from Ibn Fazaal, from Al Hassan Bin Al Jaham, from one of his companions,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 2

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'A servant would pause in front of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High on the Day of Judgement, so he would be Commanded with to go to the Fire. So he would be saying, 'No, by Your<sup>azwj</sup> Honour! This was not my thinking of You<sup>azwj</sup>. So He<sup>azwj</sup> would be Saying: "What was your thinking about Me<sup>azwj</sup>?" So he would be saying, 'I thought of You<sup>azwj</sup>, that You<sup>azwj</sup> would be Forgiving me'. So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would be Saying "I<sup>azwj</sup> have Forgiven you".

قال أبو جعفر عليه السلام: أما والله ما ظن به في الدنيا طرفة عين ولو كان ظن به في الدنيا طرفة عين ما أوقفه ذلك الموقف لما رأى من العفو.

Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> said: 'But, by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Do not think (inappropriately) about Him<sup>azwj</sup> in the world even for the blink of an eye, and if you did think (inappropriately) about Him<sup>azwj</sup> in the world even for the blink of an eye, you would not pause in that pausing and see anything from the Forgiveness'.<sup>3</sup>

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، عن علي بن رئاب، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: يؤتى بعبد يوم القيامة ظالم لنفسه، فيقول الله تعالى له: الم آمرك بطاعتي؟ ألم أنهك عن معصيتى؟ - فيقول: بلى يا رب، ولكن غلبت على شهوتي، فان تعذبنى فبذنبى، لم تظلمنى، فيأمر الله به إلى النار،

From him, from Ibn Mahboub, from Ali Bin Ra'ib who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'They will come with a servant on the Day of Judgement who had been unjust to himself (sinned). So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High would be Saying to him: "Did I<sup>azwj</sup> not Command you to obey Me<sup>azwj</sup>? Did I<sup>azwj</sup> not Forbid you from disobeying Me<sup>azwj</sup>?" So he would be saying, 'Yes, O Lord<sup>azwj</sup>! But my lustful desires overcame me, so if You<sup>azwj</sup> were to Punish me for my sins, You<sup>azwj</sup> would not be unjust to me'. So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Command for him to be in the Fire.

فيقول: ما كان هذا ظنى بك، فيقول: ما كان ظنك بى؟ - قال كان ظنى بك أحسن الظن، فيأمر الله به إلى الجنة، فيقول الله تبارك وتعالى: لقد نفعك حسن ظنك بى الساعة.

So he would be saying, 'This was not my thinking of You<sup>azwj</sup>'. So He<sup>azwj</sup> would be Saying: "What was your thinking of Me<sup>azwj</sup>?" He would say, 'My thoughts of You<sup>azwj</sup> were good thoughts'. So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Would Command him to be in the Paradise. So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High would Say: "I<sup>azwj</sup> have Excused you due to your good thoughts of Me<sup>azwj</sup> for a moment'.<sup>4</sup>

#### 3 - ثواب التفكر في الله

# Chapter 3 – Reward for the thinking regarding Allah azwj

عنه، عن بنان بن العباس، عن الحسين الكرخي، عن جعفر بن أبان، عن الحسن الصيقل، قال: قلت لابي عبد الله عليه السلام: تفكر ساعة خير من قيام ليلة، قلت: كيف يتفكر ساعة خير من قيام ليلة، قلت: كيف يتفكر؟ - قال يمر بالدار والخربة، فيقول: أين بانوك؟ أين ساكنوك؟ ما لك لا تتكلمين!

From him, from Banan Bin Al Abbas, from Al Hsayn Al Karkhy, from Ja'far Bin Abaan, from Al Hassan Al Sayqal who said,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 4

'I said to Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, 'Thinking for a while is better than standing (for Prayer) for the night?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Yes. Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Thinking for a while is better than standing (for Prayer) for the night'. I said, 'How should one think?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'He passes by the houses and the ruins, so he says, 'Where are your builders? Where are your settlers? What is the matter with you that you are not speaking?'(meaning we are also going to die as they have but when they lived they never thought of the death, they have left behind all which they acquired)<sup>5</sup>

### 4 - ثواب تعديل الله في خلقه

# Chapter 4 – Reward for (hoping for) Altering of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> regarding His (s.w.t) creatures

عنه، عن أبيه، عمن ذكره، عن العلا، عن محمد بن مسلم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، يرفعه إلى النبي صلى الله عليه وآله قال: قال الله تبارك وتعالى: " من أذنب ذنبا فعلم أن لى أن أعذبه، وأن لى أن أعفو عنه، عفوت عنه "

From him, from his father, from the one who mentioned it, from Al A'ala, from Muhammad Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> raising it to the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> having said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High Said: "The one who commits a sin and he knows that it is up to Me<sup>azwj</sup> to Punish him and it is up to Me<sup>azwj</sup> to Forgive him, I<sup>azwj</sup> would Forgive him".<sup>6</sup>

#### 5 - ثواب الاخذ بالسنة

### Chapter 5 - Reward for taking to (adopting) the Sunnah

عنه، عن الحسين بن سيف، عن أخيه على، عن أبيه سيف بن عميرة، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، عن أبيه، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من تمسك بسنتى في اختلاف أمتى، كان له أجر مائة شهيد.

From him, from Al Husayn Bin Sayf, from his brother Ali, from his father Sayf Bin Umeyra,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who attaches to my<sup>saww</sup> Sunnah during the differring of my<sup>saww</sup> community, there would be for him the Recompense of a hundred martyrs'.<sup>7</sup>

### 6 - ثواب من سنة عدل

# Chapter 6 – Reward for the one who adopts the Sunnah of justice

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، عن اسماعيل الجعفري، قال: سمعت أبا جعفر عليه السلام يقول: من استن بسنة عدل فاتبع، كان له أجر من عمل به من له أجر من عمل به من غير أن ينقص من أجور هم شئ، ومن استن بسنة جور فاتبع، كان له مثل وزر من عمل به من غير أن ينقص من أوزار هم شئ.

From him, from Ibn Mahboub, from Ismail Al Ja'fary who said,

<sup>6</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H6

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H7

'I heard Abu Ja'far saying: 'The one who adopts the Sunnah of justice and follows it, would have for himself the Recompense of the one who acted upon it, without there being any deficiency of anything; and the one who adopts the Sunnah of oppression and follows it, he would have for himself the Recompense the like of the burden of the one who acted upon it, without there being any deficiency of anything of their burdens'.8

#### 7 - ثواب من علم باب هدى

### Chapter 7 – Reward for the one who teaches the Door of Guidance

عنه، عن أحمد بن محمد بن أبي نصر، قال: حدثني أبان بن محمد البجلي، عن العلا بن رزين، عن محمد بن مسلم، عن أبى جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من علم باب هدى، كان له أجر من عمل به ولا ينقص اولئك من أجورهم، ومن علم باب ضلال كان عليه مثل وزر من عمل به و لا ينقص اولئك من أوزار هم

From him,, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abu Nasr, from Aban Bin Muhammad Al Bajaly, from Al A'la Bin Razeyn, from Muhammad Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'The one who teaches a door of guidance would have for himself the Recompense of (all) the ones who acted upon it without any deficiency of those from their Recompense; and the one who teaches a door of misguidance, would have upon himself the burden of (all) the ones who acted upon it without any deficiency from their burdens'.9

### 8 - ثواب من سن سنة عدل على نفسه

### Chapter 8 – Reward of the one who adopts the Sunnah of justice upon himself

عنه، عن الحسن بن على بن يقطين، عن سعد ان بن مسلم، عن اسحاق - بن عمار، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ما من مؤمن سن على نفسه سنة حسنة أو شيئا من الخير، ثم حال بينه وبين ذلك حائل الا كتب الله له ما أجرى على نفسه أبام الدنبا

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Bin Yaqteen, from Sa'ad Bin Muslim, from Is'haq Bin Amaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'There is none from the Believers who adopts upon himself a good Sunnah or something from the good, then enacts it as a shield for himself and that, but Allahazwi Writes for him what flowed upon himself in the days of the world'. 10

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H9 <sup>10</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H10

#### 9 - ثواب من ناصح الله في نفسه

# Chapter 9 – Reward of the one who advises himself with the Advice of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>

عنه، عن الحسن، عن معاوية، عن أبيه، قال سمت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: ما ناصح الله عبد في نفسه، فأعطى الحق منها وأخذ الحق لها، الا أعطى خصلتين، رزق من الله يسعه، ورضى عن الله ينجيه.

From him, from Al Hassan, from Muawiya, from his father who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'No servant advises himself with the Advice of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so he comes to the Truth from it and takes the Truth to it, except that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Give him two qualities – extensive sustenance from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for him, and Pleasure from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Rescuing him'.<sup>11</sup>

#### 10 - ثواب ايثار الطاعة على الهوى

# Chapter 10 – Reward for preferring the obedience (to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) over the desires

عنه، عن ابن بنت الياس، عن عبد الله بن سنان، عن الثمالي، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: " قال الله تعالى: وعزتي وجلالي، وعظمتي وقدرتي، وعلائي وارتفاع مكاني، لا يؤثر عبد هواى على هواه، الا جعلت غناه في نفسه، وكفيته همه، وكففت عليه ضيعته، وضمنت السماوات والارض رزقه، وكنت له من وراء تجارة كل تاجر. "

From him, from Ibn Bint Ilyas, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Al Sumaly,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High Said: "By My<sup>azwj</sup> Honour and My<sup>azwj</sup> Majesty, and My<sup>azwj</sup> Magnificence and My<sup>azwj</sup> Power, and My<sup>azwj</sup> Highness and My<sup>azwj</sup> Elevated Status! No servant gives preference to My<sup>azwj</sup> Desire over his own desire except that I<sup>azwj</sup> Enrich him regarding himself, and Suffice him for his worries, and Shield his estate for him, and Make the skies and the earth guarantee his sustenance, and I<sup>azwj</sup> would be behind him in every trade of his business".<sup>12</sup>

### 11 - ثواب من أصلح فيما بينه وبين الله

# Chapter 11 – Reward for the one who corrects what is in between himself and Allah<sup>azwj</sup>

عنه، عن الحسن بن يزيد، عن اسماعيل بن مسلم، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن علي بن أبي طالب عليهم السلام، قال: من أصلح فيما بينه وبين الله ما بينه وبين الناس.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Yazeed, from Ismail Bin Muslim,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H12

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far asws from his saws father saws, from Aliasws Bin Abu Talibasws having said: 'The one who corrects regarding what is in between Allahazwi and himself, Allahazwj would Correct what is in between him and the people'. 13

#### 12 - ثواب الاقبال على العمل

### Chapter 12 – Reward for taking interest upon the deed

عنه، عن أبيه، عن النضر بن سويد، عن هشام بن سالم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من صلى وأقبل على صلوته لم يحدث نفسه ولم يسه فيها، أقبل الله عليه ما أقبل عليها، فربما رفع نصفها، وثلثها، وربعها، وخمسها، وانما أمر بالسنة ليكمل ما ذهب من المكتوبة.

From him, from his father, from Al Nazar Bin Suweyd, from Hisham Bin Saalim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who Prays and takes interest in his Prayers, not talking to himself and not forgetting in it, Allahazwi would be Interested in it what interest he showed over it. So perhaps He<sup>azwj</sup> would Raise half of it, and a third of it, and a quarter of it, and a fifth of it. But rather, (however when he recited Sunnah prayer), Heazwi Commanded it (to be) with the Sunnah in order to Complete what went away from being Written down'. 14

### 13 - ثواب ما جاء في التوحيد

### Chapter 13 - Reward for what came regarding the Oneness (Tauheed)

عنه، عن محمد بن على، عن أبى الفضيل، عن أبى حمزة، قال: سمعت أبا جعفر عليه السلام يقول: ما من شئ أعظم من شهادة أن لا اله الا الله، لان الله لم يعدله شئ ولا يشركه في الامور أحد.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Abu Al Fazeyl, from Abu Hamza who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far asws saying: 'There is none from the things greater than the testimony that 'there is no god except for Allah azwj', because Allah is not equated with anything nor is anyone associated with Himazwj in the affairs'. 15

وعنه، عن الفضيل بن عبد الوهاب، رفعه، قال حدثني اسحاق بن عبيدالله بن الوليد الوصافي، رفعه قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من قال: " لا اله الا الله " غرست له شجرة في الجنة من ياقوتة حمراء منبتها في مسك أبيض أحلى من العسل، وأشد بياضا من الثلج، وأطيب ريحا من المسك، فيها أمثال ثدى الابكار تفلق على سبعين حلة.

And from him, from Al Fazeyl Bin Abdul Wahab, raising it, from Is'hag Bin Ubeydullah Bin Al Waleed Al Wasafy, raising it, said,

'Rasool-Allah saww said: 'The one who says 'There is no god except for Allah azwj', a tree of red sapphire is planted for him in the Paradise. Its roots are in white musk sweeter than honey, and is whiter than the snow, and more aromatic than the musk. In it (its fruits) are like the fronts of the virgins segmented over seventy garments'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H14 <sup>15</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H15

وقال: رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: خير العبادة الاستغفار، وذلك قول الله عزوجل في كتابه " فاعلم أنه لا اله الا الله، واستغفر لذنبك ".

And Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The best worship is the seeking of the Forgiveness, and these are the Words of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book *[47:19]* So know that there is no god except for Allah, and, ask Forgiveness for your sin'. <sup>16</sup>

#### 14 - ثواب قول " لا اله الا الله وحده، وحده، وحده "

# Chapter 14 – Reward for the speech 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the One, the One, the One'.

عنه، عن أبيه، عن علي بن النعمان فيما أعلم، عمن ذكره، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال جبرئيل لرسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: طوبي لمن قال من أمتك: " لا اله الا الله وحده، وحده، وحده. "

From him, from his father, from Ali Bin Al No'man, as far as I know, from the one who mentioned it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Jibraeel<sup>as</sup> said to Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>: 'Blessed are the ones from your<sup>saww</sup> community who say, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the One, the One, the One'.<sup>17</sup>

#### 15 - ثواب قول " لا الله الا الله وحده لا شريك له "

# Chapter 15 – Reward for the speech 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>'.

أحمد، عن أبيه وعمرو بن عثمان وأيوب جميعا، عن ابن المغيرة، عن ابن مسكان، عن ليث المرادى، عن عبد الكريم بن عتبة الهاشمي، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: من قال عشر مرات قبل أن تطلع الشمس وقبل غروبها: " لا إله إلا الله وحده لا شريك له، له الملك وله الحمد، يحيى ويميت وهو حى لا يموت، بيده الخير وهو على كل شئ قدير ". كانت كفارة لذنوبه فى ذلك اليوم.

Ahmad, from his father, and Amro Bin Usman and Ayoub together, from Ibn Al Mugheira, from Ibn Muskan, from Lays Al Murady, from Abdul Kareem Bin Utba Al Hashimy who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'The one who says ten times, before the emergence of the sun, and before its setting, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and for Him<sup>azwj</sup> is the Praise, and He<sup>azwj</sup> Causes to live and to die, and He<sup>azwj</sup> is Living and does not die, in His<sup>azwj</sup> Hand is the good, and He<sup>azwj</sup> has Power over all things', it would be an expiation for his sins during that day'.<sup>18</sup>

وعنه، عن أبيه، عن ابن أبي نجران، عن عبد العزيز العبدى، عن عمر بن يزيد، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من قال في كل يوم عشر مرات " أشهد أن لا اله الا الله وحده لا شريك له، إلها واحدا أحدا فردا صمدا، لم يتخذ صاحبة ولا ولدا "كتب الله له خمسا وأربعين ألف حسنة، ومحا عنه خمسا وأربعين ألف سيئة، ورفع له عشر درجات، وكن له حرزا في يومه من الشيطان والسلطان، ولم تحط به كبيرة من الذنوب.

Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H17

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H18

And from him, from his father, from Ibn Abu Najran, from Abdul Aziz Al Abdy, from Umar Bin Yazeed,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who says ten times a day, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>, One god, Alone, Unique, Last (Eternal), has neither Taken a companion nor a son' – Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Write for him forty five thousand Rewards, and Delete from him forty five thousand sins, and Raise for him ten Levels, and it would be an amulet for him during his day from the Satan<sup>la</sup>, and the authority, and it does not degrade by it the major ones from the sins'. <sup>19</sup>

#### 16 - ثواب قول " لا إله إلا الله ربى لا أشرك به شيئا "

# Chapter 16 – Reward for the speech 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, my Lord<sup>azwj</sup>; I do not associate anything with Him<sup>azwj</sup>'.

عنه، عن يعقوب بن يزيد، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، عن عبد الله بن سنان، عن سعيد بن المسيب، عن علي بن الحسن عليهما السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ألا أخبركم بما يكون به خير الدنيا والآخرة، وإذا كربتم واغتممتم دعوتم الله به ففرج عنكم؟ - قالوا: بلى يا رسول الله، قال: قولوا: " لا إله إلا الله ربنا، لا — نشرك به شيئا " ثم ادعوا بما بدا لكم.

From him, from Yaqoub Bin Yazeed, from Muhammad Bin Abu Umeyr, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Saeed Bin Al Musayb,

(It has been narrated) from Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Al-Hassan<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Shall I<sup>saww</sup> inform you all of what comes by it the goodness of the world and the Hereafter, and when you are Tried and aggrieved, you supplicate with it, so Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Relieves it all from you?' They said, 'Yes, O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>!' He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Say, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, our Lord<sup>azwj</sup>; we do not associated anything with Him<sup>azwj</sup>. Then supplicate with whatever comes to you'.<sup>20</sup>

# 17 - ثواب قول " لا إله إلا الله حقا حقا "

# Chapter 17 – Reward of the speech 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, truly, truly'.

عنه، قال: حدثنى محمد بن عيسى الارمني، عن أبي عمران الخراط، عن الاوزاعي، عن جعفر بن محمد، عن أبيه عن آبائه عليهم السلام، قال: من قال في كل يوم خمسة عشر مرة " لا إله إلا الله حقا، لا إله إلا الله عبودية ورقا، لا إله إلا الله إيمانا وصدقا " أقبل الله عليه بوجهه، فلم يصرف عنه وجهه حتى يدخل الجنة.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Isa Al Armany, from Abu Imran Al Kharaat, from Al Awzaiy,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far Bin Muhammad<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> forefather<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who says fifteen times a day, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, truly, truly; there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for worship and slavery; there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for belief and sincerity' – Allah<sup>azwj</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H20

would Turn to him with His azwj Face, and will not Turn away His zwj Face from him until he enters the Paradise'. 21

#### 18 - ثواب قول " لا إله إلا الله الحق المبين "

### Chapter 18 - Reward for the speech, 'There is no god except Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Plain Truth

عنه. بهذا الاسناد، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن آبائه عليهم السلام، قال: من قال في كل يوم ثلاثين مرة " لا إله إلا الله الحق المبين " استقبل الغني، واستدبر الفقر، وأنس وحشته في القبر، وقرع باب الجنة.

