# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Brief Introduction of Al-Anbiya (21):	3
MERITS	9
VERSES 1 - 3	10
VERSES 4 - 6	14
The misconception of poetry	14
VERSE 7	15
Al-Zikr and Ahl Al-Zikr	15
The Ahl Al-Zikr are not Jews and Christians	16
The ones to ask from	17
Asking the Imams <sup>-asws</sup> is an Obligation, their <sup>-asws</sup> replying to us is not	18
Why ask the Imams <sup>-asws</sup>	19
Circumstances of the Revelation	20
VERSES 8 & 9	20
VERSE 10	21
VERSES 11 - 15	21
VERSES 16 - 18	25
VERSES 19 & 20	27
VERSES 21 - 23	
VERSE 24	
VERSES 25 - 28	32
VERSE 29	38
VERSE 30	
For pain relief	
Water – the basis of life	
VERSES 31 - 35	43
VERSES 36 & 37	47

Tatseer Hub-e-Ali <sup>-asws</sup>	Al-Anbiya	www.hubeali.com
VERSES 38 - 44		47
VERSES 45 - 47		49
VERSES 48 - 50		55
The Furqan (Decisive) Given to Musa <sup>-as</sup>		55

**CHAPTER 21** 

**AL-ANBIYA** 

(Prophets)

**(112 VERSES)** 

**VERSES 1 - 50** 



# **Brief Introduction of Al-Anbiya (21):**

Sura Al-Anbiyaa (112 verses) was revealed in Makkkah. Naming of 21<sup>st</sup> Sura as Al-Anbiya' (Prophets) is due to mentioning the names of sixteen Prophets in Al-Anbiya.

Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> was asked about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>: 'On the Day the earth would be changed to another earth, [14:48], he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Changed to pure bread. The people would eat until they are free from the Reckoning. Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted says: And We did not Make them as bodies not eating the food, [21:8]".<sup>2</sup>

Abu Ja'far-asws said, regarding: 'And they are saying, 'The Beneficent has Taken a son!' Glorious is He! But, they (Prophets) are honoured servants [21:26]', and he-asws gestured by his-asws hand towards his-asws chest and said: 'They do not precede Him in speech [21:27] — up to His-azwi Words: and they are trembling from His fear [21:28]''.3

He (Al-Mufazzal) said, 'So I said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O son<sup>-asws</sup> of Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>! So how did the Imamate come to be in the sons<sup>-asws</sup> of Al-Husayn<sup>-asws</sup> besides the sons<sup>-asws</sup> of Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>, and they<sup>-asws</sup> both are the sons<sup>-asws</sup> of Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> and his<sup>-saww</sup> grandsons<sup>-asws</sup>, and the Chiefs of the youths of the people of the Paradise?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Musa<sup>-as</sup> and Haroun<sup>-as</sup> were both Prophets<sup>-as</sup>, Rasools<sup>-as</sup>, brothers. So Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Made the Prophet-hood to be in the posterity of Haroun<sup>-as</sup> beside the posterity of Musa<sup>-as</sup>, and it was not for anyone to ask, 'Why did Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> do that?'

And the Imamate is the Caliphate of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic, and it is not for anyone that he should be saying, 'Why did He<sup>-azwj</sup> Make it to be in the posterity of Al-Husayn<sup>-asws</sup> besides the posterity of Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>?' This is because He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. He<sup>-azwj</sup> is the Wise

<sup>2</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 5 H 40

تفسير القمي، ج2، ص: 67 <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 33 H 10

in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Deeds: *He cannot be questioned concerning what He Does and they shall be questioned'* [21:23]".<sup>4</sup>

'From Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws among what he-asws used to advise with, he-asws said: 'Then refer to the Words from Allah-azwj in His-azwj Book against the people of disobedience and the sins. Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Said: *And if a blast of the Punishment of your Lord were to touch them, they would be saying, 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!' [21:46]*.

If you were to say that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic has Meant by this the Polytheists, so how can that be and He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying: **And We will Set up scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment, therefore do not wrong a soul of anything. And even if it was the weight of a mustard seed, We will Come with it; and suffice with Us as the Reckoners [21:47]**.

Know, O servants of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, that the Polytheists will not have a Scale up for them nor will their Register (of deeds) be Published and they will be herded to Hell in groups, but rather the Scale and the Publishing of the Register (of deeds) will be for the people of Al-Islam".<sup>5</sup>

'It was said to Abu Ja'far-asws that Salim Bin Abu Hafs is reporting from you-asws that you-asws tend to speak upon seventy aspects, there (still to) be the way out for you-asws (from each of these)". So, he-asws said: 'What does Salim want from me-asws? Does he want that I-asws come with the Angels? By Allah-azwi, (even) the Prophets-as did not come with this! And Ibrahim-as said: *So he said: 'I feel sick' [37:89]*, and he-as was not sick and he-as did not lie. And Ibrahim-as has said: *He said: 'But their biggest one did this, so ask them if they could speak' [21:63]*, and he (their biggest idol) had not done it, and he-as did not lie'. And Yusuf-as has said: *'O caravan! You are stealing!' [12:70]*, by Allah-azwi they had not stolen, and he-as had not lied". 6

Imam Al-Sadiq<sup>-asws</sup> (6<sup>th</sup> Imam) said: 'When it will be just before the Day of Qiyamah during the end of times, that dam will be demolished, and Yajouj and Majouj will come out to the world and devour the people, and it is His<sup>-azwj</sup> Word: '*Until when Yajouj and Majouj are released, and they would be descending from every elevation* [21:96]'.<sup>7</sup>

(In a lengthy Hadeeth it is mentioned): The Friend<sup>-as</sup> (Prophet Ibrahim) swore by Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>: 'And, by Allah! I have a plan against your idols [21:57], and Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Swore by the Beloved<sup>-saww</sup> (Prophet Mohammed) By your life (O Muhammad)! [15:72].<sup>8</sup>

It is reported that Amro Bin Ubeyd led a delegation to Muhammad<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Ali Al-Baqir<sup>-asws</sup> to test him<sup>-asws</sup> with the questions, and said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'What is the meaning of the Words of the Exalted: *Or do they not see, those who are committing Kufr, that the skies and the earth were joined up, and We Separated them? [21:30]*, what is this joining the separating?'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12, The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 3 H 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 10 H 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 2, The book of intellect, and the knowledge, and the ignorance, S 2 Ch 26 H 99

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12, The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 8 H 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Bihar Al Anwaar – V 2, The book of our Prophet-saww, Ch 12 H 1

Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The sky was joined up, not sending down a drop, and the earth was joined up, no vegetation came out, so Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Split the sky with the drops, and Split the earth with the vegetation'.

Amro went and could not find any objection, then returned to him-asws, 'May I be sacrificed for you-asws! Inform me about the Words of the Exalted: *And the one My Wrath is Released upon, so he has perished [20:81]*, and what is Wrath of Allah-azwj?' Abu Ja'far-asws said: 'Wrath of Allah-azwj the Exalted is His-azwj Punishment. O Amro! One who thinks that Allah-azwj changes by something, so he has committed *Kufr*'.9

'From Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>, he (the narrator) said, 'I said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'Does the Ancient One<sup>-azwj</sup> Know the thing which has yet to exist that if it were to exist, how it would happen to be?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Woe be unto you! Your question is problematic. Have you not heard Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Saying: *If there had been a god in them (skies and the earth) except Allah, it (universe) would have been spoilt.* [21:22]? And His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words: *and some of them would have been higher over the others.* [23:91].

And Said: Relating the Words of the people of the Fire: 'Our Lord! Return us. We will do righteous deeds, other than which we used to do!' [35:37]; and Said: And if they were to be returned, they would repeat what they had been Forbidden from [6:28]. So, He<sup>-azwj</sup> has Known the thing which had not yet happened that if it were to happen how it would be happening".<sup>10</sup>

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: **We said:** "O fire! Become cool and safe upon Ibrahim!" [21:69]. The first catapult to be made in the world was the catapult made for (throwing) Ibrahim<sup>-as</sup> at a bridge of Al Kufa by a river called Kowsy, and in a town called Qantana'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Iblees<sup>-la</sup> made the catapult and got Ibrahim<sup>-as</sup> to sit in it and wanted it to throw him<sup>-as</sup> in its fire. Jibraeel<sup>-as</sup> came to him<sup>-as</sup> and said: 'The greetings be unto you<sup>-as</sup>, O Ibrahim<sup>-as</sup>, and the Mercy of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> and His<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessings! Is there for you<sup>-as</sup> any need?' He<sup>-as</sup> said: 'There is no need for me<sup>-as</sup> to you<sup>-as</sup>'. After it, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: **We said: "O fire! Become cool and safe upon Ibrahim!" [21:69]**".<sup>11</sup>

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'When Ibrahim<sup>-as</sup> was thrown into the fire, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Revealed to it: "By My<sup>-azwj</sup> Might and My<sup>-azwj</sup> Majesty! If you harm him<sup>-as</sup> I<sup>-azwj</sup> will Punish you!"

And he-asws said: 'When Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Said: "O fire! Become cool and safe upon Ibrahim!" [21:69], no one benefited by it for three days, and their shelters were not warmed". 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 4, The book of Tawheed, S 2, Ch 1 H 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 4, The book of Tawheed, S 2, Ch 2 H 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12, The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 2 H 14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12, The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 2 H 22

'From Ja'far-asws Bin Muhammad-asws, from his-asws father-asws having said: 'The Imams in the Book of Allah-azwj are two (types of) Imams. *And We made them as Imams guiding by Our Command [21:73]* not by the orders of the people. They are placing forward the Commands of Allah-azwj before their-asws own orders, and the Decision of Allah-azwj before their-asws own decisions.

He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said: **And We Made them imams calling to the Fire [28:41]**. They are placing forwards their own orders before the Commands of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, and their own decisions before the Decision of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, and they are taking to their own desires in opposition to what is in the Book of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic".<sup>13</sup>

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>: **and We Gave him (back) his family and the like of them along with them, [21:84]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Revived for him<sup>-as</sup>, his<sup>-as</sup> family those who existed before the afflictions, and Revived for him<sup>-as</sup> his<sup>-as</sup> family, those who had died while he was in the afflictions''.<sup>14</sup>

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Statement of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **and We Gave him (back) his family and the like of them along with them, [21:84]**. I said, 'His (Prophet Ayoub<sup>-as</sup>) children, how was he<sup>-as</sup> given the like of them, along with them?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'He<sup>-azwj</sup> Revived for him<sup>-as</sup> from his<sup>-as</sup> children who had died before that of natural causes, and the like (number) of those who had died in those days''.<sup>15</sup>

Al-Mamoun said, 'For Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> is (to Grant) realisation, O Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>! Inform me about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **And the one with the whale (Yunus), when he went away in anger, so he thought that We will never be Able upon him [21:87]**.

Al-Reza<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'That was Yunus Bin Matta<sup>-as</sup>: **when he went away in anger [21:87]** to his<sup>-as</sup> people, **so he thought** – meaning, (he was) convinced, **that We will never be Able upon him** - i.e., We would not Straiten his<sup>-as</sup> sustenance.

And from it are His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words: **And when He Tries him and Straitens his sustenance upon him [89:16]**, i.e., Straitens, and Reduces. **and he called out in the darkness [21:87]** - i.e., the darkness of the night, and the darkness of the sea, and the darkness of the belly of the whale, **'There is no god except Allah! Glorious are You, I was of the unjust ones!' [21:87]**, for having left the like of this worship, so I<sup>-as</sup> hope for it in the belly of the whale. <sup>16</sup>

From Abu Al-Jaroud, from Al-Baqir<sup>-asws</sup>: *Surely this community of yours is one community,* [21:92]. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>''.<sup>17</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 46 H 13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12 The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 10 H 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 12 The book of Prophet-hood, Ch 10 H 7

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 16}$  Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 11, The book of Prophet-hood, S 1 Ch 4 H 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 46 H 9

'I said to Abu Ja'far-asws, 'May Allah-azwj Make me to be sacrificed for you-asws! When it will be the Day of Judgment, where would Rassol-Allah-saww and Amir Al-Momineen-asws and his-asws Shias happen to be?'

Abu Ja'far-asws said: 'Rasool-Allah-saww, and Ali-asws and his-asws Shias would be upon dunes of strong musk, upon pulpits of light. The people would grieve and they will not be grieving, and the people would panic and they will not be panicking'.

Then he<sup>-asws</sup> recited this Verse: 'One who comes with the good deed, for him would be better than it, and they would be secure from the panic of that Day [27:89]. So, the good deed, by Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, it is the Wilayah of Ali<sup>-asws</sup>'.

Then he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The great terror shall not grieve them, and the Angels would meet them: 'This is your Day which you were Promised' [21:103]".<sup>18</sup>

'From Abu Ja'far-asws having said in a Hadeeth: 'Rasool-Allah-saww said: 'On the Day of Qiyamah, Ali-asws and his-asws Shias would be upon dunes of yellow musk. The people will panic and they will not be panicking, and the people will grieve and they will not be grieving, and it is the Word of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: *The great terror shall not grieve them, and the Angels would meet them: 'This is your Day which you were Promised' [21:103]*". 19

'Abu Abdullah-asws said: 'Allah-azwj would Resurrect our-asws Shias on the Day of Judgment upon what is in them from sins or something else. Their faces whitened, their nakedness veiled, their awe secured, their resources eased for them, and the difficulties having gone away from them.