From him, by this chain,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> forefather asws having said: 'The one who says thirty times a day, 'There is no god except for Allahazwi the Plain Truth' - would welcome the riches, and turn his back on poverty, and would find relief in the loneliness of the grave, and knock on the door of the Paradise'.<sup>22</sup>

#### 19 - ثواب قول " لا إله إلا الله مخلصا "

### Chapter 19 - Reward for the speech, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Emancipator'.

عنه، قال: حدثني ابن بنت الياس، عن أحمد بن عائذ، عن أبي الحسن السواق عن أبان بن تغلب، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: يا أبان، إذا قدمت الكوفة فارو هذا الحديث " من شُهد أن لا اله الا الله مخلصا، وجبت له الجنة "

From him, from Ibn Bint Ilyas, from Ahmad Bin A'iz, from Abu Al Hassan Al Sawaag, from Aban Bin Taghlub,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'O Aban! When you proceed to Al-Kufa, so report this Hadeeth, 'The one who testifies that 'there is no god except for Allahazwi the Emancipator, the Paradise would be Obligatory upon him'.

قال: قلت له: انه يأتيني من كل صنف من الاصناف فأروى لهم هذا الحديث؟ - قال: نعم يا أبان، انه إذا كان يوم القيامة، وجمع الله الاولين والآخرين فيسلب منهم " لا الله الا الله " الا من كان على هذا الامر.

He (Aban) said, 'I said to him asws, 'There come to me every type (of people) so should I report to them this Hadeeth?' He asws said: 'Yes, O Aban! When it will be the Day of Judgement, and Allah azwi Gathers together the former ones and the later ones, He<sup>azwj</sup> would Confiscate from them, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', except from the ones who are upon this matter (Al-Wilayah). 23

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H22 <sup>23</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H23

#### 20 - ثواب قول " لا الله الا الله والله اكبر "

# Chapter 20 – Reward of the speech, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest'.

عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن محمد بن سعيد، عن اسماعيل بن مسلم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال، قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: من هبط واديا فقال: " لا اله الا الله والله اكبر " ملا الله الوادي حسنات فليعظم الوادي بعد، أو ليصغر.

From him, from Ibn Fazal, from Muhammad Bin Saeed, from Ismail Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prophet<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who descends in a valley (abode) and says, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest', Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Fill the valley (abode) with Rewards. So the valley (after he leaves) would either be magnified afterwards or belittled'.<sup>24</sup>

### 21 - ثواب قول من شبهد " ان لا الله الا الله، وأن محمدا رسول الله "

# Chapter 21 - Reward for the speech of the one who testifies that, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>.

عنه، من محمد بن علي، عن علي بن أسباط، عن يعقوب بن سالم، عن رجل، عن جابر بن يزيد، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من شهد ان لا الله الا الله، ولم يشهد ان محمدا رسول الله، كتب الله له عشر حسنات، فان شهد ان محمدا رسول الله، كتب له الفي الف حسنة.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ali Bin Asbaat, from Yaqoub Bin Saalim, from a man, from Jabir Bin Yazeed,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who testifies that there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and does not testify that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Write ten Rewards for him. So if he were to testify that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would write a thousand thousand Rewards'.<sup>25</sup>

عنه، عن صالح بن السندي، عن جعفر بن بشير، عن هيثم بن عبد الله، عن عبد المؤمن الانصاري، عن أبي عبد الله أو أبي جعفر عليهما السلام، قال: " انى أشهدك وكفى بك شهيدا، وأشهد ملائكتك وأنبيانك ورسلك وجميع خلقك، بأنك أنت الله وحدك لا شريك لك، وأن محمدا عبدك ورسولك. " مرة واحدة أعتق ربعه، ومن قال مرتين أعتق نصفه، ومن قال أربعا أعتق كله.

From him, from Salih Bin Al Sindy, from Ja'far Bin Basheer, from Haysam Bin Abdullah, from Abdul Mo'min Al Ansary,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> or Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who says, 'I testify to You<sup>azwj</sup>, and You<sup>azwj</sup> Suffice as a witness, and I testify by Your<sup>azwj</sup> Angels, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Prophets<sup>as</sup>, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Rasools<sup>as</sup>, and all of Your<sup>azwj</sup> creatures that You<sup>azwj</sup> Allah<sup>azwj</sup> are One and there is no associate for You<sup>azwj</sup>, and that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Your<sup>saww</sup> servant and your<sup>azwj</sup> Rasool<sup>saww</sup>, – once, and a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H25

quarter of him would be liberated (from the Fire), and one who says it twice, half of him would be liberated, and the one who says it three times, three quarters of him would be liberated, and the one who says it four times, all of him would liberated'.<sup>26</sup>

#### 22 - ثواب من شهد " أن لا الله الا الله " عند موته

# Chapter 22 – Reward for the one who testifies that 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', at his death

عنه، قال: حدثنى داود بن سليمان القطان، قال: حدثنى أحمد بن زياد اليماني، عن اسرائيل، عن جابر، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: لقنوا موتاكم " لا اله الا الله " فأنها انس للمؤمن من حين يمزق قبره، قال: قال لي جبرئيل (ع): يا محمد، لو تراهم حين يخرجون من قبورهم ينفضون التراب عن رؤسهم، هذا يقول: لا اله الا الله والحمد لله يبيض وجهه، وهذا يقول: يا حسرتاه على ما فرطت في جنب الله.

From him, from Dawood Bin Suleyman Al Qataan, from Ahmad Bin Ziyad Al Yamai, from Israil, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Educate your dying ones to say, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', for it would be a friend for the Believers when he is alone in his grave'. Jibraeel<sup>as</sup> said to me<sup>saww</sup>: 'O Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>! If only you<sup>saww</sup> could see them coming out from their graves and they are shaking the dust from their heads. This one would be saying, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', and his face would be whitened; and this one would be saying, '[39:56] O regret, for what I wasted regarding the Side of Allah (أعناب أنه.e., Ali<sup>asws</sup>)'.

وفي رواية فضيل بن عثمان عمن رفعه قال: قال أبو – عبد الله عليه السلام: من شهد " أن لا اله الا الله " عند موته دخل الجنة قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: لقنوا موتاكم " لا اله الا الله " فانها تهدم الخطايا، قال كيف من قالها في حياته؟ - قال: هي أهدم وأهدم.

And in a report of Fazeyl Bin Usman, from the one who raised it, said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who testifies that 'there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>' at the time of his death would enter the Paradise. The Prophet<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Educate your dying ones to say that, 'there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', for it would demolish your sins'. He (the narrator) said, 'How is it for the one who says it during his lifetime?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'It pulls down and destroys (the sins)'.<sup>27</sup>

#### 23 - ثواب كلمات الفرج

# Chapter 23 - Reward for the speeches of the relief

عنه، عن جعفر بن محمد بن عبيدالله الاشعري، عن عبد الله بن ميمون القداح، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن عبد الله بن جعفر، قال: قال لى عمى علي بن أبي طالب عليهم السلام: ألا أحبوك كلمات والله ما حدثت بها حسنا ولا حسينا؟ - إذا كانت لك إلى الله حاجة تحب قضاءها فقل: " لا اله الا الله الحليم الكريم، لا اله الا الله العظيم، سبحان الله رب السماوات السبع، وما فيهن ورب العرش العظيم، والحمد لله رب العالمين، اللهم انى أسألك بأنك ملك مقتدر، وأنت على كل شئ يكون. " ثم تسأل حاجتك.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H26

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H27

From him, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Ubeydullah Al Ashary, from Abdullah Bin Maymoun Al Qadah,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from Abdullah Bin Ja'far, 'My uncle Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>asws</sup> said to me: 'Shall I<sup>asws</sup> gift to you certain words which I<sup>asws</sup> have not narrated to Hassan<sup>asws</sup> or Husayn<sup>asws</sup>? – When there is a need for you to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> which you would like to have it Fulfilled, so say, 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Forebearing, the Benevolent; there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Exalted, the Magnificent; Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the seven skies, and what is in between them, and the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the Magnificent Throne; and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the Worlds; Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! I ask You<sup>azwj</sup> by You<sup>azwj</sup> being the Powerful King, and You<sup>azwj</sup> have Power over all things, whatsoever You<sup>azwj</sup> Desire from everything, transpires'. Then you ask for your need'.<sup>28</sup>

#### 24 - ثواب من قال: " يا الله يا الله "

# Chapter 24 – Reward for the one who says, 'O Allahazwj,' O Allahazwj!'

عنه، عن ابن بنت الياس، عن عبد الله بن سنان، عن جعفر بن مسلم، قال: اشتكى بعض ولد أبي جعفر فمر عليه جعفر وهو شاك فقال له: يا جعفر : " يا الله يا الله " فانه لم يقلها أحد عشر مرات الا قال له الرب تبارك وتعالى: لبيك.

From him, from In Bint Ilyas, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Ja'far Bin Muslim who said,

'One of the sons<sup>asws</sup> of Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> complained, so Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> passed by him<sup>asws</sup> whilst he<sup>asws</sup> was complaining. So Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> said: 'You<sup>asws</sup> should say: 'O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! For it is something which no one says it ten times except that the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High Says to him: "Here I<sup>azwj</sup> am!'.<sup>29</sup>

# 25 - ثواب من قال: " يا الله يا ربى "

# Chapter 25 – Reward for the one who says, 'O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! O my Lord<sup>azwj</sup>!'

عنه، عن أبيه، عن حماد وصفوان وابن المغيرة، عن معاوية بن عمار عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: إذا قال العبد: " يا الله، يا ربى " حتى ينقطع النفس، قال له الرب: سل ما حاجتك.

From him, from his father, from Hamaad and Safwaan and Ibn Al Mugheira, from Muawiya Bin Amaar, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'When the servant says, 'O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! O my Lord<sup>azwj</sup>!' until his breath is cut off, the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> Says to him: "Ask what your need is".

وفي روايه أبي بصير قال: قلت لابي عبد الله عليه السلام: قول الله عزوجل في كتابه " وحنانا من لدنا "، قال: انه كان يحيى إذا دعا قال في دعائه: " يا رب يا الله " ناداه الله من السماء لبيك يا يحيى سل حاجتك.

And in a report of Abu Baseer who said,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H28

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H29

'I said to Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, 'The Words of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book *[19:13] And tenderness from Us*, he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'It was Yahya<sup>as</sup> when he<sup>as</sup> supplicated, said in his<sup>as</sup> supplication, 'O Lord<sup>azwj</sup>! O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>!' Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Called out to him<sup>as</sup> from the sky: "O Yahya<sup>as</sup>, here I<sup>azwj</sup> am! Ask your<sup>as</sup> need".<sup>30</sup>

#### 26 - ثواب من قال: يا رب ثلاثا

# Chapter 26 – Reward for the one who says, 'O Lordazwj, three times

عنه، عن محمد بن علي، عن اسمعيل بن يسار، عن منصور، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان الرجل منكم ليقف عند ذكر الجنة والنار ثم يقول: " أي رب، أي رب، أي رب " ثلاثا فإذا قالها نودى من فوق رأسه: سل

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ismail Bin Yasaar, from Mansour, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The man from among you pauses at the mentioned of the Paradise and the Fire, then he says, 'O Lord azwj, O Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, O Lord<sup>azwj</sup>!' – three times. So when he says it, He<sup>azwj</sup> Calls out from the top of his head: "Ask, what is your need?"31

#### 27 - ثواب من قال: " يا رب يا رب "

# Chapter 27 – Reward for the one who says, 'O Lordazwj, 'O Lordazwj!'

عنه، عن محمد بن على، عن الحكم بن مسكين، عن معاوية بن عمار الدهني، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من قال: " يا رب، يا رب "، حتى ينقطع نفسه، قيل له: لبيك ما حاجتك؟

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Al Hakam Bin Maskeyn, from Muawiya Bin Amaar Al Dahny, from Abu Baseer,

Lord<sup>azwj</sup>!', until his breath is cut off, He<sup>azwj</sup> Says to him: "Here I<sup>azwj</sup> am! What is your need?"

وروى " من يقولها عشر مرات قيل له: لبيك ما حاجتك؟ ".

And it is reported, 'The one who says it ten times, He<sup>azwj</sup> Says to him: "Here I<sup>azwj</sup> am! What is your need?'32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H30

<sup>31</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H31 32 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H32

#### <u>28 - ثواب من كبر الله مائة تكبيرة </u>

# Chapter 28 – Reward for the one who exclaims the Greatness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with one hundred exclamations

عنه، عن الحسن بن طريف، عن عبد الله بن المغيرة، عن حماد بن عثمان، عن أبي حمزة، قال: سمعت أبا جعفر عليه السلام يقول: من كبر الله مائة تكبيرة قبل طلوع الشمس وقبل غروبها كتب الله له من الاجر كأجر من أعتق مائة رقبة، ومن قال: " سبحان الله وبحمده " كتب الله له عشر حسنات، وان زاد زاده الله.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Tareyf, from Abdullah in Al Mugheira, from Hamaad Bin Usman, from Abu Hamza who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'The one who exclaims the Greatness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with one hundred exclamations before the emergence of the sun, and before its setting, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Writes for him the Recompense of the one who freed one hundred slaves. And the one who says, 'Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and by His<sup>azwj</sup> Praise', Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Writes for him ten Rewards, and if he increases it (Glorification), Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Increases it (Rewards)'.<sup>33</sup>

#### 29 - ثواب تسبيح فاطمة الزهراء عليها السلام

# Chapter 29 – Reward for (Glorifying by) the Glorification of Fatima Al Zahra<sup>asws</sup>

عنه، عن يحيى بن محمد، عن علي بن النعمان، عن ابن أبي نجران، عن بعض رجاله، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من سبح الله في دبر الفريضة قبل أن يثنى رجليه تسبيح فاطمة عليها الصلوة والسلام المائة، وأتبعها بلا آله الا الله، مرة واحدة غفر له.

From him, from Yahya Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al No'man, from Ibn Abu Najran, from one of his men,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who Glorifies Allah<sup>azwj</sup> after the Obligatory (Prayers) before bending his legs, with the one hundred Glorifications (تسبيح) of Fatima Al Zahra<sup>asws</sup>, and follows it by 'There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', once, would be Forgiven'.<sup>34</sup>

عنه، عن يحيى وعمرو بن عثمان، عن محمد بن عذافر، قال: دخلت مع أبي علي أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، فسأله أبي تسبيح فاطمة عليها السلام، فقال: السلام، فقال: السلام، فقال: السلام، فقال: المحد لله، حتى بلغ سبعة وستين، ثم قال: سبحان الله، حتى بلغ مائة، يحصيها بيده جملة واحدة.

From him, from Yahya and Amro Bin Usman, from Muhammad Bin Azafir who said,

'I and my father came up to Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>. So my father asked him<sup>asws</sup> about the Glorification (تسبيح) of Fatima<sup>asws</sup>, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest', until counted it thirty four. Then he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, until it reached

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H33

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H34

sixty seven (altogether). Then he sixty seven (altogether). Then he sixty seven (altogether) said: 'Glory be to Allah sixty seven (altogether). hundred (altogether), enumerating by his<sup>asws</sup> hand as one (sentence)'.<sup>35</sup>

#### 30 - ثواب ما جاء في التسبيح

### Chapter 30 – Reward for what came regarding the Glorification

عنه، عن على بن الحكم، عن سيف بن عميرة، عن ثابت، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من قال: " سبحان الله والحمد لله ولا اله الا الله والله اكبر. " خلق الله منها أربعة أطيار تسبحه وتقدسه وتهلله إلى يوم القيامة.

From him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Sayf in Umeyra, from Sabit,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'The one who says, 'Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and There is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allahazwj is the Greatest', Allahazwj would Create four birds from these which would (on his behalf) Glorify Himazwi, and Extol Hisazwi Holiness up to the Day of Judgement'.

وفي رواية محمد بن مروان، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: إذا قال العبد: "سبحان الله " فقد أنف لله، وحق على الله أن ينصر ه.

And in a report of Muhammad Bin Marwan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'Rasool-Allah saww said: 'When the servant says, 'Glory be to Allahazwi, so he has rubbed his nose (in the dust) for the Sake of Allahazwi, and becomes deserving to Allahazwi that Heazwi should Help him'.36

وعنه، عن اسماعيل بن جعفر، عن محمد بن أبي حمزة، عن أبي ايوب، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من سبح الله مائة مرة كان أفضل الناس ذلك اليوم الا من قال مثل قوله.