They would be riding camels of rubies, and they will not cease to be circling in the midst of the Paradise. Upon them would be shoelaces of shiny pearls. The meals would be placed for them, and they will not cease being fed, and the people will be in the Reckoning, and it is the Word of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted: **Surely those for whom the good has preceded from Us, they would be remote from it [21:101] They will not be hearing its slightest sound, and they would be in what their souls desire, for eternity [21:102]". <sup>20</sup>** 

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'One who clothes his brother with a clothing of winter or summer, would have a right upon Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> that He<sup>-azwj</sup> Clothes him from clothing of Paradise, and that He<sup>-azwj</sup> Eases upon him the pangs of death, and that He<sup>-azwj</sup> Expands upon him in his grave, and that He<sup>-azwj</sup> Makes the Angels to meet him with the glad tidings when he comes out from his grave, and it is the Word of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book: *and the Angels would meet them: 'This is your Day which you were Promised'* [21:103]".<sup>21</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 8 H 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 63 H 42

 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 8 H 35

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 8 H 72

'I asked Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **And We will Place scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment, therefore do not wrong a soul of anything [21:47]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They (the soul) are the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and the successors<sup>-as</sup>''.<sup>22</sup>

'From Ja'far-asws, from his-asws father-asws, from his-asws forefathers-asws having said: 'The Prophet-saww said: 'When Allah-azwj Blessed and Exalted Gathers the people on the Day of Judgment, and I-saww shall approach the Praiseworthy place (Al-Maqam Al-Mahmoud), and He-azwj will Fulfil it for me-saww with it.

When it will be the Day of Judgment, a pulpit would be set up for me<sup>-saww</sup> having a thousand steps for it until I<sup>-saww</sup> go to its top, and Jibraeel<sup>-as</sup> would come to me<sup>-saww</sup> with the flag of Praise and place it in my<sup>-saww</sup> hand, and he<sup>-as</sup> will be saying: 'O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>! This is the praiseworthy place (Al-Maqam Al-Mahmoud) which Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Promised you'.

I<sup>-saww</sup> shall say to Ali<sup>-asws</sup>: 'Ascend!', and he<sup>-asws</sup> would come to be lower than me<sup>-saww</sup> by a step, and I<sup>-saww</sup> will place the flag of Praise in his<sup>-asws</sup> hand. Then Rizwaan would come with keys of the Paradise and he will say: 'O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>! This is the praiseworthy place which Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Promised you, and he would place these in my<sup>-saww</sup> hand, and I<sup>-saww</sup> will place these in the lap of Ali<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>-asws</sup>.

Then Maalik warden of the Fire will come and he will say: 'O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>! This is the praiseworthy place which your<sup>-saww</sup> Lord<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Promised you! These are the keys of the Fire. Enter your<sup>-saww</sup> enemies and enemies of your<sup>-saww</sup> community into the Fire'. So, I<sup>-saww</sup> shall take these and place them in the lap of Ali<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>-asws</sup>.

So, the Fire and the Paradise on that Day would be more listening to me<sup>-saww</sup> and to Ali<sup>-asws</sup> than the newly-wedded bride is to her husband, and it is the Word of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: **Both (of you), throw into Hell every stubborn Kafir! [50:24]**. Throw, O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>, O Ali<sup>-asws</sup>, your<sup>-asws</sup> enemies into the Fire!'

Then I<sup>-saww</sup> shall stand and extol upon Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> no one would have extolled Him<sup>-azwj</sup> such before me<sup>-saww</sup>. Then I<sup>-saww</sup> shall extol upon the Angels of Proximity, then I<sup>-saww</sup> shall extol upon the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and the *Mursils*<sup>-as</sup>, then I<sup>-saww</sup> shall extol upon the communities of the righteous ones. Then I<sup>-saww</sup> will sit down.

Then Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Extol upon me<sup>-saww</sup>, and His<sup>-azwj</sup> Angels would extol upon me<sup>-saww</sup>, and His<sup>-azwj</sup> Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and His<sup>-azwj</sup> *Mursils*<sup>-as</sup> would extol upon me<sup>-saww</sup>, and the communities of the righteous ones would extol upon me<sup>-saww</sup>.

Then a Caller will Call out from the interior of the Throne: 'O community of creatures! Shut your eyes until the daughter-asws of the Beloved of Allah-azwj passes to go to her-asws castle!' So, (Syeda) Fatima-asws, my-saww daughter-asws will pass, two green flags (being waves) upon her-asws, and around her-asws would be seventy thousand Houries.

When she<sup>-asws</sup> reaches to the door of her<sup>-asws</sup> castle she<sup>-asws</sup> will find Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup> standing and Al-Husayn<sup>-asws</sup> being of cut head, and she<sup>-asws</sup> will be saying to Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>?' He<sup>-asws</sup> will

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 10 H 6

say: 'This is my<sup>-asws</sup> brother<sup>-asws</sup>. The community of your<sup>-asws</sup> father<sup>-saww</sup> killed him<sup>-asws</sup> and cut off his<sup>-asws</sup> head'.

A Call would come to her-asws from the Presence of Allah-azwj: "O daughter-asws of the Beloved of Allah-azwj! But rather, I-azwj Showed you-asws what the community of your-asws father-saww did with him-asws, because I-azwj have Collected for you with Me-azwj a condolence (Majlis) of your-asws difficulties regarding him-asws. I-azwj have Made for your-asws condolences of your-asws difficulties, that I-azwj will not Look into the accounting of the servants until you-asws enter the Paradise, you-asws and your-asws offspring, and your-asws Shias, and from your-asws well-known children from the ones who isn't from your-asws Shias, before I-azwj Look into the accounting of the servants.

So, Fatima<sup>-asws</sup>, my<sup>-saww</sup> daughter<sup>-asws</sup> will enter the Paradise, and her<sup>-asws</sup> offspring, and her<sup>-asws</sup> Shias, and ones who befriended her<sup>-asws</sup> goodly from the ones who wasn't from her<sup>-asws</sup> Shias, and it is the Word of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book: *The great terror shall not grieve them* [21:103]'.

He<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'It is the Day of Judgment, *and they would be in what their souls desire, for eternity [21:102]*', by Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> it is Fatima<sup>-asws</sup> and her<sup>-asws</sup> offspring, and her<sup>-asws</sup> Shias, and the ones who befriended them<sup>-asws</sup> goodly from the one who wasn't from her<sup>-asws</sup> Shias''.<sup>23</sup>

'From Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'the earth, My righteous servants shall inherit it [21:105], they<sup>-asws</sup> are Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>''.<sup>24</sup>

'I asked Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **And We had Written in the Psalms from after the Zikr, that the earth, My righteous servants shall inherit it [21:105]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They<sup>-asws</sup> are us<sup>-asws</sup>'.

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, '(What about) *Surely, in this there is a Message for a worshipping people [21:106]*?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They are our<sup>-asws</sup> Shias''. <sup>25</sup>

'From Abu Al-Hassan Musa-asws Bin Ja'far-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: *And We had Written in the Psalms from after the Zikr, that the earth, My righteous servants shall inherit it [21:105]*, he-asws said: 'The Progeny-asws of Muhammad-saww and those that follow them-asws upon their-asws Manifesto. And the earth, it is the land of the Paradise".<sup>26</sup>

## **MERITS**

ابن بابويه: بإسناده المتقدم في سورة الكهف، عن الحسن، عن يحيى بن مساور، عن فضيل الرسان عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) قال: «من قرأ سورة الأنبياء حبا لهاكان كمن رافق النبيين أجمعين في جنات النعيم، وكان مهيبا في أعين الناس حياة الدنيا».

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 6, The book of Justice, S 3, Ch 17 H 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 67 H 78

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 67 H 79

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 67 H 80

Ibn Babuways, by his chain which preceded in Surah Al Kahf (Chapter 18), from Al Hassan, from Yahya Bin Masawir, from Fazeyl Al Rasaan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'The one who recites *Surah Al-Anbiyaa*, having love for it would be like the one who was a friend of all the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> in the Gardens of Bliss, and would be beloved in the eyes of the people in the life of the world'.<sup>27</sup>

و من خواص القرآن: روي عن النبي (صلى الله عليه و آله)، أنه قال: «من قرأ هذه السورة حاسبه الله حسابا يسيرا، و صافحه و سلم عليه كل نبي ذكر فيها،

And from Khawas Al-Quran -

'It has been reported from the Prophet-saww having said: 'The one who recites this Chapter (Surah Al-Anbiyaa), Allah-azwj would Reckon him with an easy Reckoning, and every Prophet Mentioned in it would shake hands with him and greet him.

And the one who writes it in a parchment of an antelope (skin) and makes it to be upon his mid-section and sleeps, would not wake up except that he would see from the wonders which would cheer his heart, by the Permission of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted'.<sup>28</sup>

(The book) 'Sawaab Al Amaal' – By the chain from Ibn Al Batainy, from Yahya Bin Musawir, from Fuzeyl al Rassan,

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'One who recites Surah Al Anbiya<sup>-as</sup> in love for it would be from the ones who are friends of the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> in their entirety in the Gardens of Bliss, and he would be beloved in eyes of the people for the lifetime of the world".<sup>29</sup>

## **VERSES 1 - 3**

It has drawn near to the people, their Reckoning, and they in their heedlessness, are turning aside [21:1]

مجمع البيان 7: 61 «قطعة منه» <sup>28</sup>

ثواب الأعمال: 018. 27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Bihar Al-Anwaar V 89 – The Book of Quran – Ch 46 H 1

There does not come to them a new (Message) from their Lord but they are hearing in while they are playing around [21:2]

Their hearts are distracted, and they consulted in secret, those who are unjust, 'Is this one except a human being like you all? Will you be going to the sorcery while you are seeing?' [21:3]

In Majma Al Bayan -

'But rather, the description (of the Reckoning) by its nearness is because it is one of the conditions of the 'Hour' which Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> has been Sent with, so he<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'I<sup>-saww</sup> and the Hour have been Sent like these two (together)'.<sup>30</sup>

In Jawame'a A IJame'a -

'And in the speech of Amir-Al-Momineen<sup>-asws</sup>: 'The world would quickly go away (be over), and there will not remain from it anything except for the remnants like the left-overs in a container (after a meal)'.<sup>31</sup>

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا محمد بن القاسم، عن أحمد بن محمد السياري، عن محمد بن خالد البرقي، عن محمد بن علي، عن علي بن حماد الأزدي، عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) في قوله عز و جل: وَ أُسَرُّوا النَّجُوَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا، قال: «الذين ظلموا آل محمد (عليهم السلام) حقهم».

Muhammad Bin Al Abas, from Muhammad Bin Al Qasim, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Sayyari, from Muhammad Bin Khalid Al Barqy, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ali Bin Hamaad Al Azdy, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *and they consulted in secret, those who are unjust [21:3]*, he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The ones who are unjust to the Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> of their<sup>-asws</sup> rights'.<sup>32</sup>

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْعَبَّاسِ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ حَمَّادٍ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ شِمْرٍ عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فَقَالَ الْمُنَافِقُونَ عِنْدَ ذَلِكَ بَعْضُهُمْ لَيَدُ أَنْ يُحْمِلُ أَهْلَ بَيْتِهِ عَلَى رِقَابِنَا فَقَالُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ هَذَا وَ مَا هُوَ إِلَّا شَيْءٌ يَتَقَوَّلُهُ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُحْمِلُ أَهْلَ بَيْتِهِ عَلَى رِقَابِنَا فَقَالُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ هَذَا وَ مَا هُوَ إِلَّا شَيْءٌ يَتَقَوَّلُهُ يُرِيدُ أَهْلَ بَيْتِهِ ثُمَّ لَا نُعِيدُهَا فِيهِمْ أَبَداً وَمَا هُوَ لَئِنْ قُتِلَ مُحَمَّدٌ أَوْ مَاتَ لَنَنْزَعَتُهَا مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِيهٍ ثُمَّ لَا نُعِيدُهَا فِيهِمْ أَبَداً

11 out of 57

<sup>30</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Sagalayn - Ch 21 H 4

<sup>31</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Saqalayn - Ch 21 H 4

تأويل الآيات 1: 324/ 1 <sup>32</sup>

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al-Abbas, from Ali Bin Hammad, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir, who has narrated the following:

From Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>: 'So the hypocrites said to each other, with regards to that, 'But it did not suffice Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> after having conquered us for twenty years, to the extent that he<sup>-saww</sup> now wants to burden us with the People<sup>-asws</sup> of his<sup>-saww</sup> Household upon our necks'. And they said, 'Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has not Revealed this, nor is it anything except for his<sup>-saww</sup> own words, intending to raise the People<sup>-asws</sup> of his<sup>-saww</sup> Household upon our necks, and if Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> were to be killed or dies, we would take it (rule) away from the People<sup>-asws</sup> of his<sup>-saww</sup> Household, then we would not let it return to be among them ever!'

وَ أَرَادَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَنْ يُعْلِمَ نَبِيَّهُ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) الَّذِي أَخْفُوا فِي صُدُورِهِمْ وَ أَسَرُوا بِهِ فَقَالَ فِي كِتَابِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِباً فَإِنْ يَشَا ٍ اللَّهُ يَخْتِمْ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ يَقُولُ لَوْ شِئْتُ حَبَسْتُ عَنْكَ الْوَحْيَ فَلَمْ تَكَلَّمْ بِفَصْلِ أَهْلِ بَيْتِكَ وَ لَا بِمَوَدَّقِيمْ

And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Wanted to let His<sup>-azwj</sup> Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> know of that which was hidden in their chests and what they were keeping as a secret, so He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book: *Or are they saying, He has fabricated a lie upon Allah? But if Allah so Desires, He would Seal upon your heart [42:24]*. He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying: "Had I<sup>-azwj</sup> so Liked to, I<sup>-azwj</sup> would have Stopped the Revelation, so you<sup>-saww</sup> would not have been able to speak of the virtues of the People<sup>-asws</sup> of your<sup>-saww</sup> Household, or of their cordiality".

وَ قَدْ قَالَ اللّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ يَمْحُ اللّهُ الْباطِلَ وَ يُحِقُّ الحُقَّ بِكَلِماتِهِ يَقُولُ الحُقُّ لِأَهْلِ بَيْتِكَ الْوَلايَةُ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذاتِ الصُّدُورِ وَ يَقُولُ بِمَا أَلْقَوْهُ فِي صُدُورِهِمْ مِنَ الْعَدَاوَةِ لِأَهْلِ بَيْتِكَ وَ الظُّلْمِ بَعْدَكَ وَ هُوَ قَوْلُ اللّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَسَرُّوا النَّجْوَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا هَلْ هذا إِلّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُكُمْ أَ فَتَأْتُونَ السِّحْرَ وَ أَنْتُمْ تُبْصِرُونَ

And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Said: *and Allah Deletes the falsehood and Confirms the Truth with His Word [42:24]* - He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying that the Truth is the Wilayah for the People<sup>-asws</sup> of the Household, *He is All-Knowing with the contents of the chests [42:24]*, and is Speaking of what is attached in their chests from the enmity towards the People<sup>-asws</sup> of the Household, and the injustices (to be committed) after you<sup>-saww</sup>, and these are the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: *and they consulted in secret, those who are unjust, 'Is this one except a human being like you all? Will you be going to the sorcery while you are seeing?' [21:3]'.<sup>33</sup>* 

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا محمد بن القاسم، عن أحمد بن محمد السياري، عن محمد بن خالد البرقي، عن محمد بن علي، عن علي بن حماد الأزدي، عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) في قوله عز و جل: وَ أَسَرُّوا النَّجُوَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا، قال: «الذين ظلموا آل محمد (عليهم السلام) حقهم».

Muhammad Bin Al Abbas, from Muhammad Bin Al Qasim, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Sayyari, from Muhammad Bin Khalid Al Barqy, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ali Bin Hamad Al Azdy, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Al Kafi – H 15021 (Extract)

'From Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *and they consulted in secret, those who are unjust [21:3]*. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Those who were unjust to the Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> of their<sup>-asws</sup> rights''.<sup>34</sup>

In the book Al Ihtijaj of Al Tabarsy, and reported from Safwan Bin Yahya who said,

'Abu Al-Hassan Al-Reza<sup>-asws</sup> said to Abu Qurrat, companions of Shubrama (the judge): 'The Torah, and the Evangel, and the Psalms, and the Furqan, and every Revealed Book is the Speech of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. He<sup>-azwj</sup> Revealed it to the worlds as a Light and Guidance, and all these are occurrences and these are other than Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, where He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying: 'or a Zikr would occur for them [20:113].

And He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said: 'There does not come to them a new (Message) from their Lord but they are hearing in while they are playing around [21:2]. And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Brought into being the Books, all of them which He<sup>-azwj</sup> Revealed'.<sup>35</sup>

فَقَالَ أَبُو قُرُقَ: فَهَلْ يَهْنَى؟ فَقَالَ أَبُو الْحُسَنِ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ: أَجْمَعَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ عَلَى أَنَّ مَا سِوَى اللَّهِ فِعْلُ اللَّهِ، وَ التَّوْرَاةُ وَ الْإِنْجِيلُ وَ النَّرُورُ وَ الْفُرْقَانُ فِعْلُ اللَّهِ، أَ لَمْ تَسْمَعِ النَّاسَ يَقُولُونَ: رَبُّ الْقُرْآنِ، وَ أَنَ الْقُرْآنَ يَقُولُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ: يَا رَبِّ هَذَا فُلَانٌ وَ هُوَ أَعْرَفُ بِهِ مِنْهُ، قَدْ أَظْمَأْتُ كَارَهُ وَ أَسْهَرْتُ لَيْلَهُ، فَلَا يُقولُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ: يَا رَبِّ هَذَا فُلَانٌ وَ هُوَ أَعْرَفُ بِهِ مِنْهُ، قَدْ أَظْمَأْتُ كَارَهُ وَ أَسْهَرْتُ لَيْلَهُ، وَ فَشَوْمُونِ فِيهِ فَضَالَ أَنْهُ مَا لَوْمَالِهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُونُ اللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

So Abu Qurra said, 'So would these (ever) perish?' Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Muslims have formed a consensus upon that whatever is besides Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, is the Deed of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, and the Torah, and the Evangel, and the Psalms, and the Furqan are Deeds of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. Have you not heard the people saying, 'Lord<sup>-azwj</sup> of the Quran'? And the Quran would be saying on the Day of Judgment: 'O Lord<sup>-azwj</sup>! This is so and so', and He<sup>-azwj</sup> would be more Knowing with him and it, 'He was thirsty by his days and held vigil by his night, therefore I intercede regarding him'.

وَ كَذَلِكَ التَّوْرَاةُ وَ الْإِنْجِيلُ وَ الرَّبُورُ كُلُّهَا مُحْدَثَةٌ مَرْبُوبَةٌ أَحْدَثَهَا مَنْ لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْءٌ هُدًى لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ، فَمَنْ زَعَمَ أَثَمُّنَ لَمْ يَزَلْنَ فَقَدْ أَظْهَرَ أَنَّ اللّهَ لَيْسَ بِأَوَّلِ قَدِيمٍ وَ لَا وَاحِدٍ وَ أَنَّ الْكَلَامَ لَمْ يَزَلْ مَعَهُ وَ لَيْسَ لَهُ بَدُوّ، وَ لَيْسَ بِإِله

And similar to that would be the Torah, and the Evangel, and the Psalms. All of these are creations Confirmed by the One<sup>-azwj</sup>, there isn't anything resembling Him<sup>-azwj</sup>, being a Guidance for a people using their intellects. Thus, the one who alleges that He<sup>-azwj</sup> did not Reveal these would have manifested that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> isn't the First, the Ancient, nor One, and that the Speech does not cease with Him<sup>-azwj</sup>, and there isn't a beginning for it, and it isn't a god'.<sup>36</sup>

H 6 – تفسير نور الثقلين، ج3، ص: 413 35

تأويل الأبات 1: 324/ 1 <sup>34</sup>

تفسير نور الثقلين، ج3، ص: 413 36

## **VERSES 4 - 6**

He said: 'My Lord Knows the speech in the sky and the earth, and He is the Hearing, the Knowing' [21:4]

But, they said, 'Confused dreams. But, he fabricated it. But, he is a poet. So let him come to us with a Sign just as the former ones were Sent (with)' [21:5]

There did not believe before them a town We Destroyed. So will they believe? [21:6]

# The misconception of poetry

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا سعد بن عبد الله، عن محمد بن الحسين بن أبي الخطاب، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن حماد بن عثمان، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: وَ الشُّعَراءُ يَتَّبِعُهُمُ الْغاوُونَ، قال: «هل رأيت شاعرا يتبعه أحد؟! إنما هم قوم تفقهوا لغير الدين، فضلوا و أضلوا».

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'My father narrated to us, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Muhammad Bin Al-Husayn Bin Abu Al-Khattab, from Al-Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Hamaad Bin Usman,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **And as for the poets, the deviators follow them [26:224]**, he-asws said: 'Have you seen anyone follow the poets? But rather, they are a people who think in the religion other than the Religion, (they make use of analogy). So they go astray and lead others astray (in the religion)'.<sup>37</sup>

شرف الدين النجفي: عن محمد بن جمهور بإسناده، يرفعه إلى أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: وَ الشُّعَراءُ يَتَبِعُهُمُ الْغاؤُونَ، فقال: «من رأيتم من الشعراء يتبع؟ إنما عنى هؤلاء الفقهاء الذين يشعرون قلوب الناس بالباطل، فهم الشعراء الذين يتبعون».

Sharaf Al-Deen Al-Najafy, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, by his chain, raising it to

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: *And as for the poets, the deviators follow them [26:224]*, so he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Who has ever seen the poets being followed? But rather, it Means those Jurists (الشعواء) who notify (پشعرون) the hearts of

\_

معانى الأخبار: 385/ 19. 37

the people with the falsehood. So they are the 'Shuara' (publicisers) (الشعراء) who are being followed'.<sup>38</sup>

وقال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه وآله): ثم كل معروف بعد ذلك، وما وقيتم به أعراضكم وصنتموها عن ألسنة كلاب الناس، كالشعراء الوقاعين في الاعراض، تكفونحم فهو محسوب لكم في الصدقات.

And Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'Then all your good (deeds) after that which you do to preserve your honour, and then you give for the tongues of the dogs of the people, like the poets who praise people. Refrain from them, for it will be Reckoned for you, regarding the charities.'<sup>39</sup>

### **VERSE 7**

And We did not Send before you except men We Revealed unto them, therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]

#### Al-Zikr and Ahl Al-Zikr

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحُمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَجْلَانَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَ وَ جَلَّ فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِنْ كُنتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) الذِّكْرُ أَنَا وَ الْأَرْمَةُ أَهْلُ الذِّكْرِ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Abdullah Bin Ajlan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: *therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]*. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> is *Al-Zikr*, I<sup>-asws</sup> and the Imams<sup>-asws</sup> are *the people of Al-Zikr [16:43]*'.<sup>40</sup>

حدثنا عبد الله بن جعفر عن محمد بن عيسى عن محمد بن سنان عن اسمعيل بن جابر وعبد الكريم عن عبد الحميد بن ابي الديلم عن ابي عبد الله عليه السلام في قول الله بستوالهم ولم يؤمروا بسؤال الجهال السلام في قول الله تعالى فاسئلوا اهل الذكر ان كنتم لا تعلمون قال كتاب الله الذكر واهله آل محمد الذين امر الله بسئوالهم ولم يؤمروا بسؤال الجهال

Narrated to us Abdullah Bin Ja'far, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Ismail Bin Jaabir and Abdul Kareem, from Abdul Hameed Bin Abu Al-Dalam who has reported the following:

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: **therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Book of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> is **Al-Zikr**, and its People<sup>-asws</sup> are the Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> are the ones whom Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Commanded to ask them<sup>-asws</sup> and did not Command to ask the ignorant ones.

وسمى الله القرآن ذكرا فقال وانزلنا اليك الذكر لتبين للناس ما نزل إليهم ولعلهم يتفكرون.

تأويل الأبات 1: 998/ 28 <sup>38</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Al Askariasws – S 40

<sup>(</sup>Extract) الكافي 1: 163/ 1.

and Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Named the Quran as the 'Reminder' (*Zikr*) and Said: **With the clear proofs** and the Scriptures, and We Sent Al Zikr to you in order to clarify to the people what has been Sent to them, and perhaps they would be thinking [16:44]'.<sup>41</sup>

### The Ahl Al-Zikr are not Jews and Christians

حدثنا احمد بن محمد عن الحسين بن سعيد عن صفوان عن ابى عثمان عن المعلى بن خنيس عن ابى عبد الله عليه السلام في قول الله تعالى فاسئلوا اهل الذكر ان كنتم لا تعلمون قال هم آل محمد

Narrated to us Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al-Husayn Bin Saeed, from Safwaan, from Abu Usman, from Al-Moala Bin Khunays who has reported the following:

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: **therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**, said: 'They are the Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>.'

فذكرنا له حديث الكلبي انه قال هي في اهل الكتاب قال فلعنه وكذبه.

We mentioned to him<sup>-asws</sup> the narration of Al-Kalby that he said that this is regarding the People of the Book (Jews and Christians). He (the narrator) said that he<sup>-asws</sup> cursed them and belied them.'<sup>42</sup>

مُحُمَّدُ بْنُ يَخْبِيَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْخُسَيْنِ عَنْ صَفْوَانَ بْنِ يَخْبِي عَنِ الْعَلَاءِ بْنِ رَزِينٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ مُسْلِمٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ إِنَّ مَنْ عِنْدَنَا يَرْعُمُونَ أَنَّ قَوْلَ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ اللَّذِكُرِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ أَشَمُّ الْيَهُودُ وَ النَّصَارَى قَالَ إِذَا يَدْعُونَكُمْ إِلَى دِينِهِمْ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Safwan Bin Yahya, from Al A'ala Bin Razeyn, from Muhammad Bin Muslim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>, said, 'There are ones with us who are alleging that the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**, they are the Jews and the Christians'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Then they would be calling you to their religion'.