And from him, from Ismail Bin Ja'far, from Muhammad Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Ayoub, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who Glorifies Allah<sup>azwj</sup> one hundred times, would be the best of the people for that day, except for the one said similar to what he said'. 37

وعنه، عن على بن سيف، عن أخيه الحسين بن سيف بن عميرة، عن ملك بن عطية، عن ضريس الكناسي، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال: ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله مر برجل يغرس غرسا في حائط له فوقف عليه فقال له: ألا أدلك على شئ أثبت أصلا وأسرع ينعا وأطيب ثمرا وابقى؟ - قال: قال: بلى يا رسول الله، قال: إذا أصبحت وأمسيت فقل: سبحان الله والحمد لله، ولا اله الله والله أكبر، فإن الك بكل تسبيحة شجرات في الجنة من أنواع الفاكهة وهم، الباقيات الصبالحات

And from him, from Ali Bin Sayf, from his brother Al Husayn Bin Sayf Bin Umeyra, from Malik Bin Atiya, from Zareys Al Kanasy,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H35

<sup>36</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H36 37 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H37

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> passed by a man who was planting a plant in a wall of his. So he saw paused at him and said to him: 'Shall I<sup>saww</sup> direct you to something the roots of which are firm, and it grows easily, and its fruit are fragrant and more lasting?' He said, 'Yes, O Rasool-Allah saww'. He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'When it is the morning and the evening, so say, 'Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Praise is for Allah azwi, and there is no god except for Allah azwi, and Allah azwi is the Greatest', so there would be for you, for each Glorification, trees in the Paradise from different fruits, and these are the [19:76] ever-abiding righteous works'.38

عنه، عن محمد بن على، عن الحكم بن مسكين، عن داود بن الحصين، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من بخل منكم بمال أن ينفقه، وبالجهاد ان يحضره، وبالليل أن يكابده فلا يبخل بسبحان الله والتحمد لله ولا الله الا الله والله اكبر، ولا حول ولا قوة إلا بالله.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Al Hakam Bin Maskeyn, from Dawood Bin Al Haseyn,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one from among you who is stingy with the wealth that he spends, and with the Jihad when it presents itself, and with the night that he passes through it, so he should not be stingy with, Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest, and there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. <sup>39</sup> 'Glory be to Allahazwi, and the Praise is for Allahazwi, and there is no god except for

عنه، عن الوشاء، عن رفاعة بن موسى، عن ليث المرادي، عن أبي بصير، قال: سمعته يقول: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من قال: " سبحان الله " من غير تعجب خلق الله منها طائرا أخضر يستظل بظل العرش يسبح فيكتب له ثوابه إلى يوم القيامة.

From him, from Al Washa, from Rafa'at Bin Musa, from Lays Al Murady, from Abu Baseer who said,

'I heard him<sup>asws</sup> (6<sup>th</sup>. Imam<sup>asws</sup>) saying: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who says, 'Glory be to Allah azwj', it would not be a surprise if Allah were to Create from it a green bird being shaded by the Shade of the Throne Glorifying Himazwi, so Heazwi would Write its Reward for him up to the Day of Judgement'. 40

# Chapter 31 – Reward of the Praising

عن ابن فضال، عن عبد الله بن بكير، عن عبد الله بن أعين، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان الله يمجد نفسه في كل يوم ثلاث مرات فمن مجد الله بما يمجد نفسه وكان في شقوة حول إلى سعادة،

From Ibn Fazaal, from Abdullah Bin Bakeyr, from Abdullah Bin Ayn,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Allah azwj Glorifies Himselfazwi three times every day, so the one who Glorifies Allahazwi with what Heazwi Glorifies Himself<sup>azwj</sup> with, and if he was in a misery it would turn into happiness.

39 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H39 40 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H38

يقول: " أنت الله لا اله الا أنت رب العالمين، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت الرحمن الرحيم، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت العلي العزيز الكبير، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت الغفور الرحيم،

He should be saying, 'You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the Worlds; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Beneficent, the Merciful; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Exalted, the Mighty, the Great; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, King of the Day of Judgement; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Forgiver, the Merciful;

وأنت الله الا أنت العزيز الحكيم، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت بدء كل شئ واليك يعود، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت، لم تزل ولا تزال، وأنت الله الا أنت خالق الجنة والنار، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت خالق الجنة والنار، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت أحدا صمدا لم تلد ولم تولد ولم يكن لك كفوا أحد،

And You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Mighty, the Wise; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, Initiator of everything, and to You<sup>azwj</sup> they return; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, neither do You<sup>azwj</sup> decline nor are You<sup>azwj</sup> (Made to) decline; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, Creator of the good and the evil; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup> Creator of the Paradise and the Fire; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, One, Eternal, neither do You<sup>azwj</sup> beget nor are begotten, and there is no one Equal to You<sup>azwj</sup>.

وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت الملك القدوس السلام، المؤمن المهيمن العزيز الجبار المتكبر سبحان الله عما يشركون، وأنت الله الا الخالق البارئ المصور لك الاسماء الحسنى يسبح لك ما في السماوات والارض وأنت العزيز الحكيم، وأنت الله لا اله الا أنت الكبير المتعال والكبرياء ردائك. "

And You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the King, the Holy, the (source of) Peace, the (Grantor of) security, the Controller, the Mighty, the Compeller, the Supreme. Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> from what they are associating; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are the Creator, the Maker, the Fashioner; for You<sup>azwj</sup> are the Beautiful Names. Whatever is in the skies and the earth Glorify You<sup>azwj</sup>; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are the Mighty, the Wise; and You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Great, the Supremely Exalted, and the Greatness is Your<sup>azwj</sup> Robe'.<sup>41</sup>

#### 32 - ثواب فضل ذكر الله

# Chapter 32 – Reward for preferring the Remembrance of Allah azwj

عنه، عن جعفر بن محمد، عن عبد الله بن ميمون القداح، عن جعفر، عن أبيه عليهما السلام، قال: قال النبي صلى الله عليه واله لاصحابه: ألا أخبركم بخير اعمالكم وازكاها عند مليككم، وارفعها في درجاتكم، وخير لكم من الدينار والدرهم، وخير لكم من أن تلقوا عدوكم وتقتلونهم ويقتلونكم؟ - قالوا: بلي، يا رسول الله، قال: ذكر الله كثيرا.

From him, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad, from Abdullah Bin Maymoun Al Qadah,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prophet<sup>as</sup> said to his<sup>saww</sup> companions: 'Shall I<sup>saww</sup> inform you all of the best of your deeds and purest of it in the Presence of your King<sup>azwj</sup>, and the highest of it in your

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H41

Levels, and the better for you from the Dinars and the Dirhams, and better for you than meeting your enemies and killing them and them killing you?' They said, 'Yes, O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>. He<sup>as</sup> said: 'Remember Allah<sup>azwj</sup> abundantly'. <sup>42</sup>

#### 33 - ثواب الشغل بذكر الله

### Chapter 33 - Reward of being engrossed by the Remembrance of Allah azwj

عنه، عن أبيه، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن هشام بن سالم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه - السلام، قال: أن الله تبارك وتعالى يقول: من شغل بذكرى عن مسئلتي أعطيته أفضل ما أعطى من سألني.

From him, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hisham Bin Saalim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Allah azwj Blessed and High is Saying: "The one who in too engrossed with Myazwi Remembrance to ask Meazwi, I<sup>azwj</sup> Give him better than what I<sup>azwj</sup> otherwise would have Given had he asked Me<sup>azwj</sup>, 43

#### 34 - ثواب ذكر الله في الملا والخلا

# Chapter 34 – Reward for the Remembrance of Allahazwi publicly and privately

عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن غالب بن عثمان، عن بشير الدهان، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال الله تعالى: ابن آدم، اذكرني في نفسك اذكرك في نفسي، ابن آدم، اذكرني في خلاء أذكرك في خلاء، ابن آدم، اذكرني في ملاء أذكرك في ملاء خير من ملائك.

From him, from Ibn Fazaal, from Ghalib Bin Usmaan, from Basheer Al Dahaan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High Said: "O son of Adam<sup>as</sup>! Remember me within yourself and I<sup>azwj</sup> will Remember you with Myself<sup>azwj</sup>. Remember Me<sup>azwj</sup> in the privacy and I<sup>azwj</sup> will Remember you in Privacy! Son of Adamas! Remember me publicly and Iazwi will Remember you among a Public better that your public".

And he saws said: 'There is none from a servant who Remembers Allah in a public (gathering) of the people except that Allahazwi Remembers him in a public (gathering) of the Angels'.44

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H42

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H43 <sup>44</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H44

#### 35 - ثواب ذكر الله في الغافلين

# Chapter 35 – Reward of Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> among the heedless

عنه، عن النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن أبي عبد الله، عن آبائه: ان أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام، قال: ذاكر الله في الغافلين كالمقاتل في الفارين، والمقاتل في الفارين نزله الجنة.

From him, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, from his forefathers<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The Rememberer (ذاكر) of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> among the heedless is like the fighter among the fleers; and the fighter among the fleers, his honourable place is the Paradise'. <sup>45</sup>

#### 36 - ثواب ذكر الله في الاسواق

# Chapter 36 – Reward of the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in the markets

عنه، عن علي بن الحكم وعلي بن حديد جميعا، عن سيف بن عميرة، عن سعد الخفاف، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من دخل السوق فنظر إلى حلوها ومرها وحامضها، فليقل: " أشهد أن لا اله الا الله وحده لا شريك له، وأن محمدا عبده ورسوله، أللهم انى أسالك من فضلك، وأستجير بك من الظلم والغرم والمأثم. "

From him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam and Ali Bin Hadeed together, from Sayf Bin Umeyra, from Sa'ad Al Khafaf,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who enters the market, and looks around it, and passes it, should be saying, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is His<sup>azwj</sup> servant and His<sup>azwj</sup> Rasool<sup>saww</sup>. Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! I ask You<sup>azwj</sup> from Your<sup>azwj</sup> Grace, and I seek Refuge with You<sup>azwj</sup> from the injustice, and the loss, and the sin'.<sup>46</sup>

عنه، عن أبي أيوب المدايني، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن سعد بن أبي خلف، عن أبي عبيدة الحذاء، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من قال في السوق " أشهد أن لا الله الا الله وحده لا شريك له، وأشهد أن محمدا عبده ورسوله. " كتب الله له ألف ألف حسنة

From him, from Abu Ayoub Al Madainy, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Sa'ad Bin Abu Khalaf, from Abu Ubeyda Al Haza'a who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who says in the market, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and I testify that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is His<sup>azwj</sup> servant and His<sup>azwj</sup> Rasool<sup>saww</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Write for him a thousand, thousand Rewards'.<sup>47</sup>

عنه، عن علي بن الحكم، عن عاصم بن حميد، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من دخل سوق جماعة أو مسجد أهل نصب فقال مرة واحدة " أشهد أن لا اله الا الله وحده لا شريك له، والله اكبر كبيرا والحمد لله كثيرا،

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H45

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H46

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H47

وسبحان الله بكرة و اصيلا، ولا حول ولا قوة إلا بالله العلى العظيم، وصلى الله على محمد وآله وأهل بيته " عدلت حجة مبرورة.

From him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Aasim Bin Hameed, from Abu baser,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who enters a market in a group, or Masjid of the people of hostility (Nasibis), so he should say once, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allahazwi, One with no associates for Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest of the Great, and the abundant Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> morning and evening, and there is no Power or Strength except with Allah azwj, the Exalted, the Magnificent, and send Blessings upon Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and his<sup>saww</sup> Progeny<sup>asws</sup>, would have provided acceptable proof'.<sup>48</sup>

#### 37 - ثواب ما جاء في " بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم "

# Chapter 37 - What came regarding 'In the Name of Allahazwi the Beneficent, the Merciful'.

عنه، عن بعض أصحابنا، عن الحسن بن على بن يوسف، عن هارون الخطاب التميمي، عن صفوان الجمال، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ما نزل كتاب من السماء الا واوله " بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم ".

From him, from one of our companions, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Bin Yusuf, from Haroun Al Khataab Al Tameemy, from Safwan Al Jamaal,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Adullah asws having said: 'There did not descend a Book from the sky except that at the beginning of it was 'In the Name of Allahazwi the Beneficent, the Merciful'. 49

# 38 - ثواب " بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم، لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله العلى العظيم "

# Chapter 38 – Reward of 'In the Name of Allahazwj the Beneficent, the Merciful, there is no Power or Strength except with Allahazwi the **Exalted, the Magnificent'.**

عنه، عن أبيه، عن أحمد بن النضر، عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من قال: " بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم، لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله العلى العظيم "، ثلاث مرات كفاه الله تعالى تسعة وتسعين نوعا من أنواع البلاء أيسرها الخنق.

From him, from his father, from Ahmad Bin Al Nazar, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'Rasool-Allah saw said: 'The one who says, 'In the Name of Allahazwj the Beneficent, the Merciful, there is no Power or Strength except with Allahazwi, the Exalted, the Magnificent' – three times, Allahazwi the High would Suffice for him for ninety nine types of afflictions, the easiest (smallest) of which is the (death through) strangulation'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H48

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H49 <sup>50</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 50

أحمد، عن ابن فضال، عن الحسن بن الجهم، عن أبي الحسن عليه السلام، قال: من قال: " بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم، لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله العلي العظيم "، ثلاث مرات حين يصبح، وثلاث مرات حين يمسى، لم يخف شيطانا ولا سلطانا، ولا جذاما ولا برصا، قال أبو الحسن عليه السلام: وأنا أقولها مائة مرة.

Ahmad, from Ibn Fazaal, from Al Hassan Bin Al Jaham,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who says, 'In the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Beneficent, the Merciful, there is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Exalted, the Magnificent' – three times in the morning, and three times in the evening, would neither fear a Satan<sup>la</sup> nor an authority, nor vitiligo, nor leprosy'. Abu Al Hassan<sup>asws</sup> said: 'And I<sup>asws</sup> say it one hundred times'.<sup>51</sup>

#### 39 - ثواب " لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله "

# Chapter 39 – Reward (for saying) 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>,

عنه، عن محمد بن بكر، عن زكريا بن محمد، عن عامر بن معقل، عن أبان بن تغلب، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان آدم عليه السلام شكا إلى ربه حديث النفس، فقال: أكثر من قول: " لا حول و لا قوة الا بالله ".

From him, from Muhammad in Bakr, from Zakariyya Bin Muhammad, from Aamir Bin Ma'qal, from Aban in Taghlub,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Adam<sup>as</sup> complained to his<sup>as</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> talking to himself<sup>as</sup>, so He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "Frequent in saying: 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>". <sup>52</sup>

وبهذا الاسناد، رفعه إلى أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان حملة العرش لما ذهبوا ينهضون بالعرش لم يستقلوه فألهمهم الله " لا حول و لا قوة الا بالله " فنهضوا به

And by this chain, raising it to

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'When the bearers of the Throne went on to bear the Throne, could not do it, so Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Inspired them: "There is no Power of Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>", so they bore it'.

وفي رواية محمد بن عمران، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: إذا قال العبد " لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله " فقد فوض أمره إلى الله، وحق على الله أن يكفيه.

And in a report of Muhammad Bin Imran,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'When the servant says, 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', so he has delegated his matter to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and has a right upon Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> should Suffice for him'.

وفي رواية هشام بن سالم عن ابي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال: إذا قال العبد: " لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله " قال الله عزوجل للملائكة: استسلم عبدى، اقضوا حاجته.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 51

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 52

And in report of Hisham Bin Salim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'When the servant says, 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allahazwi, Allahazwi Mighty and Majestic Says to the Angels: "Myazwi servant has submitted, fulfil his need!" 53

وعنه، عن عيسى بن جعفر العلوي، عن حفص السدوسي وأحمد بن عبيد، عن الحسين بن علوان الكلبي، عن جعفر عليه السلام، قال: سألته من تفسير " لا حول ولا قوة الا بالله " قال: لا يحول بيننا وبين المعاصى الا الله، ولا يقوينا على اداء الطاعة و الفر ائض الا الله

And from him, from Isa Bin Ja'far Al Alawy, from Hafs, from Hafs Al Sadousy and Ahmad Bin Ubeyd, from Al Husayn Bin Alwan Al Kalby,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, said, 'I asked him<sup>asws</sup> about the interpretation of, 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allahazwi,', he asws said: 'There is no Strength for us for obedience and worship except for Allah azwi, 54

#### 40 - ثواب قول " ما شاء الله "

### Chapter 40 - Reward for the speech, 'Whatever Allahazwi so Desires'.

عنه، قال: حدثني يحيى بن أبي بكر، عن بعض أصحابه، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: إذا قال العبد: " ما شاء الله، لا حول و لا قوة الا بالله. " قال الله: ملائكتي استسلم عبدي، أعينوه، أدركوه، اقضوا حاجته.

From him, from Yahya Bin Abu Bakr, from one of his companions who said,

'Abu Abdullah asws said: 'When the servant says, 'Whatever Allah zwj so Desires, there is no Power or Strength except with Allah Allah Allah Says: "Myazwi Angels! Myazwi Says: "Myazwi Angels! Myazwi servant has submitted, help him, be aware of him, fulfil his need".

وفي رواية قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من قال " ما شاء الله " الف مرة في دفعة واحدة رزق الحج من عامه، فان لم يرزق أخر الله حتى يرزقه.

And in a report, 'Abu Abdullah asws said: 'The one who says, 'Whatever Allah so so Desires', a thousand times in one session, would receive the gift of going to Hajj during that year. So if he does not, then Allahazwi would have Delayed it until Heazwi does eventually Endow him for it'.55

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 53

<sup>54</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 54 55 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 55

#### 41 - ثواب قول " والحمد لله واستغفر الله ولا حول ولا قوة الا بالله "

Chapter 41 – Reward for the speech, 'And the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, And I seek Forgivenees of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and there is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

عنه، عن الحسين بن يزيد النوفلي، عن اسماعيل بن أبي زياد السكوني، عن أبي عبد الله، عن آبائه عليهم السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من ظهرت عليه النعمة فليكثر ذكر " الحمد لله "، ومن كثرت همومه فعليه بالاستغفار، ومن ألح عليه الفقر فليكثر من قول " لا حول و لا قوة إلا بالله " ينفي الله عنه الفقر.

From him, from Al Husayn Bin Yazeed Al Nowfaly, from Ismail Bin Abu Ziyad Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah, from his forefather<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'To the one who needs a favour, he should frequent in saying, 'The Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>'; and the one who has constant worries, so it is upon him to seek Forgiveness; and the one has poverty, so he should frequent in saying, 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>', Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would negate the poverty from him'.

وقال: فقد النبي صلى الله عليه وآله رجلا من الانصار، فقال له: ما غيبك عنا؟ - فقال: الفقر، يا رسول الله وطول السقم، فقال له رسول الله عليه وآله: ألا اعلمك كلاما إذا قلته ذهب عنك الفقر والسقم؟ - قال: بلى، قال: إذا أصبحت وأمسيت فقل: " لا حول ولا قوة إلا بالله، توكلت على الحي الذي لا يموت، والحمد لله الذي لم يتخذ ولدا ولم يكن له شريك في الملك، ولم يكن له ولي من الذل، وكبره تكبيرا. "قال الرجل: فوالله ما قلته الا ثلاثة أيام حثى ذهب عني الفقر والسقم.

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'A man from the Helpers was absent from the Prophet<sup>saww</sup>, so he<sup>saww</sup> said to him: 'What made you absent from us<sup>saww</sup>?' So he said, 'The poverty, O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>, poverty and the prolonged illness'. So Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said to him: 'Shall I<sup>saww</sup> teach you certain words, if you were to say these, the poverty and the illness would go away from you?' He said, 'Yes'. He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'When it is the morning and the evening, so say, 'There is no Power or Strength except with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. I rely upon Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Living who does not die; and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Who did not Take a son, and there is not for him an associate in the Kingdom, and there is not for him a guardian from the humiliation, and I exclaim His<sup>azwj</sup> Greatness'. The man said (later on), 'By Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! I did not say it except for three days and my poverty and illness went away from me'.<sup>56</sup>

# 42 - ثواب قول " سبحان الله، والحمد لله، ولا اله إلا الله، والله اكبر "

Chapter 42 – Reward for the speech, 'Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Greatest'.

قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله لام هاني: من سبح الله مائة مرة كل يوم كان أفضل ممن ساق مائة بدنة إلى بيت الله الحرام، ومن حمد الله مائة تكبيرة كان أفضل ممن أعتق مائة رقبة، ومن كبر الله مائة تكبيرة كان أفضل ممن حمل على مائة فرس في سبيل الله بسروجها ولجمها، ومن هلل الله مائة تهليلة كان أفضل الناس عملا يوم القيامة الا من قال أفضل من هذا.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 56

(The Imam<sup>asws</sup>) said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said to Umm Haani: 'The one who Glorifies Allah<sup>azwj</sup> a hundred times a day is higher than the one who ushers one hundred camels to the Sacred House of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> (Kabah); and the one who Praises Allah<sup>azwj</sup> one hundred Praises, would be higher than the one who frees a hundred slaves; and the one who exclaims the Greatness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with a hundred exclamations of Greatness, would be higher than the one who attacked with one hundred horses in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with their saddles and restrainers; and the one who extols the Holiness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with a hundred Extollations of His<sup>azwj</sup> Holiness would be higher in deeds than the people on the Day of Judgement, except for the one who said more than this'.<sup>57</sup>

#### 43 - ثواب القول في الاصباح والامساء

### Chapter 43 – Reward for the speech in the morning and the evening

وعنه، عن أبي يوسف، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن الانماطي، عن كليمة صاحب الكلل، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من قال هذا القول إذا أصبح، فمات في ذلك اليوم دخل الجنة فان قال: إذا أمسى فمات من ليلته دخل الجنة " أللهم انى أشهدك وأشهد ملائكتك المقربين وحملة العرش المصطفين أنك أنت الله الا أله الا أنت الرحمن الرحيم، وان محمدا عبدك ورسولك صلى الله عليه وآله وفلان وفلان حتى نيتهى إليه أئمتي وأوليائي على ذلك أحيى وعليه أموت وعليه أبعث يوم القيامة أن شاء الله، وأبرأ من فلان وفلان وفلان وفلان، أربعة " فان مات في يومه أو ليلته، دخل الجنة.

And from him, from Abu Yusuf, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Al Namaty, from Kaleyma, author of Al Kilal, who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who says this speech when it is the morning, and dies during that day, he would enter the Paradise; so if he were to say it in the evening and dies during that night, he would enter the Paradise – I testify to You<sup>azwj</sup>, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Angels of Proximity testify, and the bearers of the Throne, the Chosen ones that You<sup>azwj</sup> are Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, there is no god except for You<sup>azwj</sup>, the Beneficent, the Merciful, and that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Your<sup>azwj</sup> servant, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Rasool<sup>saww</sup>, and so and so, and so and so – until my Imams<sup>asws</sup> and my<sup>asws</sup> Guardians end upon that, upon them<sup>asws</sup> that I live, and upon them<sup>asws</sup> I die, and with them<sup>asws</sup> I would be Resurrected on the Day of Judgement, if Allah<sup>azwj</sup> so Desires. And I am away from so and so, and so and so, and so and so and so – four of them' (1,2,3,4). So if he were to die during his day or his night, would enter the Paradise'.<sup>58</sup>

عنه، عن أبي يوسف، عن علي بن حسان، عن رجل، عن أبي عبد الله عليه - السلام، قال: كان أمير المؤمنين صلوات الله عليه يقول: من قال إذا أصبح هذا القول لم يصبه سوء حتى يمسى، ومن قاله حين يمسى لم يصبه سوء حتى يصبح يقول: " سبحان الله مع كل شئ حتى لا يكون شئ بعد كل شئ وحده وعدد جميع الاشياء واضعافها منتهى رضى الله والحمد لله كذلك، ولا اله إلا الله مثل ذلك والله اكبر مثل ذلك. "

From him, from Abu Yusuf, from Ali Bin Hisan, from a man, from Abu Abdullah asws having said:

'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> was saying: 'The one who says this speech when it is the morning, evil would not hit him until the evening, and the one who says it in the evening, evil would not hit him until the morning – 'Glory be to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with everything until there will not be anything after everything, One, and the things are numbered, and increase it the ultimate Pleasure of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and 'the Praise is for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 58

Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, similar to that, and 'there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, similar to that, and 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is Greatest', similar to that'.<sup>59</sup>

#### 44 - ثواب الصلوة

### Chapter 44 – Reward for the Prayer

عنه، عن علي بن الحكم، عن سيف بن عميرة، عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر، عن أبي جعفر محمد بن علي عليهما السلام، قال: الصلوة عمود الدين مثلها كمثل عمود الفسطاط إذا ثبت العمود يثبت الاوتاد والاطناب، وإذا مال العمود وانكسر لم - يثبت وتد ولا طنب.

From him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Sayf Bin Umeyra, from Amro bin Shimr, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far Muhammad<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prayer is a pillar of the Religion. Its example is like the example of a pillar of a tent, when the pillar is affirmed by the pegs and the ropes; and when the pillar falls and breaks, then neither the pegs or the ropes were firm'. <sup>60</sup>

#### 45 - ثواب الطهور

### Chapter 45 – Reward for the cleanliness

عنه، عن محمد بن علي، عن علي بن حسان، عن عبد الرحمن بن كثير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: بينما أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام قاعد ومعه ابنه محمد إذ قال: يا محمد ايتنى باناء فيه ماء أتوضاً منه للصلوة فأكفأ بيده ثم قال: بسم الله الذي جعل الماء طهورا ولم يجعله نجسا،

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ali Bin Hasaan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> was seated, and along with him<sup>asws</sup> was his<sup>asws</sup> son Muhammad, when he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O Muhammad! Bring me<sup>asws</sup> a container in which is water, so I<sup>asws</sup> can perform ablution from it for the Prayer'. He<sup>asws</sup> took it by his<sup>asws</sup> hand then said: 'In the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Who Made the water pure and did not Make it dirty'. (Imam<sup>asws</sup> then taught Muhammad to recite like this)

ثم استنجى فقال: أللهم حصن فرجى واعفه، واستر عورتى وحرمني على النار،

Then he<sup>asws</sup> washed and he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Fortify my<sup>asws</sup> loins and Excuse me<sup>asws</sup>, and Veil my<sup>asws</sup> honour and Prohibit Fire from me<sup>asws</sup>'.

ثم تمضمض فقال: اللهم لقنى حجتى يوم ألقاك، و أنطق لساني بذكرك،

Then he<sup>asws</sup> rinsed his<sup>asws</sup> mouth, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah <sup>azwj</sup>! Dictate to me<sup>asws</sup> my<sup>asws</sup> arguments on the Day I<sup>asws</sup> meet You<sup>azwj</sup>, and my<sup>asws</sup> tongue to speak with Your<sup>azwj</sup> mention'.

ثم استنشق وقال: أللهم لا تحرمني ريح الجنة واجعلني ممن يشم ريحها وطيبها.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 59

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 60

Then he<sup>asws</sup> snuffed (the water) and said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Do not Forbid upon me<sup>asws</sup> the aroma of the Paradise and Make me<sup>asws</sup> to be from the ones who would smell its aroma and its perfumes'.

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ثم غسل وجهه وقال: اللهم بيض وجهي يوم تبيض وجوه و تسود وجوه ولا تسود وجهي يوم تبيض وجوه وتسود وجوه
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> washed his<sup>asws</sup> face and said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Whiten my<sup>asws</sup> face on the Day You<sup>azwj</sup> Whiten the faces and Blacken the faces, and do not Blacken my<sup>asws</sup> face on the Day you Whiten the faces and Blacken the faces'.

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ثم غسل يده اليمني فقال: اللهم أعطني كتابي بيميني، والخلد بيساري.
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> washed his<sup>asws</sup> right hand, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Give me<sup>asws</sup> my<sup>asws</sup> Book (of deeds) in my<sup>asws</sup> right hand, and the immortality in my<sup>asws</sup> left hand'.

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ثم غسل يده اليسرى فقال: ألهم لا تعطني كتابي بيساري، ولا تجعلها مغلولة إلى عنقي، وأعوذ بك من مقطعات النيران.
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> washed his<sup>asws</sup> left hand, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Do not Give me<sup>asws</sup> my<sup>asws</sup> Book (of deeds) in my<sup>asws</sup> left hand, and do not make it to be chained to my<sup>asws</sup> neck, and I<sup>asws</sup> seek Refuge with You<sup>azwj</sup> from the segments of the Fires'.

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ثم مسح على رأسه، فقال: اللهم غشنى برحمتك وبركاتك وعفوك.
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> wiped upon his<sup>asws</sup> head, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Divert to me<sup>asws</sup> Your<sup>azwj</sup> Mercy, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Blessings, and Your<sup>azwj</sup> Forgiveness'.

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ثم مسح على قدميه، فقال: اللهم ثبتني على الصراط يوم تزل الاقدام، واجعل سعيى فيما يرضيك عنى.
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> wiped upon his<sup>asws</sup> feet, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Make me<sup>asws</sup> to be steadfast upon the Path on the Day the feet would waver, and Make my<sup>asws</sup> quest in what Pleases You<sup>azwj</sup> from me<sup>asws</sup>'.

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ثم رفع رأسه إلى محمد، فقال: يا محمد، من توضأ مثل وضوءى، وقال مثل قولى، خلق الله له من كل قطرة ملكا يقدسه ويسبحه ويكبره فيكتب الله له ثواب ذلك إلى يوم القيامة.
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Then he<sup>asws</sup> raised his<sup>asws</sup> head towards Muhammad, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O Muhammad! The one who performs his ablution like my<sup>asws</sup> ablution, and says similar to my<sup>asws</sup> speech, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Created for him, for every drop (of water used), an Angel who would Extol His<sup>azwj</sup> Holiness, and Glorify Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and Exclaim His<sup>azwj</sup> Greatness, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Write for him the Rewards of that, up to the Day of Judgement'.<sup>61</sup>

### 46 - ثواب من ذكر اسم الله على طهور

# Chapter 46 – Reward for the one who mentions the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> upon purification

عنه، عن محمد بن أبي المثنى، عن محمد بن حسان السلمى، عن محمد بن جعفر، عن أبيه عليه السلام، قال: من ذكر اسم الله على وضوءه طهر جسده كله، و من لم يذكر اسم الله على وضوءه طهر من جسده ما اصاب به الماء.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 61

From him, from Muhammad Bin Au Al Masny, from Muhammad Bin Hasaan Al Salmy,

(It has been narrated) from Muhammad son of Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his father<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who mentions the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> upon his ablution, all of his body would be purified; and the one who does not mentioned the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> upon his ablution, only that part will be purified upon which water has run.'

وفي رواية ابن مسلم عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: لا يتوضأ الرجل حتى يسمى ويقول قبل أن يمس الماء: أللهم اجعلني من التوابين، واجعلني من المتطهرين، فإذا فرغ من طهوره قال: أشهد أن لا اله الا الله، وأشهد أن محمدا رسول الله عبده ورسوله صلى الله عليه وآله فعندها يستحق المغفرة.

And in a report of Ibn Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The man has not performed the ablution until he Names (Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) and says before he touches the water, 'Our Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Make me to be from the repentant, and Make me to be from the purified ones'. So when he is freed from his cleansing, he says, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and I testify that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> is His<sup>azwj</sup> servant and His<sup>azwj</sup> Rasool<sup>saww</sup>. Thus, during it, he would become deserving of the Forgiveness'. <sup>62</sup>

#### 47 - ثواب الطهر على الطهر

### Chapter 47 – Reward of the cleaning upon the cleaning

عنه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن جده الحسن بن راشد، عن ابن مسلم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: الوضوء بعد الطهور عشر حسنات فتطهروا.

From him, from Al Qasim Bin Yahya, from his grandfather Al Hassan Bin Rashid, from Ibn Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The ablution after the cleaning has ten Rewards, so you become clean'.<sup>63</sup>

#### <u>48 - ثواب من بات على طهر</u>

# Chapter 48 – Reward of the one who spends the night upon the cleanliness

عنه، عن محمد بن علي، عن علي بن الحكم بن مسكين، عن محمد بن كردوس، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من بات على وضوء بات وفراشه مسجده فأن تحفف وصلى ثم ذكر الله لم يسأل الله شيئا الا أعطاه.

From him, from Muhammad in Ali, from Ali Bin Al Hakam Bin Maskeyn, from Muhammad Bin Kardous,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who spends the night upon ablution, and his bed is his prostrating place, so if he fears and Prays, then Remembers Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, he would not ask Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for anything, except that he would be Rewarded by it'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 62

<sup>63</sup> Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 63

وفي رواية حفض بن غياث عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال من آوى إلى فراشه فذكر أنه على غير طهر وتيمم من دثار ثيابه كان في الصلوة ما ذكر الله.

And in a report of Hafs Bin Ghayas,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah has having said: 'The one who goes to his bed, so he remember that he not clean (without ablution), and does 'Tayammum' upon his clothes, would be in the state of 'Prayer' (until morning) as 'ذكر الله' 'remembering; Allah hazwi'. 64

#### 49 - ثواب دخول المسجد

### Chapter 49 – Reward for entering the Masjid

عنه، عن محمد بن عيسى الارمني، عن الحسين بن خالد، عن حماد بن سليمان، عن عبد الله بن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن جده عليهم السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله، قال الله تبارك وتعالى: ان بيوتي في الارض المساجد تضئ لاهل السماء كما تضئ النجوم لاهل الارض، ألا طوبى لمن كانت المساجد بيوته، ألا طوبى لعبد توضأ في بيته ثم زارني في بيتى، ألا ان على المزور كرامة الزائر، الا بشر المشائين في الظلمات إلى المساجد بالنور الساطع يوم القيامة.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Isa Al Armany, from Al Husayn Bin Khalid, from Hamaad Bin Suleyman,

(It has been narrated) from Abdullah son of Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his father<sup>asws</sup>, from his grandfather<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High Said: "My<sup>azwj</sup> Houses in the earth are the Masjids, illuminations for the people of the earth just as the stars illuminate for the people of the sky. Indeed! Blessedness is for the one for whom the Masjids are like his home. Indeed! Blessedness is for a servant who performs his ablution in his house then visits Me<sup>azwj</sup> in My<sup>azwj</sup> House. Indeed! Upon the impersonator is the prestige of the visitor, the person who travels in the darkness to the Masjids (would be) with the shining Light on the Day of Judgement'.<sup>65</sup>

#### 50 - باب الاختلاف إلى المساجد

# Chapter 50 - (The Reward for) The coming and going to the Masjids

عنه، عن الحسن بن الحسين عن يزيد بن هارون، عن العلا بن راشد، عن سعد بن طريف، عن عمير المأمون رضيع الحسن بن علي عليهما السلام، قال: أتيت الحسين بن علي عليهما السلام، فقات له: حدثنى عن جدك رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله؛ قال: نعم، قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من أدمن إلى المسجد أصاب الخصال الثمانية، آية محكمة، أو فريضة مستعملة، أو سنة قائمة، أو علم مستطرف، أو اخ مستفاد، أو كلمة تدله على هدى أو ترده عن ردى، وتركه الذنب خشية أو حياء.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Al Husayn, from Yazeed Bin Haroun, from Al A'la Bin Rashid, from Sa'ad Bin Tareyf, from Umeyr Al Mamoun,

A son of Al-Hassan<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup>, said, 'I came to Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup>, so I said to him<sup>asws</sup>, 'Narrate to me from your<sup>asws</sup> grand-father<sup>saww</sup> Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>'. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Yes. Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who is habitual in going to the Masjid,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 64

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 65

would get eight qualities – A Decisive Verse, or a useful Ordinance, or an established Sunnah, or a practicable knowledge, or a beneficial brother, or a word which would indicate him towards Guidance or repulse him from destruction, and he would leave the sins in fear or in embarrassment'.

وفي رواية ابراهيم بن عبد الحميد عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من أقام في مسجد بعد صلوته انتظارا للصلوة فهو ضيف الله، وحق على الله أن يكرم ضيفه.

And in a report of Ibrahim Bin Abdul Hameed,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who stays in the Masjid after his Prayer, awaiting the (next) Prayer, so he is a guest of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and has a right upon Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for Him<sup>azwj</sup> to be Benevolent to him'.<sup>66</sup>

51 - ثواب الاذان

### Chapter 51 – Reward for the Call to the Prayer (The Azaan)

عنه، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن عبد الله بن سنان، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: كان طول حائط مسجد رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله قامة فكان يقول لبلال إذا أذن: اعل فوق الجدار وارفع صوتك بالاذان، فان الله عزوجل قد وكل بالاذان ريحا ترفعه إلى السماء، فإذا سمعته الملائكة قالوا: هذه أصوات أمة محمد بتوحيد الله فيستغفرون الله لامة محمد حتى يفرغوا من تلك الصلوة.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Mahoub, from Abdullah Bin Sinan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'When the length of the wall of the Masjid of Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> was constructed, he<sup>saww</sup> said to Bilal: 'When you call the *Azaan* from the top of the wall, raise your voice for the *Azaan*, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic has allocated a wind with the *Azaan* which raises it to the sky. So when the Angels hear it, they say: 'This is the voice of the community of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, with the Oneness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so seek Forgiveness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for the community of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> until they are free from that Prayer'. <sup>67</sup>

عنه، عن عبيد بن يحيى بن المغيرة، عن سهل بن سنان، عن سلام المدايني، عن جابر الجعفي، عن محمد بن علي، قال: رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: المؤذن المحتسب كالشاهر بسيفه في سبيل الله، القاتل بين صفين.