قَالَ قَالَ بِيَدِهِ إِلَى صَدْرِهِ نَحْنُ أَهْلُ الذِّكْرِ وَ نَحْنُ الْمَسْتُولُونَ .

He (the narrator) said, 'He<sup>-asws</sup> said by (placing) his<sup>-asws</sup> hand upon his<sup>-asws</sup> chest: 'We<sup>-asws</sup> are the people of Al Zikr [21:7], and we<sup>-asws</sup> are to be asked'.<sup>43</sup>

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا علي بن الحسين بن شاذويه المؤدب و جعفر بن محمد بن مسرور (رضي الله عنهما)، قالا: حدثنا محمد بن عبد الله بن جعفر الحميري، عن أبيه، عن الريان بن الصلت، قال: حضر الرضا (عليه السلام) مجلس المأمون بمرو و قد اجتمع في مجلسه جماعة من علماء العراق و خراسان، و ذكر الحديث إلى أن قال فيه الرضا (عليه السلام): «نحن أهل الذكر الذين قال الله في كتابه: فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ فنحن أهل الذكر، فاسألونا إن كنتم لا تعلمون».

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Basaair Al Darajaat – P 1 Ch 19 H 19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Basaair Al Darajaat – P 1 Ch 19 H 15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 20 H 7

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'Ali Bin Al Husayn Bin Shazawiya Al Mo'dab and Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Masroor narrated to us, from Muhammad Bin Abdullah Bin Ja'far Al Humeyri, from his father, from Al Rayaan Bin Al Salt who said,

'Al-Reza<sup>-asws</sup> was present at a gathering of Al-Mamoun at Merv, and there had gathered in his gathering, from the scholars of Al Iraq and Khurasan', and he mentioned the Hadeeth until Al Reza<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'We<sup>-asws</sup> are the People<sup>-asws</sup> of the Reminder whom Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Mentioned in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book: *therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]*. So we<sup>-asws</sup> are *the people of Al-Zikr*, so you all should be asking us<sup>-asws</sup> if you do not know'.

فقالت العلماء: إنما عنى الله بذلك اليهود و النصارى. فقال أبو الحسن (عليه السلام): «سبحان الله، و هل يجوز ذلك؟ إذن يدعونا إلى دينهم، و يقولون: هو أفضل من دين الإسلام».

The scholars said, 'But rather, what Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Meant by that are the Jews and the Christians!' So Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Glory be to Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>! And is that possible? Then we all are being called to their Religions, and they would be saying that it is higher than the Religion of Al-Islam!'

فقال المأمون: فهل عندك في ذلك شرح بخلاف ما قالوا، يا أبا الحسن؟

Al-Mamoun said, 'So is there an explanation with you<sup>-asws</sup> which is different from what they are saying, O Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup>?'

فقال (عليه السلام): «نعم، الذكر: رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) و نحن أهله، و ذلك بين في كتاب الله تعالى حيث يقول في سورة الطلاق: فَاتَّقُوا اللّهَ يا أُولِي الْأَلْباب الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا قَدْ أُنْزَلَ اللّهُ إِلَيْكُمْ ذِكْراً رَسُولًا يَتْلُوا عَلَيْكُمْ آياتِ اللّهِ مُبَيّناتِ فالذكر: رسول الله، و نحن أهله».

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Yes. *Al-Zikr* is Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>, and we<sup>-asws</sup> are its People<sup>-asws</sup>. And that is explained in the Book of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> where He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying in *Surah Al Talaaq*: *therefore fear Allah, O ones of understanding, those who are believing! Allah has Sent down to you a Zikr [65:10] A Rasool [65:11]*. So the Reminder is Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>, and we<sup>-asws</sup> are its People<sup>-asws</sup>, 44

### The ones to ask from

الحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَمِّهِ عَبْدِ الرَّمْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ ( عليه السلام ) فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلُ الْمَسْتُولُونَ فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ قَالَ الذِّكْرُ مُحَمَّدٌ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ خَنْ أَهْلُهُ الْمَسْتُولُونَ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama, from Ali Bin Hassan, from his uncle Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup>, 'therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Al-Zikr is Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>, and we<sup>-asws</sup> are his<sup>-saww</sup> people, the ones<sup>-asws</sup> to be asked'.<sup>45</sup>

11

عيون أخبار الرّضا (عليه السّلام) 1: 228/ 1 44

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 20 H 2 (Extract)

# Asking the Imams<sup>-asws</sup> is an Obligation, their<sup>-asws</sup> replying to us is not

حدثنا محمد بن الحسين عن محمد بن اسمعيل عن منصور بن يونس عن ابى بكر الحضرمي قال كنت عند ابى جعفر عليه السلام ودخل عليه الورد اخو الكميت فقال جعلني الله فداك اخترت لك سبعين مسألة ما يحضرني مسألة واحدة منها قال ولا واحدة ياورد قال بلى قد حضرني واحدة قال وما هي قال قول الله تبارك وتعالى فسئلوا اهل الذكر ان كنتم لا تعلمون

Narrated to us Muhammad Bin Al-Husayn, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Mansour Bin Yunus, from Abu Bakr Al-Hazramy who said:

'I was with Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> when Al-Warad the brother of Al-Kumeyt entered. He said, 'May Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Make me to be sacrificed for you<sup>-asws</sup>, I had chosen seventy questions for you<sup>-asws</sup>, but I can only recall one of them.' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'And no another one, O Warad?' He said, 'Yes, I recall (only).' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'And which one is that?' He said, 'The Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted: *therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]*'.

قال ياورد امركم الله تبارك وتعالى ان تسئلونا ولنا ان شئنا اجبناكم وان شئنا لم نجبكم.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'O Warad, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted Commanded you to ask from us<sup>-asws</sup> (we<sup>-asws</sup> are the *Ahl Al-Zikr*) and it is up to us<sup>-asws</sup>, if we<sup>-asws</sup> like, we<sup>-asws</sup> answer you, but if we<sup>-asws</sup> find it inappropriate, we<sup>-asws</sup> don't (reply).'<sup>46</sup>

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ الرِّضَا ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ سَمِعْتُهُ يَقُولُ قَالَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ ( عليه السلام ) عَلَى الْأَثِمَّةِ مِنَ الْفَرْضِ مَا لَيْسَ عَلَى شِيعَتِهِمْ وَ عَلَى شِيعَتِنَا مَا لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Washa,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Reza-asws, said, 'I heard him-asws saying: 'Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws said: 'Certain obligations for 'Aimmah'-asws are not obligatory upon their-asws followers and certain obligations of our-asws followers are not obligatory for us. It is from the Imposition upon the Imams-asws what isn't upon their-asws Shias, and upon our-asws Shia what isn't upon us-asws.

أَمَرَهُمُ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَنْ يَسْأَلُونَا قَالَ فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ فَأَمَرَهُمْ أَنْ يَسْأَلُونَا وَ لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا الْجُوَابُ إِنْ شِفْنَا أَجْبَنَا وَ إِنْ شِفْنَا أَمْسَكْنَا .

Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Commanded them that they should be asking us<sup>-asws</sup>, so He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said: **therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**. So He<sup>-azwj</sup> Commanded them that they should ask us<sup>-asws</sup>, and the answering isn't upon us<sup>-asws</sup>. If we<sup>-asws</sup> so desire to, we<sup>-asws</sup> will answer, and if we<sup>-asws</sup> so desire, we<sup>-asws</sup> will not answer'.<sup>47</sup>

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ الرّضَا ( عليه السلام ) فَقُلْتُ لَهُ جُعِلْتُ فِدَاكَ فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِنْ كُنتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha who said,

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Basaair Al Darajaat – P 1 Ch 19 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 20 H 8

'I asked Al-Reza<sup>-asws</sup>, so I said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'May I be sacrificed for you<sup>-asws</sup>! (What about the Verse): **therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**?'

فَقَالَ خَنْ أَهْلُ الذِّكْرِ وَ خَنْ الْمَسْئُولُونَ قُلْتُ فَأَنْتُمُ الْمَسْئُولُونَ وَ خَنْ السَّائِلُونَ قَالَ نَعَمْ قُلْتُ حَقّاً عَلَيْنَا أَنْ نَسْأَلَكُمْ قَالَ نَعَمْ قُلْتُ حَقّاً عَلَيْكُمْ أَنْ تُجِيبُونَا

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'We<sup>-asws</sup> are the **people of Al-Zikr**, and we<sup>-asws</sup> are the ones to be asked'. I said, 'So you (Imams<sup>-asws</sup>) would be answering to (all) of our questions?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Yes'. I said, 'It is a right (Obligation) upon us that we ask you<sup>-asws</sup> All?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Yes'. I said, 'Is it a right (Obligation) upon you<sup>-asws</sup> that you<sup>-asws</sup> should answer us?'

قَالَ لَا ذَاكَ إِلَيْنَا إِنْ شِئْنَا فَعَلْنَا وَ إِنْ شِئْنَا لَمْ نَفْعَلْ أَ مَا تَسْمَعُ قَوْلَ اللَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى هذا عَطاؤُنا فَامْنُنْ أَوْ أَمْسِكْ بِغَيْرِ حِسابٍ.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'No. That is up to us<sup>-asws</sup>. If we<sup>-asws</sup> so desire to, we would do so, and if we<sup>-asws</sup> desire, we<sup>-asws</sup> would not do so. Have you not heard the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted: *This is Our Gift, so either confer or withhold, without a Reckoning [38:39]*?'<sup>48</sup>

# Why ask the Imams<sup>-asws</sup>

مُحَمَّدٌ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ عَنِ ابْنِ فَضَّالٍ عَنِ ابْنِ بُكَيْرٍ عَنْ حَمْزَةَ بْنِ الطَّيَّارِ أَنَّهُ عَرَضَ عَلَى أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ ( عليه السلام ) بَعْضَ خُطَبِ أَبِيهِ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ مَوْضِعاً مِنْهَا قَالَ لَهُ كُفَّ وَ اسْكُتْ ثُمَّ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللهِ ( عليه السلام ) لَا يَسَعُكُمْ فِيمَا يَنْزِلُ بِكُمْ مِمَّا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ إِلَّا الْكَفُ عَنْهُ وَ التَّتَبُّتُ وَ الرَّدُ إِلَى أَثِمَةِ الْهُدَى حَتَّى يَخْمِلُوكُمْ فِيهِ عَلَى الْقَصْدِ وَ يَجْلُوا عَنْكُمْ فِيهِ الْعَمَى وَ يُعَرِّفُوكُمْ فِيهِ الْحَقَّ قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى فَسْتَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكُر إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُونَ .

Muhammad, from Ahmad, from Ibn Fazzal, from Ibn Bukeyr, from Hamza Bin Al Tayyar that,

'He presented to Abu Abdullah-asws some of the sermons of his father, until when he reached a subject from it, he-asws said to him: 'Stop, and be silent'. Then Abu Abdullah-asws said: 'There is no leeway for you regarding what comes to you from what you do not know except to pause at that, and affirming, and referring it back to the Imams-asws of the Guidance, until they-asws deliver to you the purpose (of it), and they-asws isolate from you the blindness in (that where you are going), and they-asws make you recognise the truth in it. Allah-azwi the Exalted Said: *therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]*'.49

عنه، عن أبيه، عمن حدثه رفعه إلى أبي عبد الله عليه السلام قال: إنه لا يسعكم فيما ينزل بكم مما لا تعملون إلا الكف عنه والتثبت فيه والرد إلى أثمة المسلمين حتى يعرفوكم فيه الحق ويحملوكم فيه على القصد، قال الله عزوجل: " فاسئلوا أهل الذكر إن كنتم لا تعلمون ".

From him, from his father, from the one who narrated it,

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'There is no leeway for you with regards to what descends by you from what you do not know except for the restraint from it, and the verification regarding it, and the referring to the Imams<sup>-asws</sup> of the Muslims until you understand the

<sup>49</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Intellect and Ignorance CH 16 H 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 20 H 3

Truth regarding it, and it carries you upon the intended way. Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Says: **therefore ask the people of Al Zikr if you don't know [21:7]**'. <sup>50</sup>

### **Circumstances of the Revelation**

ابن شهر آشوب في (المناقب): قال في تفسير يوسف القطان، عن وكيع، عن الثوري، عن السدي، قال: كنت عند عمر بن الخطاب إذ أقبل عليه كعب بن الأشرف و مالك بن الصيف و حيي بن أخطب، فقالوا: إن في كتابكم جنة عرضها السماوات و الأرض، إذا كانت سعة جنة واحدة كسبع سماوات و سبع أرضين، فالجنان كلها يوم القيامة أين تكون؟ فقال عمر: لا أدري.