From him, from Ubeyd Bin Yahya Bin Al Mugheira, from Sahl Bin Sinan, from Salaam Al Madainy, from Jabir Al Ju'fy,

(It has been narrated) from Muhammad<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The honourable caller (*Muezzin*) is like the brandisher of his sword in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the fighter in between the two rows'.

وقال: من أذن احتسابا سبع سنين جاء يوم القيامة و لا ذنب له.

And he<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who calls (the *Azaan*) honourably for seven years would come on the Day of Judgement and there would be no sin on him'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 66

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 67

وقال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: إذا تغولت لكم الغيلان فأذنوا بأذان الصلوة.

And Rasool-Allah saw said: 'If the devils overcome you, so give the Azaan for the Praver'.

وقال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: يحشر المؤذنون يوم القيامة طوال الاعناق.

And Amir-ul-Momineen asws said: 'The Muezzins would be Resurrected on the Day of Judgement with long necks (without being shameful of carrying sins on their necks)'.68

### 52 - ثواب القول عند سماع الاذان

## Chapter 52 – Reward of the speech during hearing of the Azaan

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، عن جميل بن صالح، عن الحارث البصري، عن أبي - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من سمع المؤذن يقول: " أشهد أن لا إله إلا الله، وأن محمدا رسول الله، أكتفى بها عمن أبي وجحد، وأعين بها من أقر وشهد " كآن له من الاجر مثل عدد من أنكر وجحد، وعدد من أقر واعترف

From him, from Ibn Mahoub, from Jameel Bin Salih, from Al Haris Al Basry,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who hears the Muezzin saying, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allahazwi, and that Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>, it suffices by it from the one who refused and fought against, and silence by it the one who accepts and testifies (as such), would have for him the Recompense like the number of the ones who denied and fought against, and the number of the ones who accepted and admitted'. 69

## 53 - ثواب الجلوس بين الاذان والاقامة

## Chapter 53 - Reward for the seated ones between the Azaan and the Igaama

عنه، عن أبيه، عن سعد ان بن مسلم العامري، عن اسحاق بن ابراهيم - الجريري، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من جلس بين الأذان و الأقامة في المغرب كان كالمتشحط بدمه في سبيل الله.

From him, from his father, from Sa'ad Bin Muslim Al Aamiry, from Is'haq Bin Ibrahim Al Jubeyri,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who sits between (the calls of) the Azaan and the Igamah during the Al-Maghrib (Prayer) would be like the one covered by his own blood in the Way of Allahazwi, 70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 68

<sup>69</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 69 70 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 70

#### 54 - ثواب المصلى

## Chapter 54 – Reward of the Praying one

وفي رواية ابن القداح، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، قال: قال علي عليه السلام: للمصلى ثلاث خصال، ملائكة حافين به من قدميه إلى أعنان السماء والبر ينتثر عليه من رأسه إلى قدمه، وملك عن يمينه وعن يساره، فان التفت قال الرب تبارك وتعالى: إلى خير منى تلتفت يا ابن آدم؟ لو يعلم المصلى من يناجى ما انفتل.

And in a report of Ibn Al Qadah,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Ali<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The Praying one has three qualities – the Angels surround him from his feet to the ceiling of the sky and the righteousness covers him from head to toe; and an Angel from his right and from his left. So when he turns, the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High Says: "It is to the goodness from Me<sup>azwj</sup> that you are turning towards, O son of Adam<sup>as</sup>. If the Praying one knows who is Whispering, he would not turn (never finish his Prayer)'.

وفي رواية جابر عن محمد بن علي قال: إذا استقبل القبلة استقبل الرحمن بوجهه لا اله غيره.

And in a report of Jabir, from Muhammad Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Whenever one faces the Qiblah, he faces the Beneficent by his face, that there is no god apart from Him<sup>azwj,</sup>.71

### 55 - ثواب المصلى للفريضة

# **Chapter 55 – Reward for the one Praying the Obligatory (Prayer)**

عنه، عن موسى بن القاسم عن علي بن جعفر، عن أخيه موسى بن جعفر، عن أبي — عبد الله عليهما السلام، قال: ما من مؤمن يؤدي فريضة من فرائض الله الاكان له عند أداءها دعوة مستجابة.

From him, from Musa Bin Al Qasim,

(It has been narrated) from Ali<sup>asws</sup> son of Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his brother Musa<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'There is none from the Believers who fulfils his Obligation from the Obligations of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, except that for him, in the fulfilment of it, would be an Answered supplication'.<sup>72</sup>

#### 56 - ثواب الدعاء بعد الفريضة

# Chapter 56 - Reward of the supplication after the Obligatory (Prayer)

عنه، عن أبيه، عن صفوان، عن اسحاق بن عمار، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من قال بعد الفريضة من الصلوة قبل أن يزول ركبتيه: " اشهد أن لا اله إلا الله و لا شريك له، الها و احدا أحدا صمدا، لم يتخذ صاحبة و لا ولدا "عشر مرات محا الله عنه أربعين ألف ألف حسنة، وكان مثل من قرأ القرآن اثنى عشر مرة، ثم التفت الى فقال: أما أنا فلا أزول ركبتي حتى أقولها مائة مرة، وأما أنتم فقولوها عشر مرات.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 71

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 72

From him, from his father, from Safwan, from Is'haq Bin Amaar who said,

'Abu Abdullah asws said: 'The one who says after the Obligatory Prayer before relieving his knees, 'I testify that there is no god except for Allahazwi, One with no associates for Himazwi, One god, Eternal, not having Taken a companion or a son' ten times, Allahazwi would Delete from him forty thousand thousand sins, and Allahazwi would Write for him forty thousand thousand Rewards, and he would be like the one who recited the Quran twelve times'. Then he asws faced towards me and said: 'But, I<sup>asws</sup> do not relieve my<sup>asws</sup> knees until I<sup>asws</sup> say it one hundred times, but as for you all, you should be saying it ten times'.73

### 57 - ثواب المحافظة على الصلوة

## Chapter 57 – Rewards of the protector of the Prayer

عنه، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن جميل بن دراج، عن زرارة، عن أبي - جعفر عليه السلام، قال: أيما مؤمن حافظ على صلوة الفريضة فصلاها لوقتها فليس هو من الغاقلين، فإن قرأ فيها بمائة آية فهو من الذاكرين.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Mahoub, from Jameel Bin Daraaj, from Zarara,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Whichever Believer protects over his Obligatory Salat (Prayer), so he Prays it on its time, so he would not be from the heedless ones. So if he were to recite within it one hundred Verses, so he would be from the 'Zakireen' (Those who frequently remember Allah azwj)'. 74

عنه، عن على بن حديد، عن منصور بن يونس، عمن ذكره، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام قال: من صلى صلوة فريضة و عقب إلى أخرى فهو ضيف الله، وحق على الله أن يكرم ضيفه.

From him, from Ali Bin Hadeed, from Mansour Bin Yunus, from the one who mentioned it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who Prays the Obligatory Salat, following up with another, so he is a guest of Allahazwi, and has a right upon Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> would be Benevolent to him'.<sup>75</sup>

### 58 - ثواب الصلوة في جماعة

# Chapter 58 – Reward for the Salat in a congregation

عنه، عن الحسن بن يزيد النوفلي، عن اسماعيل بن أبي زياد السكوني، عن أبي عبد الله، عن آبائه، عن أمير المؤمنين عليهم السلام، قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من صلى الغداة والعشاء الاخرة في جماعة فهو في ذمة الله، فمن ظلمه فأنما بظلم الله، ومن حقره فانما بحقر الله.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Yazeed Al Nowfaly, from Ismail Bin Abu Ziyad Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws from his asws forefathers from Amirul-Momineen asws having said: 'Rasool-Allah saww said: 'The one who Prays the Dawn Prayer and the last evening Prayer in a congregation, so he would be a responsibility

74 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 74 75 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 75

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 73

of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. So the one who is unjust to him would have been unjust to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the one who belittle him would have belittled Allahazwj, 76

### 59 - ثواب صلوة النوافل

## Chapter 59 – Reward for the Optional Prayers

عنه، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن الحسين بن صالح بن حي، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: من توضأ فأحسن الوضوء ثم صلى ركعتين فأتم ركوعها وسجودها ثم جلس فأثنى على الله وصلى على رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله ثم سأل الله حاجته فقد طلب الخير في مظانه ومن طلب الخير في مطانه لم يخب

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Al Husayn Bin Salih Bin Hayy who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah asws saying: 'The one who performs ablution, so he masters the ablution, then Prays two Cycles and completes its bowings and Prostrations, then sits and sends Praises upon Allahazwi and Blessings upon Rasool-Allahsaww, then he asks Allahazwi for his need, so he has sought the goodness the way he is supposed to, and the one who seeks the goodness the way he is supposed to would not be disappointed'.77

### 60 - ثواب قضاء النوافل

## Chapter 60 – Reward of making up for the missed Optional Salat

عنه، عن الحسن بن على بن فضال، عن عاصم بن حميد، قال: قال أبو - عبد الله عليه السلام، ان الرب ليعجب ملائكته من العبد من عبادة، يراه يقضى النافلة فيقول: انظروا إلى عبدى يقضى ما لم أفترض عليه.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Bin Fazaal, from Aasim Bin Hameed who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The Lord<sup>azwj</sup> Astounds His<sup>azwj</sup> Angels from the servant due to his worship, Seeing him making up for the missed Optional Prayers, so He<sup>azwj</sup> Says: "Look at My<sup>azwj</sup> servant! He is making up for what I<sup>azwj</sup> have not (even) Obligated upon him".<sup>78</sup>

#### <u>61 - ثواب صلوة الليل</u>

# Chapter 61 – Reward for the Night Salat

عنه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن جده الحسن بن راشد، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: حدثني أبي، عن جدى، عن آبائه، عن على بن أبى طالب عليهم السلام، قال: قيام الليل مصحة للبدن، ورضى الرب، وتمسك بأخلاق النبيين، و تعرض للرحمة.

From him, from Al Qasim in yahya, from his grandfather Al Hassan Bin Rashid, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'My<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> narrated to me<sup>asws</sup>, from my<sup>asws</sup> grandfather<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> forefathers<sup>asws</sup>, from Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Abu Talibasws having said: 'The establishing of the Night Prayer is healthy for the

77 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 77 8 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 78

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 76

body, and a Pleasure of the Lord azwj, and you would be attaching yourself to the morals of the Prophets<sup>as</sup> and be subjected to the Mercy'.

وفي رواية يعقوب بن يزيد، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: كذب من زعم أنه يصلى صلوة الليل وهو يجوع، ان صلُّوة الليل تضمن رزق النهار. وقال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله من صلى بالليل حسن وجهه بالنهار.

And in a report of Yagoub Bin Yazeed,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'He has lied, the one who claims that he Prayed the Night Prayer, and he starves. The Night Prayer guarantees the sustenance of the day. And Rasool-Allah saww said: 'The one who Prays the Night Prayer would have a beautiful face during the day'. 79

#### 62 - ثواب استغفار الوتر

## Chapter 62 – Reward for the seeking Forgiveness during *Al-Witr* (Prayer)

عنه، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن حماد، عن عمر بن يزيد، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من قال في آخر الوتر: " أستغفر الله ربي وأتوب إليه " سبعين مرة ودام على ذلك سنة كتب من المستغفرين بالاسحار.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Hamaad, from Umar Bin Yazeed,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Adullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who says at the end of *Al-Witr* (Prayer), 'I seek Forgiveness of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and repent to Him<sup>azwj,</sup> – seventy times, and persists upon that for a year, would be written as being from the Forgiven ones by the morning'.80

#### 63 - ثواب استغفار السحر

# Chapter 63 – Reward for the seeking of Forgiveness at dawn

عنه، عن عباس بن الفضل، عن ابر اهيم بن محمد، عن موسى بن سابق، عن جعفر، عن أبيه عليهما السلام، قال: ان الله إذا أراد أن يعذب أهل الارض بعذاب قال لو لا الذين يتحابون في حلالي، ويعمرون مساجدي، ويستغفرون بالاسحار، لانزلت عذابي.

From him, from Abbas Bin Al Fazal, from Ibrahim Bin Muhammad, from Musa Bin Sabig,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far sws, from his saws father saws having said: 'When Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Intends to Punish the people of the earth with a Punishment, Says: 'Had it not been for those who love to be in Myazwi Permissibles, and populating Myazwi Masjids, and seeking forgiveness at dawn, Myazwj Punishment would have descended'.81

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 79

<sup>80</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 80 81 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 81

### <u> 64 - ثواب اجلال القبلة </u>

## Chapter 64 – Reward for respecting the Qiblah

عنه، عن أبيه، عن الحراث بن بهرام، عن عمرو بن جميع، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من بال حذاء القبلة ثم ذكر وانحرف عنها اجلالا القبلة وتعظيما لها لم يقم من مقعده حتى يغفر له.

From him, from his father, from Al Haris Bin Bahram, from Amro Bin Jami'e who said,

'Rasool-Allah saww said: 'The one who keeps his shoes towards the Qiblah, then remembers and removes them from it in respect for the Qiblah and reverence for it, would not stand from his seating, until he is Forgiven'.82

#### 65 - ثواب توقير المساجد

## Chapter 65 – Reward for the reverence of the Masjids

عنه، عن الحسين بن يزيد النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن على عليهم السلام، قال: من وقر مسجدا لقي الله يوم بلقاه ضاحكا مستبشر ا، و أعطاه كتابه بيمينه.

From him, from Al Husayn Bin Yazeed Al Nowfaly,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who revered a Masjid would meet Allah on the Day that he would meet Him<sup>azwj</sup>, smiling, joyful, and would be Given his book (of deeds) in his right hand'.

وقال صلى الله عليه وآله: من رد ريقه تعظيما لحق المسجد جعل الله ذلك قوة في بدنه، وكتب له بها حسنة، وحط عنه بها سيئة وقال: لا تمر بداء في جوفه الا أبرأته

And he saw said: 'The one who swallows his saliva in the Masjid (instead of spitting in the Masjid- out of respect), Allahazwj would Make that to be a strength for his body, and Write for him a Reward for it, and reduce an evil due to it'. And he saww said: 'It would not pass a disease inside of his body, but would cure it'.83

#### 66 - ثواب الصلوة في بيت المقدس

# Chapter 66 – Reward for the Salat in Bayt Al-Magdas

عنه، عن النو فلي، عن السكوني، باسناده، عن على عليه السلام، قال: الصلوة في بيت المقدس ألف صلوة.

From him, from Al Nowfal, from Al Sakuny, by his chain,

(It has been narrated) from Aliasws having said: 'The Salat in Bayt Al-Maqdas (equates to) a thousand Prayers'.84

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 82

<sup>83</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 83 84 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 84

#### 67 - ثواب بناء المساجد

## Chapter 67 – Reward for building a Masjid

عنه، عن أبيه عن أحمد بن داود المزني قال: حدثنى هاشم الخلال، قال: دخلت أنا وأبو الصباح الكنانى، على أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، فقال له: يا أبا الصباح، ما تقول في هذه المساجد التي بنتها الحاج في طريق مكة؟ فقال بخ بخ تيك افضل المساجد، من بنى مسجدا كمفحص قطاة بنى الله له بيتا في الجنة.

From him, from his father, from Ahmad Bin Dawood Al Mazny, from Hashim Al Khalal who said,

'I and Abu Al-Sabah Al-Kanany came up to Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, so he<sup>asws</sup> said to him: 'O Abu Al-Sabah! What are you saying regarding these Masjids which the Pilgrims have built on the way to Makkah?' So he said, 'Yes, yes, these Masjids are preferable – the one who builds a Masjid like a grouse bird, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would build for him a house in the Paradise'.