Ibn Shehr Ashub in Al Manaqib said, 'In the Tafseer of Yusuf Al Qataan (Non Shia source), from Waki'e, from Al Sowry, from Al Sady who said,

'I was in the presence of Umar Bin Al-Khattab when Ka'ab Al-Ashraf and Malik Bin Al-Sayf, and Hayy Bin Al-Akhtab (Jews) came to him, so they said, 'In your Book is a Garden as wide as the skies and the earth. When the width of one Garden is like the seven skies and the seven firmaments, so then all of the Gardens on the Day of Judgement, where would they be?' So Umar said, 'I don't know'.

فبينما هم في ذلك إذ دخل علي (عليه السلام) فقال: «في أي شيء أنتم»؟ فألقى اليهودي المسألة عليه. فقال (عليه السلام) لهم: «خبروني أن النهار إذا أقبل الليل أين يكون أو الليل إذا أقبل النهار أين يكون]؟» قالوا له: في علم الله تعالى يكون. فقال علي (عليه السلام): «كذلك الجنان تكون في علم الله تعالى»

So, whilst they were in the midst of that, Ali-asws entered, and he-asws said: 'In what thing are you in (discussing)?' So, the Jew cast the question to him-asws. So he-asws said to them: 'Inform me-asws that the day, when the night comes about, where does it go, and (about) the night, when the day comes about, where does it go?' So they said to him-asws: 'It is in the Knowledge of Allah-azwj the High, where they go'. So Ali-asws said: 'Similar to that are the Gardens, they would be in the Knowledge of Allah-azwj the High'.

Then Ali-asws came to the Prophet-saww and informed him-saww of that. Thus, it was Revealed: therefore ask the people of Al-Zikr if you don't know [21:7]'.51

## **VERSES 8 & 9**

And We did not Make them as bodies not eating the food, and they were not supposed to be immortal [21:8]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Al Mahaasin – V 1 Bk 5 H 103

المناقب 2: 352. 51

Then We Ratified Our Promise to them, so We Delivered them and ones We so Desired to, and We Destroyed the extravagant ones [21:9]

فِي تَفْسِيرٍ الْعَيَّاشِيِّ زُرَارَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ قَالَ: سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَرٍ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ: «يَوْمَ تُبَدَّلُ الْأَرْضُ غَيْرَ الْأَرْضِ» يُعْنَى تُبَدَّلُ خُبْزَةً نَقِيَّةً يَأْكُلُو النَّاسُ مِنْهَا حَتَّى يَفْرُغَ مِنَ الْحِسَابِ؟ قَالَ اللَّهُ: «وَ مَا جَعَلْنَاهُمْ جَسَداً لا يَأْكُلُونَ الطَّعَامَ».

In Tafseer Al Ayyashi, (reported by) Zurara,

'From Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>, he (the narrator) said, 'I asked Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>: *On the Day the earth would be changed to another earth,* [14:48] – it means it would change into pure bread. The people would be eating from it until they are free from the Reckoning. Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Says: 'And We did not Make them as bodies not eating the food, and they were not supposed to be immortal [21:8]".<sup>52</sup>

#### VERSE 10

We have Revealed to you a Book in which is your Zikr. So, are you not using your intellects? [21:10]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا محمد بن همام، عن محمد بن إسماعيل، عن عيسى بن داود النجار، عن أبي الحسن موسى بن جعفر (عليهما السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: لَقَدْ أَنْزَلْنا إِلَيْكُمْ كِتاباً فِيهِ ذِكْرُكُمْ أَ فَلا تَعْقِلُونَ، قال: «الطاعة للإمام بعد النبي (صلى الله عليه و آله)».

Muhammad Bin Al Abbas, from Muhammad Bin Hamam, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from isa Bin Dawood Al Najjar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Musa Bin Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: *We have Revealed to you a Book in which is your Zikr. So, are you not using your intellects? [21:10]*. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The obedience to the Imam<sup>-asws</sup> after the Prophet<sup>-saww'</sup>.<sup>53</sup>

### **VERSES 11 - 15**

And how many a town did We Shatter which was unjust, and We Raised after it another people? [21:11]

21 out of 57

H 12 – تفسير نور الثقلين، ج3، ص: 414 52

تَأُو بِلِ الآبِاتِ 1: 325/ 5 <sup>53</sup>

When they do sense Our Punishment, then they are fleeing from it [21:12]

"Do not be fleeing and return to what luxuries you were given therein, and your dwellings, perhaps you would be questioned!" [21:13]

They say, 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!' [21:14]

So that would not cease to be their call until We Make them to be as harvest cut down, motionless [21:15]

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ فَضَّالٍ عَنْ ثَغَلَبَةَ بْنِ مَيْمُونٍ عَنْ بَدْرِ بْنِ الْخَلِيلِ الْأَسَدِيِّ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَلَمَّا أَحَسُّوا بَأْسَنا إِذَا هُمْ مِنْها يَرَّكُضُونَ لا تَرَّكُضُوا وَ ارْجِعُوا إِلَى ما أُتْرِفْتُمْ فِيهِ وَ مَساكِنِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُسْتَلُونَ قَالَ إِذَا قَامَ الْقَائِمُ وَ بَعَثَ إِلَى بَنِي أُمَيَّة بالشَّامِ فَهَرُبُوا إِلَى الرُّومِ

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Fazaal, from Sa'albat Bin Maymoun, from Badr Bin Al-Khaleel Al-Asady who said:

'I heard Abu Ja'far-asws saying regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **So when** they do sense Our Punishment, then they are fleeing from it [21:12] "Do not be fleeing and return to what luxuries you were given therein, and your dwellings, perhaps you would be questioned!" [21:13]. He-asws said: 'When Al-Qaim-asws makes the stand, and sends (an army) against the clan of Umayya in Syria, then they will flee to Rome.

فَيَقُولُ لَمُنُمُ الرُّومُ لَا نُدْخِلَنَّكُمْ حَتَّى تَتَنَصَّرُوا فَيُعَلِقُونَ فِي أَغْنَاقِهِمُ الصُّلْبَانَ فَيُدْخِلُونَهُمْ فَإِذَا نَزَلَ بِحَضْرَتِهِمْ أَصْحَابُ الْقَائِمِ طَلَبُوا الْأَمَانَ وَ الصُّلْحَ فَيَقُولُ أَصْحَابُ الْقَائِمِ لَا نَفْعَلُ حَتَّى تَدْفَعُوا إِلَيْنَا مَنْ قِبَلَكُمْ مِنَّا قَالَ فَيَدْفَعُونَهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ

But the Romans will say to them, 'We will not let you enter until you become Christians'. So they will hang crosses upon their necks and allow them to enter. Then when the companions of Al-Qaim<sup>-asws</sup> descend upon them, they (Romans) will seek security and reconciliation. The companions of Al-Qaim<sup>-asws</sup> will say, 'We will not do that until you hand over to us the ones who came to you before from us'. So they will hand them over.

فَذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ لا تَرْكُضُوا وَ ارْجِعُوا إِلَى مَا أُتْرِفْتُمْ فِيهِ وَ مَساكِنِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُسْفَلُونَ قَالَ يَسْأَلُهُمُ الْكُنُوزَ وَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا قَالَ فَيَقُولُونَ يا وَيْلَنا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظالِمِينَ فَمَا زَالَتْ تِلْكَ دَعْواهُمْ حَتَّى جَعَلْناهُمْ حَصِيداً خامِدِينَ بالسَّيْف. Thus, these are His-azwj Words: "Do not be fleeing and return to what luxuries you were given therein, and your dwellings, perhaps you would be questioned!" [21:13]'. He-asws said: 'So he-asws will question them about the treasure although he-asws would be knowing more than them about it. So they will say, "O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!" [21:14] So that would not cease to be their call until We Make them to be as harvest cut down – by the sword, motionless [21:15]'.54

العياشي: عن عبد الأعلى الحلي، قال: قال أبو جعفر (عليه السلام) في حديث يذكر فيه خروج القائم (عليه السلام): «لكأني أنظر إليهم- يعني القائم (عليه السلام) و أصحابه- مصعدين من نجف الكوفة ثلاثمائة و بضعة عشر رجلا كأن قلوبهم زبر الحديد، جبرئيل عن يمينه و ميكائيل عن يساره، يسير الرعب أمامه شهرا و خلفه شهرا،

Al Ayyashi, from Abdul A'la Al Halby who said,

'Abu Ja'far-asws said in a Hadeeth mentioning in it the rising of Al-Qaim-asws: 'It is as if I-asws am looking at them – meaning Al-Qaim<sup>-asws</sup> and his<sup>-asws</sup> companions – going up to Najaf, Al-Kufa. Three hundred and some ten men, with their hearts being like blocks of iron. Jibraeel-as being on their right and Mikaeel-as on their left. The fear moving in front of them widespread, and behind them widespread.

أمده الله بخمسة آلاف من الملائكة مسومين، حتى إذا صعد النجف قال لأصحابه: تعبدوا ليلتكم هذه، فيبيتون بين راكع و ساجد يتضرعون إلى الله، حتى إذا أصبح قال: خذوا بنا طريق النخيلة، و على الكوفة جند مجندة»

Allah-azwj will Help him-asws with five thousand from the Angels with a terrifying onslaught, until they overcome Al-Najaf, he-asws would say to his-asws companions: '(Perform acts of) worship in this night of yours'. So they would be in between performing Rukus and Sajdahs, appealing to Allah-azwj until the morning, 'Take with us-asws the Al-Nakheela way to Al-Kufa with the recruit army'.

قلت: و جند مجندة؟ قال: «إي و الله، حتى ينتهي إلى مسجد إبراهيم (عليه السلام) بالنخيلة، فيصلي فيه ركعتين، فيخرج إليه من كان بالكوفة من مرجئيها و غيرهم من جيش السفياني، فيقول لأصحابه: استطردوا لهم. ثم يقول: كروا عليهم، - قال أبو جعفر (عليه السلام) - و لا يجوز - و الله -الخندق منهم مخبر.

I said, 'And the recruit army?' He-asws said: 'Yes, by Allah-azwj, until he-asws ends up at Masjid Ibrahim<sup>-as</sup> at Al-Nakheela, so he<sup>-asws</sup> would pray two Cycles Salat in it. Then there would come out against him-asws from those who were at Al-Kufa from the Murijites and others from the army of Al-Sufyani, so he-asws would say to his-asws companions: 'Deal with them!' Then he-asws would say: 'Attack them!' By Allah-azwj! It is not permissible for an informant from them to cross over the ditch'.

ثم يدخل الكوفة فلا يبقى مؤمن إلا كان فيها، أوحن إليها، و هو قول أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام)، ثم يقول لأصحابه: سيروا إلى هذا الطاغية، فيدعوه إلى كتاب الله و سنة نبيه (صلى الله عليه و آله) فيعطيه السفياني من البيعة مسلما،

Then he-asws would enter Al-Kufa. So there would not remain a Momin except that he would be in it, or yearn for it, and it is the speech of Amir-Al-Momineen-asws. Then he-asws would be

الكافي 8: 51/ 15. 54

saying to his-asws companions: 'Go to this tyrant, and call him to the Book of Allah-azwj and the Sunnah of His-azwj Prophet-saww'. So they (the Momineen) would be coming to him for the pledge of allegiance in submission (Imam-asws).

فيقول له كلب، و هم أخواله: ما هذا الذي صنعت؟ و الله ما نبايعك على هذا أبدا. فيقول ما أصنع؟ فيقولون: استقبله فيستقبله، ثم يقول له القائم (عليه السلام): خذ حذرك فإنني أديت إليك، و أنا مقاتلك.

A dog (an uncle of Sufyani) would say to him (Sufyani), 'What is this which you are (intending to) do? By Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>! We would never pledge allegiance to them (believers) upon this, ever!' So he (Al-Sufyani) would be saying, 'What shall I do?' They would be saying, 'Accept him<sup>-asws</sup> so that he<sup>-asws</sup> would accept you'. Then Al-Qaim<sup>-asws</sup> would say to him: 'Take a warning, for I<sup>-asws</sup> have wergild against you, and I<sup>-asws</sup> shall be fighting against you'.

فيصبح فيقاتلهم فيمنحه الله أكتافهم، و يأخذ السفياني أسيرا، فينطلق به و يذبحه بيده. ثم يرسل جريدة خيل إلى الروم فيستحذرون بقية بني امية، فإذا انتهوا إلى الروم قالوا: أخرجوا إلينا أهل ملتنا عندكم-

It would become such that he<sup>-asws</sup> would fight against them and Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> would grant him<sup>-asws</sup> victory and Al-Sufyani would be taken as a captive. Then he<sup>-asws</sup> would go to him and slaughter him with his<sup>-asws</sup> own hands. Then he<sup>-asws</sup> would sent his<sup>-asws</sup> cavalry to Rome, and they would caution the remainder of the clan of Umayya when they end up at Rome, saying, 'Bring out to us the people of our Religion who are with you!'