وفي رواية أبي عبيدة الحذاء، قال: بينا أنا بين مكة والمدينة أضع الاحجار كما يضع الناس، فقلت له، هذا من ذلك؟ - قال: نعم

And in a report of Ubeydal Al Haza'a, said, 'I was in between Makkah and Al-Medina, there were as many stones as there were people, so I said to him<sup>asws</sup>, 'This is from that?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Yes'.<sup>85</sup>

### 68 - ثواب مسجد الكوفة وفضله

## Chapter 68 – Reward of (Praying in) Masjid Al-Kufa and its merits

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان الكندى، عن محمد بن زياد، عن هارون بن خارجة، قال: قال لى أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: كم بينك وبين مسجد الكوفة؟ يكون ميلا؟ - قلت: لا، قال: أفتصلي فيه الصلوة كلها؟ - قلت: لا، قال أما أنا لو كنت حاضرا بحضرته لرجوت ان لا تفوتنى فيه صلوة، أو تدري ما فضل ذلك الموضع؟ ما من نبي ولا عبد صالح الا وقد صلى في مسجد الكوفة حتى أن رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله لما أسرى به إلى السماء قال له جبرئيل: أتدرى أين أنت يا محمد؟ أنت الساعة مقابل مسجد كوفان، قال فاستأذن لى، فأصلى فيه ركعتين، فنزل فصلى فيه،

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan Al Kindy, from Muhammad Bin Ziyad, from Haroun Bin Kaharjat who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said to me: 'How much is in between you and Masjid Al-Kufa? Would it be a mile?' I said, 'No'. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Do you Pray all the Prayers within it?' I said, 'No'. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'But, if I<sup>asws</sup> was present near it, I<sup>asws</sup> would have hoped that my<sup>asws</sup> Prayers would not be missed to be within it. Do you know the merit of that place? There is none from a Prophet<sup>as</sup>, nor a righteous servant except that he Prayed in Masjid Al-Kufa, to the extent that when Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> ascended to the sky, Jibraeel<sup>as</sup> said to him<sup>saww</sup>: 'Do you<sup>saww</sup> know where you<sup>asws</sup> are, O Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>? At the moment you<sup>saww</sup> are facing Masjid Al-Kufa'. He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Call the *Azaan* for me<sup>saww</sup> so that I<sup>saww</sup> can Pray two Cycles in it'. So he<sup>saww</sup> descended and Prayed in it.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 85

وان مقدمه لروضة من رياض الجنة، وميمنته وميسرته لروضة من رياض الجنة، وان وسطه لروضة من رياض الجنة، وان مؤخره لروضة من رياض الجنة، والصلوة فيه بالف صلوة، والنافلة فيه بخمس مأته صلوة

And preceding it is a Garden from the Gardens of the Paradise, and upon its right and its left are Gardens from the Gardens of the Paradise. And in the middle of it is a Garden from the Gardens of the Paradise, and at the end of it is a Garden from the Gardens of the Paradise. And the (Obligatory) Salat within it (equates to) a thousand Prayers, and the Optional Salat within it (equates to) five hundred Prayers'.<sup>86</sup>

#### 69 - ثواب من قم مسجدا

## Chapter 69 – Reward for the one who stays in a Masjid

عنه، عن محمد بن تسنيم، عن العباس بن عامر، عن ابن بكير، عن سلام بن غانم، عن أبي عبد الله أو عمن رواه عن أبي عبد الله عليه واله: من قم مسجدا كتب الله له عتق رقبة، ومن أخرج منه ما يقذى عينا كتب الله له كفلين من رحمته.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Tasneem, from Al Abbas in Aamir, from Ibn Bakeyr, from Salaam Bi Gaanam,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> or from the one who reported it, from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who stays (spends the night) in a Masjid, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Writes for him (the Reward of) the freeing of a slave; and the one who comes out from it with a speck of dust in his eye, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Writes for him two portions of His<sup>azwj</sup> Mercy'.<sup>87</sup>

## 70 - ثواب من سرج في مسجد

# Chapter 70 – Reward for the one who lights a lamp in a Masjid

عنه، عن محمد بن علي، عن اسحاق بن بشير الكاهلي، عن الحكم بن مسكين، عن رجل، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من سرج في مسجد من مساجد الله لم تزل الملائكة وحملة العرش يسبحون له ما دام في ذلك المسجد ضوء من ذلك السر اج

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Is'haq Bin Basheer Al Kahily, from Al Hakam Bin Maskeyn, from a man who said,

'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who lights a lamp in a Masjid from the Masjids of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Angels and the bearers of the Throne do not cease to Glorify (Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) on his behalf for as long as that illumination is in that Masjid from that lantern'.<sup>88</sup>

## 71 - ثواب الصلوة في مسجد القبيلة

# Chapter 71 - Rewards for the Prayer in Masjid Al-Qabeyla

عنه، عن النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن علي عليهم - السلام، قال: الصلوة في مسجد القبيلة خمس وعشرون صلوة.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 86

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 87

<sup>88</sup> Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 88

From him, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prayer in Masjid Al-Qabeyla (equates to) twenty five Prayers'. <sup>89</sup>

#### 72 - ثواب الصلوة في المسجد الاعظم

## Chapter 72 – Reward for the Prayer in Al Masjid Al-A'azam

عنه، عن النوفلي عن السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن علي عليهم - السلام، قال: الصلوة في المسجد الاعظم مائة صلوة.

From him, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Salat in Al-Masjid Al-A'azam (equates to) one hundred Prayers'.<sup>90</sup>

### 73 - ثواب الصلوة في مسجد السوق

## Chapter 73 - Reward for Salat in Masjid A Sowq

عنه، عن النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن علي عليهم - السلام، قال: الصلوة في مسجد السوق اثنا عشر صلوة.

From him, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prayer in Masjid Al Sowq (equates to) twelve Prayers'.<sup>91</sup>

# 74 - ثواب فضل يوم الجمعة

# Chapter 74 – Reward for the preference of the day of Friday

عنه، عن عبد الله بن محمد، عن ابر اهيم بن عبد الحميد، عن الحسين بن جعفر، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان الحور العين يؤذن لهم يوم الجمعة، فيشرفون على الدنيا، فيلقن اين الذين يخطبونا إلى ربنا؟

From him, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad, from Ibrahim Bin Abdul Hameed, from Al Husayn Bin Ja'far,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Maiden Houries are Given permission on the day of Friday, so they turn their attention towards the world, so they glance and say: 'Where are the ones who would speak about us (for marriage) to our Lord<sup>azwj</sup>?'<sup>92</sup>

عنه، عن أبيه، عن الحسن بن يوسف، عن المفضل بن صالح، عن محمد بن على، قال: ليلة الجمعه ليلة غراء ويومها يوم أزهر، وليس على الارض يوم تغرب فيه الشمس أكثر معتقا فيه من النار من يوم الجمعة.

90 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 90

<sup>89</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 89

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 91

<sup>92</sup> Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 92

From him, from his father, from Al Hassan Bin Yusuf, from Al Mufazzal Bin Salih,

(It has been narrated) from Muhammadasws Bin Aliasws having said: 'The night of Friday is a night of honour, and its day is a day of blossoming (happiness), and there is no day upon the earth in which the sun sets in which more (people) are emancipated from the Fire than the day of Friday'. 93

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، رفعه قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: إن المؤمن ليدعو فيؤخر الله حاجته التي سأل إلى يوم الجمعة ليخصه بفضل يوم الجمعة

From him, from Ibn Mahoub, raising it, said,

'Abu Abdullah asws said: 'The Believer supplicates, but Allah Delays (Answering) his need which he has asked for, up to the day of Friday, in order to Specialise it with the merits of the day of Friday'.

وقال: من مات يوم الجمعة كتب الله له براءة من ضغطة القبر

And he saws said: 'The one who dies on the day of Friday, Allah would Write for him freedom from squeezing of the grave'. 94

#### 75 - باب ثواب العمل يوم الجمعة

## Chapter 75 – Rewards for the deed on the day of Friday

أحمد، عن عبد الله بن محمد، عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر، قال: كان على عليه السلام يقول: أكثروا المسألة في يوم الجمعة والدعاء، فإن فيه ساعات يستجاب فيها الدعاء والمسألة ما لم تدعوا يقطيعة، أو معصية، أو عقوق، واعلموا أن الخير والشر يضاعفان يوم الجمعة.

Ahmad, from Abfullah Bin Muhammad, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir having said,

Ali<sup>asws</sup> was saying: 'Frequent in asking during the day of Friday, and the supplication. for therein is a time in which the supplication is Answered and questions (asking for the need) what you did no supplicate for due to cut-off, or disobedience, or ingratitude. And know, that the good and evil both get multiplied on the day of Friday'.95

وعنه، عن أبيه، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن حماد بن عثمان، أنه سأل أبا - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: أخبرنا عن أفضل الاعمال بوم الجمعة، فقال: الصلوة على محمد وآل محمد مائة مرة بعد العصر، وما زدت فهو افضل

And from him, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hamaad Bin Usman,

(I) asked Abu Abdullah asws, 'Inform us about the merits of the deeds on the day of Friday'. So he said: 'The sending of 'Salawaat' upon Muhammad and the Progenyasws of Muhammadsaww, one hundred times after 'Al-Asr' (afternoon), and whatever you increase, so it is more preferable'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 93

<sup>94</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 94 95 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 95

وفي حديث آخر رواه عبد الله بن سنان وابن اسماعيل، عن أخيه، عن أحدهما عليهما السلام، قال: إذا صليت يوم الجمعة فقل: " اللهم صل على محمد وآل محمد، الاوصياء المرضيين بأفضل صلواتك، وبارك عليهم بأفضل بركاتك، والسلام عليه وعليهم، وعلى أرواحهم وأجسادهم ورحمة الله و بركاته " كتب الله له مائة ألُّف حسنة، ومحا عنه مائة ألف سيئة، وقضى له بها مائة ألف حاجة، ورفع له بها مائة ألف درجة.

And in another Hadeeth, it has been reported from Abdullah Bin Sinan, and Ibn Ismail, from his brother,

(It has been narrated) from one of them<sup>asws</sup> (5<sup>th</sup> or 6<sup>th</sup> Imam<sup>asws</sup>) having said: 'When you Pray on the day of Friday, so say, 'Our Allahazwi! Send Salawaat upon Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, the successors<sup>asws</sup> You<sup>azwj</sup> are Pleased with, with the highest of Your Salawaat, and Bless them with the highest of Your azwj Blessing, and the Greetings upon them and to them, and upon their souls and their bodies, and the Mercy of Allahazwi and Hisazwi Blessings' -Allahazwi would Write for him one hundred thousand Rewards, and Delete from him one hundred thousand sins, and Fulfil for him one hundred thousand of his needs, and Raise for him, due to it, one hundred thousand Levels'. 96

وعنه، عن الحسين بن يزيد النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه عليهما السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من صلى على يوم الجمعة ايمانا واحتسابا استأنف العمل

And from him, from Al Husayn Bin Yazeed Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who invokes *Salawaat* upon me<sup>saww</sup> on the day of Friday, out of faith and anticipation would have recommenced the deed (start afresh)'.97

و عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن العلابن رزين، عن محمد بن مسلم، عن أبي - جعفر عليه السلام، قال ان الصدقة بوم الجمعة تضاعف، وكان أبو جعفر عليه السلام بتصدق بدبنار

And from him, from Ibn Fazaal, from Al A'ala Bin Razeyn, from Muhammad Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'The charity on the day of Friday is doubled (multiplied)'. And Abu Ja'far used to give a Dinar in charity on the day of Friday'.98

#### 76 - باب ثواب الصلوة بين الجمعتين

# Chapter 76 – Reward for the Prayer in between the two Fridays

عنه، عن الحسين بن يزيد النوفلي عن اسماعيل بن أبي زياد السكوني، عن جعفر، عن أبيه عليهما السلام، قال: قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله: من صلى ما بين الجمعتين خمس مائة صلوة فله عند الله ما يتمنى من الخير.

From him, from Al Husayn Bin Yazeed Al Nowfaly, from Ismail Bin Abu Ziyad Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far asws, from his saws father having said: 'The Prophet<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who Prays five hundred Prayers what is in between two

97 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 97 98 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 98

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 96

Fridays, so for him would be what he hoped for from the goodness, in the Presence of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, <sup>99</sup>

## 77 - باب من مات يوم الجمعة أو ليلتها

# Chapter 77 – Reward of the one who dies on the day of Friday or its night

عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن المفضل بن صالح، عن سعد بن طريف، عن أبي – جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من مات ليلة الجمعة كتب له برائة من عذاب النار، ومن مات يوم الجمعة أعتق من النار.

From him, from Ibn Fazaal, from Al Mufazzal Bin Salih, from Sa'ad Bin Tareyf,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who dies on the night of Friday, there would be Written for him freedom from the Punishment of the Fire, and the one who dies on the day of Friday, would be Emancipated from the Fire'.

وقال أبو جعفر عليه السلام: بلغني أن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله قال: من مات يوم الجمعة أو ليلة الجمعة رفع عنه عذاب القبر.

And Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> said: 'It has reached me<sup>asws</sup> that the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who dies on the day of Friday or the night of Friday, the Punishment of the grave is Lifted from him'.<sup>100</sup>

## 78 - ثواب من تولى آل محمد

# Chapter 78 – Reward for the one who has the Wilayah of the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن بكر بن صالح، عن أبي الحسن الرضا عليه السلام، قال: من سره أن ينظر إلى الله بغير حجاب وينظر الله إليه بغير حجاب فليتول آل محمد، و ليتبرأ من عدوهم، وليأتم بامام المؤمنين منهم فانه إذا كان يوم القيامة نظر الله إليه بغير حجاب ونظر إلى الله بغير حجاب.

From him, from Bakr Bin Salih,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Reza<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Whoever would like that he should look towards Allah<sup>azwj</sup> without a veil and that He<sup>azwj</sup> should look at him without a Veil, so he should adhere to the Wilayah of the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, and disassociate (Tabarra) from their<sup>asws</sup> enemies, and follows an Imam<sup>asws</sup> of the Believers from among them<sup>asws</sup>, so when it will be the Day of Judgement, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Look at him without a Veil, and he would look towards Allah<sup>azwj</sup> without a veil'.<sup>101</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 99

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 101

### 79 - ثواب من مات بغير ولاية ال محمد

# Chapter 79 – The Reward (Recompense) of the one who dies without the Wilayah of the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن عبيس، عن جعفر العبدي، عن أبي سعيد الخدري، قال: سمعت رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله يقول: لو أن عبدا عبد الله ألف عام ما بين الركن والمقام، ثم ذبح كما يذبح الكبش مظلوما لبعثه الله مع النفر الذين يقتدى بهم وبهداهم ويسير بسيرتهم، ان جنة فجنة وان نارا فنار.

From him, from Al Qasim Bin Yahya, from Ubeys, from Ja'far Al Abady, from Abu Saeed Al Khudry who said,

'I heard Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> saying: 'Even if a servant were to worship for a thousand years in between *Al-Rukn* and *Al-Maqaam* (by the Kabah), then is slaughter just as the sheep is slaughtered as an oppressed one, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Resurrect him with the persons whom he followed by their guidance and walked upon their ways – if to the Paradise, so to the Paradise, and if Fire, so to the Fire'.<sup>102</sup>

### 80 - ثواب من أحب آل محمد

# Chapter 80 – Reward for the one who loves the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن جده الحسن بن راشد، عن المفضل بن عمر، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من أحبنا أهل البيت وحقق حبنا في قلبه، وجدد له عمل سبعين نبيا وسبعين صديقا وسبعين شهيدا وعمل سبعين عابدا عبد الله سبعين سنة.

From him, from Al Qasim Bin Yahya, from his grandfather Al Hassan Bin Rashid, from Al Mufazal Bin Umar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who loves us<sup>asws</sup>, the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household, and truly loves us<sup>asws</sup> in his heart, fountains of wisdom would flow from his tongue, and the faith would be renewed in his heart, and there would be renewed for him the deeds (equivalent to those) of seventy Prophets<sup>as</sup>, and seventy Truthful ones, and seventy martyrs, and the deeds of seventy worshippers worshipping Alllah<sup>azwj</sup> for seventy years'.<sup>103</sup>

عنه، عن محمد بن عبد الحميد، عن جماعة، عن بشر بن غالب الاسدي، قال: حدثنى الحسين بن علي عليهما السلام، قال: قال لي: يا بشر بن غالب، من أحبنا لا يحبنا الا الله، جئنا نحن وهو كهاتين، وقدر بين سبابتيه، ومن أحبنا لا يحبنا الا للذنيا فانه إذا قام قائم العدل وسع عدله البر والفاجر.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Abdul Hameed, from a group, from Bishr Bin Ghalib Al Asady,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup>, said, 'He<sup>asws</sup> said to me: 'O Bishr Bin Ghalib! The one who loves us<sup>asws</sup>, not loving us<sup>asws</sup> except (for the sake of) Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, we<sup>asws</sup> would come together, us<sup>asws</sup> and him, like these two' – and he<sup>asws</sup> placed both his<sup>asws</sup> forefingers together – 'And the one who loves us<sup>asws</sup>, not loving

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 102

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 103

us asws except for the (sake of the) world, so when Al-Qaim establishes his asws justice, his<sup>asws</sup> justice would extend to the righteous and (as well as) the immoral. 104

### 81 - ثواب مودة آل محمد

## Chapter 81 – Reward for having the cordiality for the Progeny of **M**uhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، قال: حدثني خلاد المقرى، عن قيس بن الربيع، عن ليث بن أبي - سليمان، عن ابن أبي ليلي، عن الحسن بن على عليهما السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: الزموا مودتنا أهل البيت فانه من لقى الله وهو يودنا أهل البيت دخل الجنة بشفاعتنا، والذي نفسى بيده لا ينتفع عبد بعمله الا بمعرفة حقنا.

From him, from Khalaad Al Magry, from Qays Bin Al Rabi'e, from Lays Bin Abu Suleyman, from Ibn Abu Layli,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Hassan<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Necessitate (upon yourselves) the cordiality for usassws, the People saws of the Household, for the one who meets Allah azwj and he asws had been cordial with us asws the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household, would enter the Paradise by our<sup>asws</sup> intercession. By the One<sup>azwj</sup> in Whose Hand is my<sup>asws</sup> soul, a servant would not benefit by his deeds except by having recognised our<sup>asws</sup> rights'.<sup>105</sup>

### 82 - ثواب من استشهد مع آل محما

# Chapter 82 - Reward for the one who is martyred with the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن اسماعيل بن اسحاق، عن الحسن بن الحسين، عن سعد بن خثيم، عن محمد بن القاسم، عن زيد بن على عليهما السلام، قال: من استشهد معنا أهل البيت له سبع رقوات، قيل: وما سبع رقوات؟ - قال: سبع درجات ويشفع في سبعين من

From him, from Ismail Bin Is'haq, from Al Hassan Bin Al Husayn, from Sa'ad Bin Khaseym, from Muhammad Bin Al Qasim,

(It has been narrated) from Zayd son of Aliasws, he asws having said: 'The one who is martyred with us<sup>asws</sup>, the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household, for him would be seven 'Raqwaat'. It was said, 'And what are seven 'Raqwaat?' He<sup>asws</sup> said. 'Levels where he would intercede for seventy of his family members'. 106

# 83 - ثواب من ذكر أل محمد

## Chapter 83 – Reward for the one who remembers the Progeny of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن جده، عن ابن مسلم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: ذكرنا أهل البيت شفاء من الوعك و الاسقام و وسواس الربب، وحبنا رضى الرب تبارك و تعالى.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 104

<sup>105</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 105 106 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 106

From him, from Al Qasim Bin Yahya, from his grandfather, from Ibn Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Remembering us<sup>asws</sup>, the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household is a healing from the fever and the persistent uncertainty and the doubt, and love for us<sup>asws</sup> is Pleasure of the Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, Blessed and High'.<sup>107</sup>

#### 84 - ثواب النظر إلى آل محمد

# Chapter 84 – Reward of looking at the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن محمد بن علي، عن الصائغ، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: النظر إلى آل محمد عبادة.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Al Sa'ig,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Looking at the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> is worship'.<sup>108</sup>

## 85 - ثواب صلة آل محمد

# Chapter 85 – Reward for maintaining good relations with the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن أبيه، عن القاسم بن محمد، عن أبي حمزة، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: إذا كان يوم القيامة جمع الله الاولين والآخرين فينادي مناد: من كانت له عند رسول الله يد فليقم، فيقوم عنق من الناس، فيقول: ما كانت ايديكم عند رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله؟ - فيقولون: كنا نصل أهل بيته من بعده، فيقال لهم: اذهبوا فطوفوا في الناس، فمن كانت له عندكم يد فخذ وابيده فادخلوه في الجنة.

From him, from his father, from Al Qasim Bin Muhammad, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'When it will be the Day of Judgement, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Gather the former ones and the later ones, so a Caller would Call out: 'The one who had a hand (favour) upon Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>, so he should stand up'. So there would stand up a group from the people. So (the Caller) would be saying: 'What were your hands (favours) upon Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>?' So they would be saying: 'We used to invoke *Salawaat* upon the People<sup>asws</sup> of his<sup>saww</sup> Household from after him<sup>saww</sup>. So it would be said to them: 'Go and circle among the people, so the one who had a hand (favour) upon you, so take him by the hand and enter him into the Paradise'.

وقال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من وصلنا وصل رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله، ومن وصل رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله فقد وصل الله تيارك و تعالى.

And Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who maintains (good) relations with us<sup>asws</sup>, maintains relations with Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>; and the one who maintains relations with Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> so he has maintained relations with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High'. <sup>109</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 107

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 108

### 86 - ثواب من دمعت عينه في آل م

## Chapter 86 - Reward for the one who has tears in his eyes regarding the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن يعقوب بن يزيد، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، عن بكر بن محمد، عن فضيل بن يسار، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من ذكرنا عنده، ففاضت عيناه ولو مثل جناح النباب، غفر الله ذنوبه ولو كانت مثل زبد البحر.

From him, from Yagoub Bin Yazeed, from Muhammad Bin Abu Umeyr, from Bakr Bin Muhammad, from Fazeyl Bin Yasaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one in whose presence we<sup>asws</sup> are mentioned, so his eyes overflow (with tears) even though it may be like the wing of a the flies, Allahazwi would Forgive his sins even though they may be like the foam of the sea'. 110

### 87 - ثواب من اصطنع إلى آل محمد يدا

## Chapter 87 - Reward for the one who lends a helping hand to the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>

عنه، عن محمد بن على الصيرفي، عن عيسى بن عبد الله العلوى، عن أبيه، عن جده، عن على بن أبي طالب عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من اصطنع إلى أحد من أهل بيتي يدا كافيته يوم القيامة.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Al Al Sayrafi, from Isa Bin Abdullah Al Alawy, from his father, from his grandfather,

(It has been narrated) from Aliasws Bin Abu Talibasws having said: 'Rasool-Allahasww said: 'The one who lends a helping hand to anyone from the People asws of my saww Household, it would be sufficient for him on the Day of Judgement'. 111

#### 88 - ثواب الحج

# Chapter 88 – Reward for the Hajj

عنه، عن يحيى بي ابر اهيم، عن أبيه، عن معاوية بن عمار، عن أبي - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: الحاج حملانه وضمانه على الله، فإذا دخل المسجد الحرام وكل به ملكان يحفظان عليه طوافه وسعيه، فإذا كانت عشية عرفة ضربا على منكبه الايمن، ثم يقولان: يا هذا أما ما مضى فقد كفيته، فانظر كيف تكون فيما تستقبل.

From him, from Yahya Abu Ibrahim, from his father, from Muawiya Bin Amaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'During the Hajj, his protect and care of the Pilgrim is upon Allahazwj. So when he enters the Sacred Masjid, two Angels are allocated to him, preserving for him his circumambulation and his Sa'ee. So when it is the eve of Arafaat, they hit upon his right shoulder and say: 'O you! As

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 109

<sup>110</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 110 111 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 111

for what has passed, so it has sufficed for you (your sins have been Forgiven), therefore look at what you would become in the future'. 112

#### 89 - ثواب التجهز للحج

## Chapter 89 – Reward for the preparation for the Hajj

عنه، عن يحيى بن ابراهيم، عن معاوية بن عمار، عن أبي عبد الله عليه - السلام، قال: قال أبو جعفر عليه السلام: ان العبد المؤمن إذا أخذ في جهازه لم يرفع قدما ولم يضع قدما الاكتب الله له بها حسنة، حتى إذا استقل لم يرفع بعيره خفا ولم يضع خفا الا كتب الله له بها حسنة، حتى إذا قضى حجه مكث ذا الحجة ومحرما وصفراً يكتب له الحسنات ولا يكتب عليه السيئات الا أن يأتي بكبيرة.

From him, from Yahya Bin Ibrahim, from Muawiya Bin Amaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Abu Ja'far said: 'When the believing servant begins his preparation (for Hajj), neither does he raise his step nor places his step except that Allahazwi Writes a Reward for him due to it, to the extent that he does not put on his camel slippers or places his camel slippers except that Allahazwi Writes a Reward for him due to it; until when he fulfils his Hajj and remains Zilhajj, and Muharram, and Safar, Rewards are Written for him and the sins are not Written for him, unless he commits a major sin'. 113

### 90 - ثواب النفقة في الحج

## Chapter 90 - Reward of the expenditure regarding the Hajj

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن الحسين بن عمرو، عن أبيه، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: لو كان لاحدكم مثل أبي قبيس ذهب ينفقه في سبيل الله ما عدل الحج، ولدر هم ينفقه الحاج يعدل ألفي ألف در هم في سبيل الله.

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan, from Al Husayn Bin Amro, from his father,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Even if one of you were to spend gold in the Way of Allah azwi like the mountain of Qubays it would not equate the Haji, and a single Dirham the Pilgrim spends in the Hajj equates to a thousand thousand Dirhams in the Way of Allah azwj, 114

# 91 - ثواب من وصل قريبا بحجة وعمرة أو اشركه في حجة مع ثواب الاحرام

## Chapter 91 – Reward for the one who arrives early for the Hajj and the Umrah, or included in Hajj with the Reward of the Ihraam

عنه، عن الحسن بن على الوشاء، عن المثنى بن راشد الحناط، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ان المسلم إذا خرج إلى هذا الوجه يحفظ الله عليه نفسه وأهله، حتى إذا انتهى إلى المكان الذي يحرم فيه، وكل ملكان يكتبان له أثره ويضربان على منكبه ويقولان: أما ما مضى فقد غفر لك ذلك، فاستأنف العمل.

From him, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Al Washa, from Al Masny Bin Rashid Al Hanaat, from Abu Baseer,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 112

<sup>113</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 113 114 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 114

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'When the Muslim goes out to this direction (Hajj), Allahazwj Protects him and his family, until when he ends up to the place in which he wears the *Ihraam*, two Angels get Allocated to him, to follow him, and they strike him upon his shoulder and say: 'As for what is past, so that has been Forgiven for you, therefore resume the (good) deeds'. 115

### 92 - ثواب التلبية

## Chapter 92 – Reward of the *Talbiyyah*

عنه، عن يعقوب بن يزيد، عن ابن أبي عمير وابن فضال، عن رجال شتى، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: من لبي في احرامه سبعين مرة احتسابا أشهد الله له ألف ملك ببراءة من النار، وبراءة من النفاق.

From him, from Yagoub Bin Yazeed, from Ibn Abu Umeyr and Ibn Fazaal, from various men,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who exclaims *Talbiyya* (Here I am Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, here I am!) seventy times in anticipation whilst being in his Ihraam, Allahazwi Testifies for him with a thousand Angels, freedom from the Fire, and freedom from the hypocrisy'. 116

#### 93 - ثواب الطواف

## Chapter 93 – Reward for the circumambulation

عنه، عن أبيه، عن الحسن بن يوسف، عن زكريا، عن على بن ميمون الصائغ، قال: قدم رجل على أبي الحسن عليه السلام، فقال (ع) له: قدمت حاجا؟ - فقال: نعم فقال: تدرى ما للحاج؟ - قال: قات: لا، قال: من قدم حاجا وطاف بالبيت وصلى ركعتين، كتب الله له سبعين ألف حسنة، ومحا عنه سبعين ألف سيئة وشفع في سبعين ألف حاجة وكتب له عتق سبعین رقبة، كل رقبة عشرة آلاف در هم

From him, from his father, from Al Hassan Bin Yusuf, from Zakariyya, from Ali Bin Maymoun Al Sa'ig who said,

'A man came to Abu Al-Hassan<sup>asws</sup>, so he<sup>as</sup> said to him: 'You have offered the Hajj?' So he said, 'Yes'. So he asws said: 'Do you know what is the Hajj?' He said, 'No'. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The man who goes to Hajj, and circumambulates the House, and Prays two Cycles, Allahazwj Writes for him seventy thousand Rewards, and Deletes seventy thousand sins from him, and Accepts the intercession for seventy thousand needs, and Writes for him the emancipation of seventy slaves, each emancipation being of ten thousand Dirhams'. 117

Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 115

<sup>116</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 116 117 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 117

#### 94 - ثواب استلام الركن

# Chapter 94 – Reward for submitting to (touching with respect) *Al-Rukn*

عنه، عن موسى بن القاسم، عن علي بن جعفر، عن محمد بن مسلم عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: استلموا الركن فانه يمين الله في خلقه، يصافح بها خلقه مصافحة العبد ويشهد لمن وافاه.

From him, from Musa Bin Al Qasim, from Ali Bin Ja'far, from Muhammad Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Submit to (touch with respect) Al-Rukn, for it is the Right Hand of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> among His<sup>azwj</sup> creatures. He<sup>azwj</sup> Shakes hands by it with His<sup>azwj</sup> creatures, like the shaking of the hands of the people, and it Testifies for the one who is loyal to it'. <sup>118</sup>

#### <u>95 - ثواب السعى</u>

## Chapter 95 – Reward for Al-Sa'ee

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، عن علي بن رئاب، عن محمد بن قيس، عن أبي - جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال النبي صلى الله عليه وآله لرجل من الانصار: إذا سعيت بين الصفا والمروة كان لك عند الله أجر من حج ماشيا من بلاده ومثل أجر من أعتق سبعين رقية مؤمنة.

From him, from Ibn Mahoub, from Ali Bin Ra'ib, from Muhammad Bin Qays,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Prophet<sup>saww</sup> said to a man from the Helpers: 'When you perform *Al-Sa'ee* in between Al-Safa and Al-Marwa, there would be for you, in the Presence of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, a Recompense of the one who performed Hajj having walked from his country, and like a Recompense of the one who emancipated seventy Believing slaves'.<sup>119</sup>

#### 96 - ثواب الوقوف بعرفات

# Chapter 96 - Reward for the pausing at Arafaat

عنه، عن يحيى بن ابراهيم، عن أبيه، عن معاوية بن عمار، عن أبي - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال علي بن الحسين عليهما السلام: أما علمت أنه إذا كان عشية عرفة برز الله في ملائكته إلى سماء الدنيا ثم يقول: انظروا إلى عبادي، أتونى شعثا غبرا، أرسلت إليهم رسولا من وراء وراء؟، فسألوني ودعوني أشهدكم أنه حق علي أن أجيبهم اليوم، قد شفعت محسنهم في مسيئهم، وقد تقبلت من محسنهم فأفيضوا مغفورا لكم، ثم يأمر ملكين فيقومان بالمأزمين، هذا من هذا الجانب وهذا من هذا ما تكاد ترى من صريع ولا كسير.

From him, from Yahya Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Muawiya Bin Amaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> said: 'But, do you know that on the eve of Arafaat (near the grave of Al-Hussain<sup>asws</sup>), Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Send out the Angels to the sky of the world, then Says: "Look at My<sup>azwj</sup> servants! They came to Me<sup>azwj</sup> untidy and dusty. Did I<sup>azwj</sup> Send to them a Rasool<sup>saww</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 118

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 119

(to look) after them, and (to look) after them (again and again)?' They are asking Me<sup>azwj</sup>, and supplicating to Me<sup>azwj</sup>. Iazwj Hold you all as witnesses that it is a right upon Me<sup>azwj</sup> that I<sup>azwj</sup> should Answer them today. I<sup>azwj</sup> have Accepted the intercession of their good ones regarding their wrong-doers, and have Accepted (the Hajj) from their good ones. Therefore hasten, for I have Forgiven them'. Then He azwj Commands two Angels, so they arise to carry out (Command), this one on this side, and this one on this side, so they both say: 'Our Allahazwj! Safety! Safety!' So you will not see anyone be disappointed (from Blessings)'. 120

### 97 - ثواب جمع من*ي*

## Chapter 97 – Reward for gathering at Mina

أحمد، عن بعض أصحابه، عن الحسن بن يوسف، عن زكريا بن محمد، عن مسعود الطائي، عن عبد الحميد، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: إذا اجتمع الناس بمنى نادى مناد: أيها الجمع لو تعلمون بمن أحللتم لايقنتم بالمغفرة بعد الخلف ثم يقول الله تبارك وتعالى: ان عبدا إذا أوسعت عليه في رزقه لم يفد الى في كل أربع لمحروم.

Ahmad, from one of his companions, from Al Hassan Bin Yusuf, from Zakariyya in Muhammad, from Masoud Al Ta'ie, from Abdul Hameed who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah asws saying: 'When the people gather at Mina, a Caller calls out: 'O you gathering! If only you knew who has Permitted you (to be forgiven), you would have attained the Forgiveness (even) after the falling behind (in your deeds)'. Then Allahazwj Blessed and High Says: "A servant, when his sustenance is Increased for him, (it would be so much that) he would not come to Meazwi regarding every four deprived ones (as he will be able to look after another four needy ones)". 121

## 98 - ثواب العتق بعرفة

# Chapter 98 – (Reward for) The emancipation (of a slave) at Arafaat

عنه، عن ابن محبوب، عن شهاب، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام في رجل أعتق عبده عشية عرفة، قال: يجزي عن العبد حجة الاسلام، يكتب للسيد أجر ثواب العتق وثواب الحج

From him, from Ibn Mahboub, from Shahaab,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws regarding a man who emancipated his slave on the eve of Arafaat. He asws said: 'The Recompense of the slave is the Hajj of Al-Islam. The Recompense Written for the Master, is the Reward of the emancipation and the Reward of the Haji'. 122

# 99 - ثواب الافاضة من منى

# Chapter 99 – Reward of the return from Mina

عنه، عن الوشاء عن أبي الحسن الرضا عليه السلام، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام، إذا أفاض الرجل من منى وضع ملك يده بين كتفيه ثم قال له: استأنف.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>120</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 120

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>121</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 121 <sup>122</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 122

From him, from Al Washa,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Rezaass having said: 'Abu Abdullahasws said: 'When the man returns from Mina, an Angel places its hand upon his shoulder and says to him: 'Re-commence (start afresh your deeds)'. 123

### 100 - ثواب المار بالمأزمين

## Chapter 100 – Reward for passing through the bottlenecks (rush of people)

عنه، عن ابن فضال، عن رجل، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من مر بالمأزمين وليس في قلبه كبر، نظر الله إليه، قلت: ما الكبر؟ - قال: يغمص الناس و يسفه الحق وقال: وملكان موكلان بالمأز مين يقو لان: " ربّ سلم سلم ".

From him, from Ibn Fazaal, from a man,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'The one who passes through the 'Ma'azmeyn' (rush of people) and there is no arrogance in his heart, Allahazwi Looks at him'. I said, 'And what is the arrogance?' Heasws said: 'He looks down upon the people and ridicules the Truth'. 124

#### 101 - ثواب رمى الجمار

## Chapter 101 – Reward of throwing the pebbles

عنه، عن أبيه، عن حماد بن عيسى، عن حريز، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام في رمي الجمار قال: له بكل حصاة يرمي يها يحط عنه كبيرة مويقة

From him, from his father, from Hamaad Bin isa, from Hareyz,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah with regards to throwing of the pebbles. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'For him, for every pebble that he throws, is Deleted from him a major mortal sin' 125

#### <u> 102 - ثواب النحر</u>

# Chapter 102 – Reward of the sacrifice

عنه، عن أبيه، عن حماد بن عيسى، عن ربعى، عن عبد الله، عن فضيل بن يسار، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال على بن الحسين عليهما السلام في حديث له: إذا ذبح الحاج كان فداه من النار.

From him, from his father, from Hamaad Bin Isa, from Rai'e, from Abdullah, from Fazeyl Bin Yasaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Ali asws Bin Al-Husayn sws said in a Hadeeth of his asws: 'When the Pilgrim slaughters (a sacrifice), it is a expiation for him from the Fire'. 126

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 123

<sup>124</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 124 125 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 125

## 103 - ثواب العمل يوم النحر

## Chapter 103 – The deed on the day of the sacrifice

عنه، عن أبيه، عن القاسم بن اسحاق، عن عباد الدواجني، عن حفص بن سعيد، عن بشير بن زيد، قال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله لفاطمة عليها السلام: إشهدي ذبح ذبيحتك فان أول قطرة منها يكفر الله بها كل ذنب عليك، وكل خطيئة عليك، فسمعه بعض المسلمين فقال: يا رسول الله هذا لاهل بيتك خاصة ام للمسلمين عامة؟ - قال: ان الله وعدني في عترتي أن لا يطعم النار أحدا منهم و هذا للناس عامة.