فيأبون، و يقولون: و الله لا نفعل: فيقول الجريدة: و الله لو أمرنا لقاتلناكم، ثم ينطلقون إلى صاحبهم فيعرضون ذلك عليه، فيقول انطلقوا فأخرجوا إليهم أصحابهم، فإن هؤلاء قد أتوا بسلطان

They (Romans) would refuse, and would be saying, 'By Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>! We will not do it!' So the cavalry would say, 'By Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>! If only we had been ordered to fight you!' Then they would rush to their companions and present it (the whole affair) to them, so they would be saying, 'Quickly, bring their companions out to them, for they have come with an authority'.

و هو قول الله عز و جل: فَلَمَّا أَحَسُّوا بَأْسَنا إِذا هُمْ مِنْها يَرْكُضُونَ لا تَرْكُضُوا وَ ارْجِعُوا إِلى ما أُتْرِفْتُمْ فِيهِ وَ مَساكِنِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُسْئَلُونَ قال: يعني الكنوز التي كنتم تكنزون،

And these are the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **So when they do sense Our Punishment, then they are fleeing from it [21:12] "Do not be fleeing and return to what luxuries you were given therein, and your dwellings, perhaps you would be questioned!" [21:13]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'It Means the treasures which you all have been hoarding.

قالُوا يا وَيْلَنا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظالِمِينَ فَما زالَتْ تِلْكَ دَعْواهُمْ حَتَّى جَعَلْناهُمْ حَصِيداً خامِدِينَ لا يبقى منهم مخبر».

They would say: 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!' [21:14] So that would not cease to be their call until We Make them to be as harvest cut down, motionless [21:15]. There would not remain (alive) an informant among them'. 55

\_

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 56/ 49 55

و عنه، قال: حدثنا الحسين بن أحمد، عن محمد بن عيسى، عن يونس، عن منصور، عن إسماعيل بن جابر، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: فَلَمَّا أَحَسُّوا بَأْسَنا، قال: «و ذلك عند قيام القائم (عليه السلام)، إذا هُمْ مِنْها يَرُّكُضُونَ.

And from him (Sharaf al Deen Al Najafi) who said, 'It was narrated to us by Al Husayn Bin Ahmad, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Yunus, from Mansour, from Ismail Bin Jabir,

'From Abu Abdullah-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **So when they do sense Our Punishment [21:12]**. He-asws said: 'And that is during the Rising of Al Qaim-asws, **then they are fleeing from it [21:12]**.

قال: «الكنوز التي كانوا يكنزون قالُوا يا وَيْلَنا إِنَّا كُتَّا ظالِمِينَ فَما زالَتْ تِلْكَ دَعْواهُمْ حَتَّى جَعَلْناهُمْ حَصِيداً. بالسيف خامِدِينَ لا تبقى منهم عين تطرف».

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The treasures which they were hoarding, *They said, 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!'* [21:14] So that did not cease to be their call until We Made as mowed down harvest – with the sword, motionless [21:15]. There would not remain from them an eye (still) blinking''. <sup>56</sup>

**VERSES 16 - 18** 

And We did not Create the sky and the earth and what is between the two for sport [21:16]

Had We Wanted to Take to sport, We would have Taken to it from Ourselves if We Wanted to Do so [21:17]

But, We Hurl the Truth upon the falsehood, so it confutes it, and then it vanishes. And for you is the woe from what you are ascribing [21:18]

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Fazaal, from Yunus Bin yaqoub, from Abdul A'ala who said,

\_

تأويل الآيات 1: 326/ 7. 56

'I asked Abu Abdullah-asws about the singing, and I said, 'They are alleging that Rasool-Allah-saww allowed it (singing) when he-saww said: 'We-saww have come to you, we-saww have come to you. You greet us-saww, you greet us-saww, so we-saww greet you'.

فقال: «كذبوا، إن الله عز و جل يقول: وَ مَا حَلَقْنَا السَّمَاءَ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا لاعِبِينَ لَوْ أَرَدْنا أَنْ نَتَّخِذَ هُوْاً لَاتَّخَذْناهُ مِنْ لَدُنَّا إِنْ كُنَّا فاعِلِينَ بَلْ نَقْذِفُ بِالْحَقِّ عَلَى الْباطِلِ فَيَدْمَغُهُ فَإِذا هُوَ زاهِقٌ وَ لَكُمُ الْوَيْلُ مِمَّا تَصِفُونَ»، ثم قال: «ويل لفلان مما يصف»– رجل لم يحضر المجلس–.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They are lying! Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is Saying: **And We did not Create the sky and the earth and what is between the two for sport [21:16] Had We Wanted to Take to sport, We would have Taken to it from Ourselves if We Wanted to Do so [21:17] But, We Hurl the Truth upon the falsehood, so it confutes it, and then it vanishes. And for you is the woe from what you are ascribing [21:18]**'. Then he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Woe be unto so and so from what he ascribes!' – A man who was not present in the gathering'.<sup>57</sup>

عَنْهُ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ يُونُسَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّمْمَٰنِ رَفَعَهُ قَالَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللّهِ (عليه السلام) لَيْسَ مِنْ بَاطِلٍ يَقُومُ بِإِزَاءِ الحُتِّيِّ إِلَّا غَلَبَ الحُقُّ الْبَاطِلَ وَ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ بَلْ نَقْذِفُ بِالْحِتِّ عَلَى الْباطِل فَيَدْمَعُهُ فَإِذا هُوَ زاهِقٌ.

From him, from his father, from Yunus Bin Abdul Rahmaan with an unbroken chain, said:

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'There is nothing from the falsehood which can stand up to the truth, but the truth will overcome the falsehood, and these are the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *But, We Hurl the Truth upon the falsehood, so it confutes it, and then it vanishes. And for you is the woe from what you are ascribing [21:18]*'.<sup>58</sup>

أحمد بن محمد بن خالد البرقي: عن أبيه، عن يونس بن عبد الرحمن، رفعه، قال: قال أبو عبد الله (عليه السلام): «ليس من باطل يقوم بإزاء الحق إلا غلب الحق الباطل، و ذلك قوله تعالى: بَالْ نَقَٰذِفُ بالحُقّ عَلَى الْباطِل فَيَلْمُغُهُ فَإِذا هُوَ زاهِقٌ».

Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Khalid Al Barqy, from his father, from Yunus bin Abdul Rahman, raising it, said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'There is no falsehood which confronts the Truth except that the Truth overcomes the falsehood, and that is in the Words of the Exalted: *But, We Hurl the Truth upon the falsehood, so it confutes it, and then it vanishes. And for you is the woe from what you are ascribing* [21:18]'.<sup>59</sup>

و عنه: عن يعقوب بن يزيد، عن رجل، عن الحكم بن مسكين، عن أيوب بن الحر بياع الهروي قال: قال لي أبو عبد الله (عليه السلام): «يا أيوب، ما من أحد إلا و قد يرد عليه الحق حتى يصدع قلبه، قبله أم تركه، و ذلك قول الله عز و جل في كتابه: بَلْ نَقْذِفُ بِالحُقِيِّ عَلَى الْباطِلِ فَيَدْمَعُهُ فَإِذا هُوَ زَاهِقٌ وَ لَكُمُ الْوَيْلُ مِمَّا تَصِفُونَ».

And from him, from Yaqoub Bin Yazeed, from a man, from Al Hakam Bin Maskeyn, from Ayoub Bin Al Hur who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> said to me: 'O Ayoub! There is no one against whom the Truth emerges until it hits his heart whether he should accept it or leave it, and that is in the Words of

<sup>58</sup> Al Kafi – V 8 H 14782

الكافي 6: 433/ 12. 57

المحاسن: 226/ 152 59

Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book: **But, We Hurl the Truth upon the falsehood,** so it confutes it, and then it vanishes. And for you is the woe from what you are ascribing [21:18]<sup>7</sup>.60

### **VERSES 19 & 20**

And for him are the ones in the skies and the earth; and the ones in His Presence are neither being arrogant from worshipping Him nor are they tiring [21:19]

## They are Glorifying by the night and the day. They are not slackening [21:20]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رضي الله عنه)، قال: حدثنا سعد بن عبد الله، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن محمد ابن عيسى، عن العباس بن موسى الوراق، عن يونس بن عبد الرحمن، عن داود بن فرقد العطار، قال: قال لي بعض أصحابنا: أخبرني عن الملائكة، أ ينامون؟ فقلت: لا أدري. فقال: يقول الله عز و جل: يُسَبّحُونَ اللَّيْلَ وَ النَّهارَ لا يَفْتُونَ.

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'My father narrated to us, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Ibn Isa, from Al Abbas Bin Musa Al Waraaq, from Yunus Bin Abdul Rahman, from Dawood Bin Farqad Al Ataar who said,

'One of our companions said to me, 'Inform me about the Angels, do they sleep?' So I said, 'I do not know'. He said, 'Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is Saying: *They are Glorifying by the night and the day. They are not slackening* [21:19]'.

ثم قال: ألا أطرفك عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) فيه بشيء؟ قال: قلت: بلى. فقال: سئل عن ذلك، فقال: «ما من حي إلا و ينام ما خلا الله وحده عز و جل، و الملائكة ينامون».

Then he said, 'Have you got anything with regards to this from Abu Abdullah-asws?' I said, 'Yes. I asked him-asws about that, so he-asws said: 'There is no one alive except that he sleeps, apart from Allah-azwj Alone, Mighty and Majestic, and the Angels do sleep'.

I said, 'Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is Saying **[21:20]** They are Glorifying Him night and day; and are not slowing down?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Their breathing is Glorification'.<sup>61</sup>

المحاسن: 276/ 391. 60

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 666/ 8. 61

في تفسير على بن ابراهيم حديث طويل عن النبي صلى الله عليه واله في ذكر ما راى في المعراج وفيه قال صلى الله عليه واله: ثم مررنا بملائكة من ملائكة الله عزوجل خلقهم الله كيف شاء، ووضع وجوههم كيف شاء، ليس شئ من أطباق أجسادهم الا وهو يسبح الله ويحمده من كل ناحية بأصوات مختلفة، أصواقم مرتفعة بالتحميد والبكاء من خشية الله،

In Tafseer of Ali Ibn Ibrahim (Qummi) -

'In a lengthy Hadeeth from the Prophet-saww regarding the mention of what he-saww saw during the Ascension, and in it he-saww said: 'Then we passed by certain Angels from the Angels of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic. Allah-azwj had Created them howsoever He-azwj Desired to, and Placed their faces howsoever He-azwj Desired to. There was nothing from the layers of their bodies except that it was Glorifying Allah-azwj, and Praising Him-azwj from every area by different sounds. Their voices were rising with the Praise, and the wailing from fear of Allah-azwj.

فسألت جبرئيل عنهم فقال: كما ترى خلقوا، ان الملك منهم الى جنب صاحبه ماكلمه قط، ولا رفعوا رؤسهم الى ما فوقها، ولا حفظوها! الى ما تحتها خوفا وخشوعا، فسلمت عليهم فردوا على ايماءا برؤوسهم، ولا ينظرون الى من الخشوع،

I<sup>-saww</sup> asked Jibraeel<sup>-as</sup> about them, so he<sup>-as</sup> said: 'They have been Created as you<sup>-saww</sup> see them to be. An Angel from them does not speak to his companion by the side of him, nor does he raise his head to what is above him, nor to look below him out of fear and humbleness. I<sup>-saww</sup> greeted them, and they responded by nodding their heads, and did not look at me<sup>-saww</sup> out of the fear.

فقال لهم جبرئيل: هذا محمد نبي الرحمة أرسله الله الى العباد رسولا ونبيا، وهو خاتم النبيين وسيدهم أفلا تكلموه ؟ قال: فلما سمعوا ذلك من جبرئيل أقبلوا على بالسلام وأكرموني وبشروني بالخير لي ولامتي.

Then Jibraeel<sup>-as</sup> said to them: 'This is Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>, the Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> of Mercy. Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Sent him<sup>-saww</sup> to the servants as a Rasool<sup>-saww</sup>, and a Prophet<sup>-saww</sup>, and he<sup>-saww</sup> is the final of the Prophets<sup>-as</sup>, and their<sup>-as</sup> Chief. Will you all not speak to him<sup>-saww</sup>?' So when they heard that from Jibraeel<sup>-as</sup>, they welcomed me<sup>-saww</sup> with the greetings, and honoured me<sup>-saww</sup>, and gave me the good news with the goodness, and were not blamed for it'.<sup>62</sup>

**VERSES 21 - 23** 

أَمِ الَّخَذُوا آلِهَةً مِنَ الْأَرْضِ هُمْ يُنْشِرُونَ {21}

Or are they taking gods from the earth who are raising (the dead)? [21:21]

لَوْ كَانَ فِيهِمَا آلِهَةُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ لَفَسَدَتَا ۚ فَسُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ {22}

28 out of 57

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 666/ 8. & Tafseer Noor Al Saqalayn - Ch 21 H 23 .

If there had been a god in them (skies and the earth) except Allah, it (universe) would have been spoilt. Therefore, Glorious is Allah, Lord of the Throne, from what they are ascribing [21:22]

## He cannot be questioned about what He Does, and they would be Questioned [21:23]

محمد بن يعقوب: عن علي بن إبراهيم، عن أبيه، عن العباس بن عمرو الفقيمي، عن هشام بن الحكم، في حديث الزنديق الذي أتى أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام)، وكان من قول أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام): «لا يخلو، قولك: إنهما اثنان من أن يكونا قد يمين قويين، أو يكونا ضعيفين، أو يكون أحدهما قويا و الآخر ضعيفا، فإن كانا قويين فلم لا يدفع كل واحد منهما صاحبه و يتفرد بالتدبير؟ و إن زعمت أن أحدهما قوي و الآخر ضعيف، ثبت أنه واحد كما نقول، للعجز الظاهر في الثاني.

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Al Abbas Bin Amro Al Faqeymi, from Hisham Bin Al Hakam,

'In a Hadeeth of the Atheist who came to Abu Abdullah-asws, and what was from the speech of Abu Abdullah-asws: 'Your words, 'There are two (gods)' are empty (meaningless). Are they both strong, or are they both weak, or is one of them strong and the other one is weak? So if both of them are strong, so why does not each one of them repel his companion and be the sole planner? And if you are alleging that one of them is strong and the other one is weak, it establishes that there is one, which is what we-asws are saying, for the frustration is apparent in the second one.

فإن قلت: إنهما اثنان لم يخل من أن يكونا متفقين من كل جهة، أو متفرقين من كل جهة، فلما رأينا الخلق منتظما، و الفلك جاريا، و التدبير واحدا، و الليل و النهار و الشمس و القمر، دل صحة الأمر و التدبير و ائتلاف الأمر على أن المدبر واحد.

So, if you say that there are two, then either they are both in full agreement in every matter, or they are differing in them. So when we see the administration of the creation, and the orbits are flowing, and the planning is one, and the night and the day, and the sun and the moon, points to the healthiness of the organisation and the harmony of the matters that the Planner is One.

ثم يلزمك إن ادعيت اثنين، فرجة ما بينهما، حتى يكونا اثنين، فصارت الفرجة ثالثا بينهما، قديما معهما فيلزمك ثلاثة، فإن ادعيت ثلاثة لزمك ما قلت في الاثنين حتى تكون بينهم فرجة فيكونوا خمسة، ثم يتناهى في العدد إلى ما لا نحاية له في الكثرة».

Then it would necessitate in your claim of two (gods), for there to be a gap in between the two, in order for them to become two. So that would become a third (entity) between the two, being eternal with the two of them, and thus necessitate a third. So if you claim there are three (gods), it would necessitate you what I<sup>-asws</sup> said with regards to the two, until there comes to be between them a gap, so these would become five. Then there would be an indefinite number which would never end in its abundance'.

قال هشام: فكان من سؤال الزنديق أن قال: فما الدليل عليه؟ فقال أبو عبد الله (عليه السلام): «وجود الأفاعيل دلت على أن صانعا صنعها، ألا ترى أنك إذا نظرت إلى بناء مشيد مبنى، علمت أن له بانيا، و إن كنت لم تر الباني و لم تشاهده؟» Hisham said, 'So, from among the questions of the atheist is that he said, 'So what is the evidence upon His<sup>-azwj</sup> (Existence)?' So Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The existence of the deeds evidences upon it that there is a Doer who is Doing it. Have you not seen that when you look at a constructed building, you come to know that there is a builder for it, even though you have neither seen the builder, nor witnessed it (its construction)?'

قال: فما هو؟ قال: شيء بخلاف الأشياء، ارجع بقولي إلى إثبات معنى، و أنه شيء بحقيقة الشيئية، غير أنه لا جسم و لا صورة و لا يحس و لا يجس و لا يدرك بالحواس الخمس، لا تدركه الأوهام، و لا تنقصه الدهور، و لا تغيره الأزمان».

He said, 'So what is He<sup>-azwj</sup>?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'A thing which is different to the things. I<sup>-asws</sup> return to my<sup>-asws</sup> words to establish the meaning. He<sup>-azwj</sup> is a Thing by the reality of the things, apart from the fact that He<sup>-azwj</sup> neither a body, nor an image, nor can be felt, nor reflected, nor can He<sup>-azwj</sup> be sensed by the five sensory perceptions, nor can He<sup>-azwj</sup> be comprehended by the imaginations, nor can the (passage of) time reduce Him<sup>-azwj</sup>, nor can the eras change Him<sup>-azwj</sup>.<sup>63</sup>

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا محمد بن الحسن بن أحمد بن الوليد (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا محمد بن الحسن الصفار، عن أحمد بن محمد بن عيسى، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، عن هشام بن الحكم، قال: قلت لأبي عبد الله (عليه السلام): ما الدليل عن أن الله واحد؟ قال: «اتصال التدبير، و تمام الصنع، كما قال الله عز و جل: لُوْ كَانَ فِيهِما آلِهُمُ إِلَّا اللهُ لَفَسَدُتا».

Ibn Babuwayh, from Muhammad Bin Al Hassan Bin Ahmad Bin Al Waleed, from Muhammad Bin Al Hassan Al Saffar, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muhammad bin Abu Umeyr, from Hisham Bin Al Hakam who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup>, 'What is the evidence that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> is One?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The connection of the Planning, and the completeness of the Making, as Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Says: *If there had been a god in them (skies and the earth) except Allah, it (universe) would have been spoilt.* [21:22]'.<sup>64</sup>

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا عبد الله بن محمد بن عبد الوهاب ، قال: أخبرنا أبو الحسن أحمد بن عبد الله بن حمزة الشعراني العماري من ولد عمار بن ياسر، قال: حدثنا أبو محمد عبيد الله بن يجيى بن عبد الباقي الأذني، بأذنة، قال: حدثنا علي بن الحسن المعاني، قال: حدثنا عبد الله بن يزيد، عن يجيى بن عقبة بن أبي العيزار، قال: حدثنا محمد بن حجار، عن يزيد بن الأصم، قال: سأل رجل عمر بن الخطاب، فقال: يا أمير المؤمنين، ما تفسير (سبحان الله)؟ قال: إن في هذا الحائط رجلا إذا سئل أنباً، و إذا سكت ابتدأ.

Ibn Babuwayh, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Bin Abdu Al Wahab, from Abu Al Hassan Ahmad Bin Abdullah Bin Hamza Al Sha'rany Al Amary from the children of Ammar Bin Yaasir, from Abu Muhammad Ubeydullah Bin yahya Bin Abdul Baqy Al Azny, from Ali Bin Al Hassan Al Ma'any, from Abdullah Bin Yazeed, from Yahya Bin Uqba Bin Abu Al Ayzaar, from Muhammad Bin hajaar, from Yazeed Bin Al Asam who said,

'A man asked Umar Bin Al-Khattab, 'O commander of the faithful, what is the explanation of 'Glory be to Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>'?' He said, 'Upon this wall there is a man, if you were to ask him<sup>-asws</sup>, he<sup>-asws</sup> would tell you, and if you are silent, he<sup>-asws</sup> would initiate'.

الكافي 1: 63/ 5.

فدخل الرجل فإذا هو علي بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام)، فقال: يا أبا الحسن، ما تفسير (سبحان الله)؟ قال: «هو تعظيم الله عز و جل و تنزيهه عما قال فيه كل مشرك، فإذا قالها العبد صلى عليه كل ملك».

The man came up, and there was Ali-asws Bin Abu Talib-asws, so he said, 'O Abu Al-Hassan-asws! What is the explanation of (the phrase) *Glorious is Allah*?' He-asws said: 'It is the Magnification of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic and His-azwj Elevation from what every Polytheist says about Him-azwj. So when the servant says it, every Angel sends Blessings upon him'.<sup>65</sup>

## VERSE 24

Or, are they taking god from besides Him? Say: 'Bring your proof! This is a Zikr of the one (who is) with me, and a Zikr of the ones (who were) before me. But, most of them are not knowing the Truth, so they are turning aside' [21:24]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا محمد بن همام، عن محمد بن إسماعيل العلوي، عن عيسى بن داود النجار، عن مولانا أبي الحسن موسى بن جعفر (عليهما السلام) في قوله عز و جل: هذا ذِكْرُ مَنْ مَعِيَ وَ ذِكْرُ مَنْ قَبْلِي، قال: «ذكر من معي: علي بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام)، و ذكر من قبلي: الأنبياء و الأوصياء (عليهم السلام)».

Muhammad Bin Al Abbas, from Muhammad Bin Hamam, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Al Alawy, from Isa Bin Dawood Al Najaar,

(It has been narrated) from our Master Abu Al-Hassan Musa<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *This is a Zikr of the one (who is) with me, and a Zikr of the ones (who were) before me [21:24]*, he<sup>-asws</sup> said: <u>'Zikr of the one (who is) with me</u> – Ali<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>-asws</sup>, *and a Zikr of the ones (who were) before me* – The Prophets<sup>-as and the successors<sup>-as'</sup>. 66</sup>

[فُرَاتٌ] قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ أَحْمَدَ مُعَنْعَناً عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ع قَالَ: قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ أَبِي طَالِبٍ إِنَّ النَّبِيَّ ص أُوتِيَ عِلْمَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَ عِلْمَ الْوَصِيِّينَ وَ عِلْمَ مَا هُوَ كَائِنٌ إِلَى أَنْ تَقُومَ السَّاعَةُ ثُمُّ تَلَا هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ يَقُولُ اللهُ [تَعَالَى] لِنَبِيّهِ [ص] هذا ذِكْرُ مَنْ مَعِيَ وَ ذِكْرُ مَنْ قَبْلِي.

Furat said, 'It was narrated to me by Muhammad Bin Ahmad,

'From Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'Amir Al Momineen Ali Bin Abu Talib<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Prophet<sup>-</sup>saww was Given the knowledge of the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and the knowledge of the succesors<sup>-as</sup>, and knowledge of what would be happening up to the Establishment of the Hour'. Then he<sup>-asws</sup>

معاني الأخبار: 9/ 3. <sup>65</sup>

تأويل الآيات 1: 327/ 9. 66

recited this Verse, (where) Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted is Saying to His<sup>-azwj</sup> Prophet<sup>-saww</sup>: **This is a Zikr of the one (who is) with me, and a Zikr of the ones (who were) before me [21:24]**".<sup>67</sup>

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'It means by *a Zikr of the one (who is) with me [21:24]* – what is going to happen, and by *Zikr of the ones (who were) before me [21:24]* – what has already happened".<sup>68</sup>

## **VERSES 25 - 28**

And We did not Send before you any Rasool except We Revealed unto him that: "There is no god except Me, therefore worship Me!" [21:25]

And they are saying, 'The Beneficent has Taken a son!' Glorious is He! But, they (Prophets) are honoured servants [21:26]

They do not precede Him in speech and they are only acting by His Command [21:27]

He Knows what is in front of them and what is behind them, and they will not be interceding except for the one He Approves of, and they are trembling from His fear [21:28]

ثُمُّ حُلَقَ سُبْحَانَهُ لِإاسْكَانِ سَمَاوَاتِهِ، وَعِمَارَةِ الصَّفِيحِ الأَاعْلَى مِنْ مَلَكُوتِهِ، حُلْقاً بَدِيعاً مِنْ مَلاَئِكِتِهِ، وَمَلاَا بَيِمْ فُرُوجَ فِجَاجِهَا، وَحَشَا كِيمْ فُتُوقَ أَجْوَائِهَا، وَتَبْنَ فَجَوَاتِ الْمَجْدِ، وَوَرَاءَذلِكَ الرَّحِيجِ الَّذِي تَسْتَكُ مِنْهُ الْأَاسْمَاعُ سُبُحَاتُ نُور تَوْدَعُ الْأَاجْمَارُ عَنْ بُلُوعَهَا، فَتَقِفُ خَاسِقَةً عَلَى حُلُودِها.

Then Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, the Glorified, Created for the inhabitation of His<sup>-azwj</sup> skies and populating the higher strata of His<sup>-azwj</sup> realm, new (variety of) creatures namely the Angels. With them He<sup>-azwj</sup> Filled the openings of its cavities and Populated with them the vastness of it

تفسير نور الثقلين، ج3، ص: 421 68

32 out of 57

تفسير فرات الكوفي، ص: 263 67

circumference. In between the openings of these cavities there resounds the voices of Angels Glorifying Him<sup>-azwj</sup> in the enclosures of the Holiness, (behind) Curtains of concealment and in Veils of His<sup>-azwj</sup> Greatness. And behind this resounding, which deafens the ears, there is the effulgence of Light, which defies the approach of sight to it, and consequently the sight stands, disappointed at its limitation.

أَنْشَأَهُمْ عَلَى صُور مُخْتَلِفَات، وَأَقْدَار مُتَفَاوِتَات، (أُولِي أَجْنِحَة مَثْنَى وَثُلاَثَ) تُسَبِّحُ جَلاَلَ عِزَّيْهِ، لاَ يَنْتَجِلُونَ مَا ظَهَرَ فِي الْخَلْقِ مِنْ صُنْعِهِ، وَلاَ يَدَّعُونَ أَتَّمُهُ يَخْلُقُونَ شَيْئاً مَعَهُ مِمَّا انْفَرَدَ بِهِ، (بَلْ عِبَادٌ مُكْرَمُونَ \* لاَ يَسْبِقُونَهُ بِالْقُوْلِ وَهُمْ بِأَمْرِه يَعْمَلُونَ).