From him, from his father, from Al Qasim Bin Is'hag, from Abaad Al Dawajany, from Hafs Bin Saeed, from Basheer Bin Zayd who said,

'Rasool-Allah saww said to Syeda Fatima sws: 'Witness me saww slaughtering the sacrifice, for the first drop of it, Allahazwj would expiate every sin, and every error of (my<sup>saww</sup> people). One of the Muslims heard it so he said, 'O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>! Is this for the People assume of your Household in particular, or for the general Muslims? He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>zwj</sup> has Promised me<sup>saww</sup> with regards to my<sup>saww</sup> Family that the Fire would not consume any one of them. And this is for the general people'. 127

### 104 - ثواب من دخل مكة بسكينة

## Chapter 104 – Reward for the one who enters Makkah peacefully

نه، عن محمد بن على، عن المفضل بن صالح، عن أبي حمزة، عن أبي - جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من دخل مكة بسكينة غفر الله ذنوبه

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Al Mufazzal Bin Salih, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'The one who enters Makkah peacefully, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Forgive his sins'. 128

## 105 - ثواب من دخل الحرم حافيا

## Chapter 105 - Reward for the one who enters the Sanctuary barefooted

عنه، عن أبيه، عن القاسم بن اسماعيل، عن أبان بن تغلب، قال: كنت مع أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، مزامله ما بين مكة والمدينة فلما انتهى إلى الحرم نزل فاغتسل، فأخذ نعليه بيده ثم دخل الحرم حافيا: قال أبان: فصنعت مثل ما صنع، فقال: يا أبان، من صنع مثل ما رأيتني صنعت تواضعا لله محا الله عنه مائة الف سيئة، وكتب له مائة ألف حسنة، وقضى له مائة ألف حاحة

From him, from his father, from Al Qasim Bin Ismail, from Aban Bin Taghlub who said,

'I was with Abu Abdullah asws accompanying him between Makkah and Al-Medina. So when he asws ended up to the Sanctuary, he seemed and washed. He<sup>asws</sup> grabbed his slippers in his<sup>asws</sup> hand, then entered the Sanctuary barefooted'. Aban said, 'So I did similar to what he asws had done, so he asws said: 'O Aban!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>126</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 126

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 127 <sup>128</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 128

The one who does similar to what you have seen me<sup>asws</sup> doing, in reverence to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Delete from him one hundred thousand sins, and Write for him one hundred thousand Rewards, and Fulfil for him one hundred thousand needs'. 129

## 106 - ثواب من دخل مكة وليس في قلبه كبر

# Chapter 106 – Reward for the one who enters Makkah and there is no arrogance in his heart

عنه، عن أبيه، عن النضر بن سويد، عن هشام بن سالم، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: أنظروا إذا هبط الرجل منكم وادي مكة فالبسوا خلقان ثبابكم أو سمل ثبابكم فانه لم بهبط وادي مكة أحد لبس في قلبه من الكبر الا غفر له.

From him, from his father, from Al Nazar Bin Suweyd, from Hisham Bin Saalim, from

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Look, when the man from among you goes down into the valley of Makkah, should wear worn and ragged clothes, for there does not descend anyone in the valley of Makkah and there is nothing of the arrogance in his heart, except that he is Forgiven'. <sup>130</sup>

#### 107 - ثواب التسبيح بمكة

## Chapter 107 – Reward of the Glorification at Makkah

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان وأبي علي الكندي، عن علي بن عبد الله بن جبلة، عن رجاله، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: تسبيح بمكة يعدل خراج العراقين ينفق في سبيل الله.

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan and Abu Ali Al Kindy, from Ali Bin Abdullah in Jabala, from his men,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Glorification at Makkah equates to the charities spend in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj,</sup> (equivalent to all of) the Iragis.<sup>131</sup>

### 108 - ثواب الساجد بمكة

# Chapter 108 - Reward of the Prostator in Makkah

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن علي بن خالد، عمن حدثه، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: الساجد بمكة كالمتشحط بدمه في سبيل الله.

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan, from Ali Bin Khalid, from the one who narrated it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The going into prostration at Makkah is like the one who is smeared in his blood in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj,</sup> 132

<sup>130</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 130

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> Al Mahaasin - V 1 Bk 2 H 129

<sup>131</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 131

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 132

#### 109 - ثواب النائم بمكة

## Chapter 109 – Reward for the one who sleeps in Makkah

133 - عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن علي بن عبد الله، عن خالد القلانسي، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: كان على بن الحسين عليهما السلام يقول: النائم بمكة كالمتشحط في البلدان. (5)

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan, from Ali Bin Abdullah, from Khalid Al Qalanasy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> used to say: 'The sleeping one in Makkah is like the one smeared (in blood?) in the countries'. <sup>133</sup>

### 110 - ثواب من ختم القرآن بمكة

# Chapter 110 - Reward for the one who completes the Quran at Makkah

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن علي بن خالد، عمن حدثه، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: من ختم القرآن بمكة لم يمت حتى يرى رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله ويرى منزله من الجنة.

From him, from Amro Bin Usman, from Ali Bin Khalid, from the one who narrated it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who completed the Quran at Makkah would not die until he sees Rasool-Allah<sup>azwj</sup> (in a dream) and sees his house from the Paradise'. <sup>134</sup>

#### 111 - ثواب النظر إلى الكعبة

# Chapter 111 - Reward for looking at the Kabah

عنه، عن أبيه، عن القاسم بن يحيى، عن جده الحسن بن راشد، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: إذا خرجتم حجاجا إلى بيت الله فأكثروا النظر إلى بيت الله، فإن لله مائة وعشرين رحمة عند بيته الحرام، ستون للطائفين، وأربعون للمصلين، وعشرون للناظرين،

From him, from his father, from Al Qasim Bin Yahya, from his grandfather Al Hassan Bin Rashid,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'When you go out to the House of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so be frequent in looking at the House of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has (Kept) one hundred and twenty Mercies in the Presence of His<sup>azwj</sup> Sacred House – sixty for those who circumambulate it and forty for the Praying ones, and twenty for the beholders'.

وفي رواية اسماعيل بن مسلم، عن جعفر، عن أبيه، عن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله، قال: النظر إلى الكعبة حبا لها يهدم الخطايا هدما.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 133

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>134</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 134

And in a report of Ismail in Muslim, from Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> father, from the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> having said: 'The looking at the Kabah in love for it pulverises the sins with a pulverisation'.<sup>135</sup>

عنه، عن علي بن حديد، عن مرازم، عن رجل، عن أبي عبد الله عليه – السلام من أيسر ما ينظر إلى الكعبة ان يعطيه الله بكل نظرة حسنة ومحا عنه سيئة ويرفع له درجة.

From him, from Ali Bin Hadeed, from Marazim, from a man,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The easiest of what ones looks at the Kabah (glances), Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Give him for every look of his, a Reward, and Delete from him a sin, and Raise for him a Level'. <sup>136</sup>

### 112 - ثواب معرفة حق الكعبة

## Chapter 112 – Reward for recognising the rights of the Kabah

عنه، عن بعض أصحابنا، عن الحسن بن يوسف، عن زكريا، عن علي بن عبد العزيز قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام: من أتى الكعبة فعرف من حقنا وحرمتنا ما عرف من حقها وحرمتها لم يخرج من مكة الا وقد غفر له ذنوبه وكفاه الله ما أهمه من أمر دنياه وآخرته.

From him, from one of our companions, from Al Hassan Bin Yusuf, from Zakariyya, from Ali Bin Abdul Aziz who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who comes to the Kabah, so he recognises our<sup>asws</sup> rights and our sanctity, what he recognises from its rights and its sanctity, would not come out from Makkah except having his sins Forgiven from him, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Suffice for him whatever worries him from the matters of his world and his Hereafter'.<sup>137</sup>

#### 113 - ثواب دخول الكعبة

# Chapter 113 – Reward for entering the Kabah

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن علي بن خالد، عمن حدثه، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: كان يقول: الداخل الكعبة يدخل والله عنه راض، ويخرج منها عطلا من الذنوب.

From him, from Amro Bin Usman, from Ali Bin Khalid, from the one who narrated it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, said, 'He<sup>asws</sup> was saying: 'The one entering the Kabah, enters it, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is Pleased with him, and exits from it having the sins been crippled (Made ineffective)'. <sup>138</sup>

<sup>136</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 136

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>135</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 135

<sup>137</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 137

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>138</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 138

#### 114 - ثواب من حج ماشيا

## Chapter 114 – Reward for the Hajj by walking

عنه، عن محمد بن بكر، عن زكريا بن محمد، عن عيسى بن سوادة، عن ابن المنكدر، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام، قال: قال ابن عباس: ما ندمت على شئ ندمى على ان لم أحج ماشيا لانى سمعت رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله يقول: من حج بيت الله ماشيا كتب الله له سبعة ألف حسنة من حسنات الحرم، قيل: يا رسول الله وما حسنات الحرم؟ - قال: حسنة ألف ألف حسنة، وقال: فضل المشاة في الحج كفضل القمر ليلة البدر على سائر النجوم، وكان الحسين بن على عليهما السلام يمشى إلى الحج ودابته تقاد وراءه.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Bakr, from Zakariyya Bin Muhammad, from Isa Bin Sawada, from Ibn Al Munkadar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Ibn Abbas said, 'I did not regret over anything that I regretted upon with more regret than, that I did not go for Hajj walking, because I heard Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> saying: 'The one who performs Hajj of the House of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> walking, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Writes for him seven thousand Rewards from the Rewards of the Sanctuary'. It was said, 'O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>! And what are the Rewards of the Sanctuary?' He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'A Reward thousand thousand (times) a Reward'. And he<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The merit of the walking during the Hajj is like the merit of the moon on the night of the full moon over the rest of the stars. An Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>asws</sup> walked to the Hajj, and his<sup>asws</sup> animal (ride) was driven behind him<sup>asws</sup>. <sup>139</sup>

### 115 - ثواب من مات في طريق ملة

## Chapter 115 – Reward for the one who dies in the Way of Religion

عنه، عن الحسن بن علي بن يقطين، عن زبيدة، عن جميل، عن أبي – عبد الله قال: من مات بين الحرمين بعثه الله في الامنين يوم القيامة

From, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Bin Yaqteen, from Zubeyda, from Jameel,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who dies between the two Sanctuaries, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Resurrect him among the secured ones on the Day of Judgement'.<sup>140</sup>

# 116 - ثواب من خلف حاجا في أهله

# Chapter 116 – Reward for the one who leaves behind a caretaker with regards to his family

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن علي بن عبد الله، عن خالد القلانسي، عن أبي - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: قال علي بن الحسين عليهما السلام: من خلف حاجا في أهله و ما له كان له كأجره حتى كأنه يستلم الاحجار.

From him, from Amro Bin Usmaan, from Ali Bin Abdullah, from Khalid Al Qalanasy,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>139</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 139

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>140</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 140

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Aliasws Bin Al-Husayn sws said: 'The one who leaves behind someone to look after his family (when he himself goes for Hajj), whatever (Reward) is for him would be for that person, to the extent as if he had touched (with reverence) the stones (the Black Stone)'. 141

## 117 - ثواب من عظم الحاج وصافحه والتسليم عليه

## Chapter 117 - Reward for the one who reveres the Pilgrim and shakes his hand, and greets him

عنه، عن عمرو بن عثمان، عن على بن عبد الله، عن خالد القلانسي، عن أبي - عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: كان على بن الحسين عليهما السلام، يقول: يا معشر من لم يحج استبشروا بالحاج وصافحوهم وعظموهم فأن ذلك يجب عليكم لتشار كو هم في الأجر.

From him, from Amro Bin Usman, from Ali Bin Abdullah, from Khalid Al Qalanasy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'Aliasws Bin Al-Husayn sws was saying: 'O group of one who did not perform Hajj! Be joyful with the Pilgrim, and shake their hands, and revere them, for that is Obligatory upon you, in order to participate with them in the Recompense'. 142

عنه، عن عبد الله بن محمد الحجال، رفعه قال: لا يزال على الحاج نور الحج ما لم يذنب.

From him, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Al Hajaal, raising it -

The Imam<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The Light of Hajj does not cease to be upon the Pilgrim so long as he does not sin (again)'. 143

#### 118 - ثواب من حج كل سنة ثم تخلف سنة

# Chapter 118 – Reward for the one who Performs Hajj every year, then fails to do so one year

عنه، عن محمد بن عبد الحميد، عن عبد الله بن جندب، عن بعض رجاله، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: إذا كان الرجل من شأنه الحج في كل سنة ثم تخلف سنة فلم يخرج قالت الملائكة الذين هم على الارض للذين هم على الجبال: لقد فقدنا صوت فلان، فيقولون: اطلبوه، فيطلبونه فلا يصيبونه فيقولون: " اللهم ان كان حبسه دين فأده عنه أو مرض فاشفه أو فقر فأغنهم أو حبس ففرج عنهم أو فعل بهم فافعل بهم " والناس يدعون النفسهم وهم يدعون لمن تخلف.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Abdul Hameed, from Abdullah Bin Jundab, from one of his men.

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: 'If there was a man who performs Hajj every year and then fails a year, so he does not come out for it, the Angels who are upon the earth say to those who are upon the mountain: 'The voice of so and so is lost from us'. So they would say: 'Seek him'. So they seek him, and they do not find him, so they say: 'Our Allahazwi! If debt has withheld him, so Fulfil his debt, or if he is sick, so Cure him, or (affected by) poverty so Enrich him, or if

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 141

<sup>142</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 142 143 Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 143

imprisoned, then have him Released, or Do with them what they have done with him'. And the people are supplicating for themselves, and they (the Angels) are supplicating for the one who could not make it'. 144

#### 119 - ثواب من نوى الحج ثم حرمه

# Chapter 119 – Reward for the one who intended for Hajj, then held back

عنه، عن الحجال، عمن ذكره عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: من أراد الحج فتهيأ له فحرمه فبذنب حرمه.

From him, from Al Hajaal, from the one who mentioned it,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who intends for the Hajj, so he prepares for it, but holds back, so his sins are held back'.<sup>145</sup>

#### 120 - ثواب من ارتبط محملا للحج

# Chapter 120 – Reward for the one who is associated with carrying the burden for the Hajj

عنه، عن أبي يوسف، عن أبي ابن عمير، عن حسين بن عثمان ومحمد بن أبي حمزة وغيرهما، عن اسحق بن عمار، قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام، من اتخذ محملا للحج كان كمن ارتبط فرسا في سبيل الله.

From him, from Abu Yusuf, from Abu Ibn Umeyr, from Husayn Bin Usman, and Muhammad Bin Abu Hamza and someone else, from Is'haq Bin Amaar who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who carries the burden for the Hajj would be like the one associated to a horse in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, <sup>146</sup>

### 121 - ثواب من دفن في الحرم

# Chapter 121 - Reward for the one buried in the Sanctuary

عنه، عن محمد بن اسماعيل بن بزيع، عن عبد الله بن عثمان، عن هارون بن خارجة، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله عليه السلام يقول: من دفن في الحرم أمن من الفزع الاكبر يوم القيامة، قلت من بر الناس وفاجر هم؟ - قال: نعم من بر الناس وفاجر هم.

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Bin Bazi'e, from Abdullah Bin Usman, from Haroun Bin Kharja who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'The one who is buried in the Sanctuary would be secure from the great horrors of the Day of Judgement'. I said, 'The righteous ones from the people and (as well as) their immoral ones?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Yes, the righteous ones from the people and (as well as) their immoral ones'.<sup>147</sup>

<sup>145</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 145

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 144

<sup>146</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 146

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>147</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 147

#### <u> 122 - ثواب الصوم</u>

## Chapter 122 – Reward for the Fasting

عنه، عن عدة من أصحابنا، عن هارون بن مسلم قال: حدثنى مسعدة بن صدقة، عن أبي عبد الله، عن أبيه عليهما السلام، قال: نوم الصائم عبادة ونفسه تسبيح.

From him, from a number of our companions, from Haroun Bin Muslim, from Mas'ada in Sadaqa,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The sleep of the Fasting one is worship, and his breath is Glorification'. <sup>148</sup>

وباسناده قال: قال أبو عبد الله عليه السلام، قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله: ان الله وكل ملائكة بالدعاء للصائمين.

And by his chain who said, 'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Allocates Angels who supplicate for the Fasting ones'.

وقال: قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله أخبرني جبرئيل عن ربى انه قال: ما أمرت أحدا من ملائكتي أن يستغفروا لاحد من خلقي الا استجبت لهم فيه.

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Jibraeel<sup>as</sup> informed me<sup>saww</sup> from his<sup>as</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "I<sup>azwj</sup> have not Commanded any one from My<sup>azwj</sup> Angels that they should seek Forgiveness for any one from My<sup>azwj</sup> creatures, except that I<sup>azwj</sup> Answer them with regards to it".<sup>149</sup>

وباسناده، عن أبي عبد الله، عن أبيه، عن آبائه عليهم السلام قال: ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وآله قال: ان على كل شئ زكوة وزكوة الاجساد الصيام.

And by his chain,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> from his<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup>, from his<sup>asws</sup> forefathers<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Upon everything is Zakat, and the Zakat of the body is the Fasting'. <sup>150</sup>

عنه، عن النوفلي، عن السكوني، عن أبي عبد الله عليه السلام، قال: ما من عبد يصبح صائما فيستجير فيقول: انى صائم سلام عليك الا قال الرب تبارك وتعالى استجار عبدى بالصوم من عبدى أجيروه من نارى وأدخلوه جنتي.

From him, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'There is one from a servant who Glorifies whilst Fasting, so he seeks Refuge (with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) so he says, 'I am Fasting, Peace be upon you', except that the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High Says: "My<sup>azwj</sup> servant has sought Refuge with the Fasting, Give him Refuge from My<sup>azwj</sup> Fire and enter him into My<sup>azwj</sup> Paradise'.<sup>151</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>148</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 148

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>149</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 149

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>150</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 150

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>151</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 151

#### 123 - ثواب عمل الحي للميت

## Chapter 123 – Reward for the deed of the living one for the dead

عنه، عن أبيه، عن أبان بن عثمان الاحمر التميمي، عن معاوية بن عمار الدهنى، قال: قلت لابي عبد الله عليه السلام أي شئ يلحق الرجل بعد موته؟ - قال: يلحقه الحج عنه والصدقة عنه والصوم عنه

From him, from his father, from Aban in Usman Al Ahmar Al Temeemi, from Muawiya Bin Amaar Al Dahny who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, 'Which thing attaches to the man after his death?' He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'There attach to him the Hajj from it, and the charity from it, and the Fasting from it'.<sup>152</sup>

ثم كتاب الثواب من المحاسن بمشية الله وعونه، وصلواته على محمد وآله الطاهرين.

This completes the book of Rewards, from *Al Mahaasin*, by the Desire of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and His<sup>azwj</sup> Support, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Blessings upon Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and his<sup>saww</sup> Purified Progeny<sup>asws</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>152</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 2 H 152