He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created them in different shapes and with diverse characteristics - *two-winged, and three, and four [35:1]*. They Glorify the Majesty of His<sup>-azwj</sup> Honour. They do not appropriate to themselves His<sup>-azwj</sup> Skill that shows itself in creation, nor do they claim to create anything in which He<sup>-azwj</sup> is unparalleled. *And they are saying, 'The Beneficent has Taken a son!' Glorious is He! But, they (Prophets) are honoured servants [21:26] They do not precede Him in speech and they are only acting by His Command [21:27]".<sup>69</sup>* 

قَالَ أَبُو يَعْقُوبَ وَ أَبُو الْحَسَنِ: قُلْنَا لِلْحَسَنِ أَبِي الْقَائِمِ ع: فَإِنَّ قَوْماً عِنْدَنَا يَزْعُمُونَ أَنَّ هَارُوتَ وَ مَارُوتَ مَلَكَانِ- اخْتَارَتُهُمَا الْمَلَاثِكَةُ لَمَّا كَثُرَ عِصْيَانُ بَنِي آدَمَ، وَ أَنْزَلَهُمَا اللهُ مَعَ ثَالِثٍ لَهُمَا إِلَى الدُّنْيَا، وَ أَثَّمُمَا افْتَنَنَا بِالرُّهُرَةِ، وَ أَرَادَا الرِّنَا بِحَا، وَ شَرِبَا الْحُمْرَ، وَ قَتَلَا النَّفْسَ الْمُحَرَّمَةَ، وَ أَنَّ اللهَ تَعَالَى يُعَذِّبُهُمُا بِبَابِل، وَ أَنَّ السَّحَرَةُ مِنْهُمَا يَتَعَلَّمُونَ السِّحْرَ وَ أَنَّ اللهَ تَعَالَى مَسَحَ تِلْكَ الْمُرْأَةَ - هذَا الْكَوْكَبَ الَّذِي هُوَ الرُّمَرَةُ.

Abu Yaqoub and Abu Al-Hassan (the two reporters of this Tafseer of Imam Hassan Al Askariasws) said, 'We said to Al-Hassan-asws, father of Al-Qaim-asws, 'But there is a group with us who are alleging that Harut and Marut are two Angels. These two Angels were Chosen when disobedience of the Children of Adam-as was widespread, and Allah-azwj Sent them down along with a third for them to the world, and these two were tempted by Al-Zuhra, and intended the adultery with her, and drinking the wine, and killing prohibited souls, and that Allah-azwj the Exalted Punished them both at Babel (Iraq), and that the sorcery is from both of them. They were teaching the sorcery, and Allah-azwj the Exalted Transformed that woman – (to be) this star which is Al-Zuhra (the planet Venus)'.

فَقَالَ الْإِمَامُ ع: مَعَاذَ اللهِ مِنْ ذَلِكَ، إِنَّ مَلائِكَةَ اللهِ تَعَالَى مَعْصُومُونَ [مِنَ الْخَطَإِ] مَحْفُوطُونَ مِنَ الْكُفْرِ وَ الْقَبَائِحِ بِأَلْطَافِ اللهِ تَعَالَى، فَقَالَ اللهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فِيهِمْ: لا يَعْصُونَ اللهَ ما أَمَرَهُمْ وَ يَفْعَلُونَ ما يُؤْمَرُونَ

The Imam (Hassan Al-Askari-asws) said: 'I-asws seek Refuge with Allah-azwj from that! The Angels of Allah-azwj the Exalted are infallible from mistakes. They are protected from the *Kufr* and ugliness by the Kindness of Allah-azwj the Exalted. Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Says regarding them: *not disobeying Allah in whatever He Commands them for, and they are doing whatever they are being Commanded to do [66:6]*.

وَ قَالَ تَعَالَى: وَ لَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَ مَنْ عِنْدَهُ يَعْنِي الْمَلَائِكَةَ لا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَنْ عِبادَتِهِ وَ لا يَسْتَحْسِرُونَ. يُسَبِّحُونَ اللَّيْلَ وَ النَّهارَ لا يُغْتُرُونَ

And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Said: **And for him are the ones in the skies and the earth; and the ones in His Presence** – Meaning the Angels, **are neither being arrogant from worshipping** 

-

<sup>69</sup> Nahj Al-Balagah - Sermon No. 90 (Extract)

Him nor are they tiring [21:19] They are Glorifying by the night and the day. They are not slackening [21:20].

And He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said regarding the Angels: **But, they are honoured servants [21:26] They do not precede Him in speech and they are only acting by His Command [21:27]** – up to His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words - **and they are trembling from His fear [21:28]**'.

Then he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Had it been as they are saying – it would be that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> has Made the Angels as the Caliphs upon the earth, and they would be like the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> in the world and like the Imams<sup>-asws</sup>. So, being from the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and the Imams<sup>-asws</sup>, (Would) they<sup>-asws</sup> kill the soul and commit the adultery?'

Then he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Didn't I<sup>-asws</sup> teach that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted does not Leave the world empty at all from a Prophet<sup>-as</sup> or an Imam<sup>-as</sup> from the humans? Or isn't Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Saying: **And We did not Send from before you** – meaning to the people, **except men We Revealed unto, from the people of the towns [12:109]**. So Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Informed that He<sup>-azwj</sup> does not Send the Angels to the earth for them to become Imams<sup>-asws</sup> and rulers, and rather, they are Sent to the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>'.

They both (Abu Yaqoub and Abu Al-Hassan - the two reporters of this Tafseer) said, 'We said to him-asws, 'Then based upon this, Iblees-la cannot happen to be from the Angels as well'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'No, but he<sup>-la</sup> was from the Jinn. Have you two not heard Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Saying: *And when We Said to the Angels: "Do Sajdah to Adam!" So they did Sajdah, except for Iblees. He was from the Jinn [18:50]*? Thus, He<sup>-azwj</sup> Informed that he<sup>-la</sup> was from the Jinn, and he<sup>-la</sup> is for whom Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted Said: *And the Jaan, We Created him from before, from the toxic fire [15:27]*'.70

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Al Askari<sup>asws</sup> – S 304 (Extract)

قال: «فوصي نبيكم أكرم من وصي سليمان، و إنماكان عند وصي سليمان من اسم الله الأعظم حرف واحد، فسأل الله جل اسمه، فخسف له الأرض ما بينه و بين سرير بلقيس، فتناوله في أقل من طرف العين، و عندنا من اسم الله الأعظم اثنان و سبعون حرفا، و حرف عند الله تعالى، استأثر به دون خلقه».

He<sup>-asws</sup> (Amir-Al-Momineen<sup>-asws</sup>) said: 'So the successor<sup>-asws</sup> of your Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> is more honourable than the successor<sup>-as</sup> of Suleyman<sup>-as</sup>. But rather, in the possession of the successor<sup>-as</sup> of Suleyman<sup>-as</sup> was one letter from the Magnificent Name of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. He<sup>-as</sup> asked Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> by His<sup>-azwj</sup> Name, and the earth submerged what is between him and between the throne of Bilquis, and he<sup>-as</sup> grabbed it in less than the blink of an eye. And in our<sup>-asws</sup> possession are seventy-two Letters from the Magnificent Name of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, and there is one Letter with Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted, Accounting by it, apart from His<sup>-azwj</sup> Creatures'.

فقالوا: يا أمير المؤمنين، فإذا كان هذا عندك، فما حاجتك إلى الأنصار في قتال معاوية و غيره، و استنفارك الناس إلى حربه ثانية؟

They said, 'O Amir-ul-Momineen-asws! So if this is with you-asws, then what is your-asws need to the Helpers in fighting against Muawiya and others, and you-asws are alerting the people to a second war against him?'

فقال: بَلْ عِبادٌ مُكْرَمُونَ لا يَسْبِقُونَهُ بِالْقُوْلِ وَ هُمْ بِأَمْرِهِ يَعْمَلُونَ إنما أدعو هؤلاء القوم إلى قتاله لثبوت الحجة، و كمال المحنة، و لو اذن لي في إهلاكه لما تأخر، لكن الله تعالى يمتحن خلقه بما شاء». قالوا: فنهضنا من حوله، و نحن نعظم ما أتى به (عليه السلام).

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: *They do not precede Him in speech and they are only acting by His Command [21:27]*. But rather, I<sup>-asws</sup> am calling these people to fight against him in order to prove the argument and complete the ordeal. Had I<sup>-asws</sup> been Permitted with regards to their destruction, I<sup>-asws</sup> would not have delayed it, but Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the High Tests His<sup>-azwj</sup> creatures with whatsoever He<sup>-azwj</sup> so Desires to'. They said, 'We arose from around him<sup>-asws</sup>, and we magnified what he<sup>-asws</sup> came with'.<sup>71</sup>

و عنه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رحمه الله) قال: حدثنا سعد بن عبد الله، قال: حدثنا علي بن إبراهيم بن هاشم، عن أبيه، عن علي بن معبد، عن الحسين بن خالد، عن علي بن موسى الرضا، عن أبيه، عن آبائه، عن أمير المؤمنين (صلوات الله عليهم)، قال: «قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): من لم يؤمن بحوضى فلا أورده الله حوضى، و من لم يؤمن بشفاعتى فلا أناله الله شفاعتى -

And from him, from his father, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Ali Bin Ibrahim Bin Hashim, from his father, from Ali Bin Ma'bad, from Al Husayn Bin Khalid,

(It has been narrated) from Ali-asws Bin Musa Al-Reza-asws, from his-asws father-asws, from his-asws forefathers-asws, from Amir-Al-Momineen-asws having said: 'Rasool-Allah-saww said: 'The one who does not believe in my-saww Fountain, Allah-azwj will not Return him to my-saww Fountain. And the one who does not believe in my-saww intercession, Allah-azwj will not Let him attain my-saww intercession'.

ثم قال (صلى الله عليه و آله)- إنما شفاعتي لأهل الكبائر من امتي، فأما المحسنون فما عليهم من سبيل».

\_

خصائص الأئمة: 46 71

Then he-saww said: 'But rather, my-saww intercession is for the people (who commit) major sins, from my-saww community. So, as for the good doers, so there is no way against them'.

قال: الحسين بن خالد: فقلت للرضا (عليه السلام): يا بن رسول الله، فما معنى قول الله عز و جل: وَ لا يَشْفَعُونَ إِلَّا لِمَنِ ارْتَضَى؟ قال: «لا يشفعون إلا لمن ارتضى الله دينه».

Al-Husayn Bin Khalid (the narrator) said, 'So I said to Al-Reza<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O son<sup>-asws</sup> of Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>, so what is the Meaning of the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **and they will not be interceding except for the one He Approves of [21:28]**?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They<sup>-asws</sup> will not be interceding except for the ones whose Religion Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Approves of'.<sup>72</sup>

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ عَمَّنْ حَدَّثَهُ عَنِ الصَّادِقِ أَبِي الْحُسَنِ الثَّالِثِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ يَقُولُ السَّلامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا وَلِيَّ اللهِ أَنْتَ أَوْلُ مَنْ غُصِبَ حَقَّهُ صَبَرْتَ وَ الْحَتَسَبْتَ حَتَّى أَتَاكَ الْيَقِينُ فَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّكَ لَقِيتَ اللهَ وَ أَنْتَ شَهِيدٌ عَذَّبَ اللهُ قَاتِلَكَ بِأُنْوَاعِ الْعَذَابِ وَ جَدَّدَ عَلَيْهِ الْعَذَابَ وَ عَدْبُ اللهُ عَالِيْقِ الْعَذَابِ وَ عَلَيْهِ الْعَذَابَ

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama, from the one who narrated it,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Sadiq Abu Al-Hassan<sup>-asws</sup> the 3<sup>rd</sup> having said: 'You should be saying, 'The greetings be upon you<sup>-asws</sup>, O Guardian (from) Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>! You<sup>-asws</sup> are the first oppressed one, and the first one whose rights were usurped, and you<sup>-asws</sup> were patient and reckoned until the conviction (death) came to you<sup>-asws</sup>. I hereby testify that You<sup>-asws</sup> met Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, and you<sup>-asws</sup> were a martyr. May Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Punish your<sup>-asws</sup> murderer with the varieties of the Punishments, and Renew the Punishments upon him.

جِمْتُكَ عَارِفاً بِحَقِّكَ مُسْتَبْصِراً بِشَأْنِكَ مُعَادِياً لِأَعْدَائِكَ وَ مَنْ ظَلَمَكَ أَلْقَى عَلَى ذَلِكَ رَبِّي إِنْ شَاءَ اللّهُ يَا وَلِيَّ اللّهِ إِنَّ لِي ذُنُوباً كَثِيرَةً فَاشْفَعْ لِي إِلَى رَبِّكَ فَإِنَّ لَكَ عِنْدَ اللّهِ مَقَاماً مُحْمُوداً مَعْلُوماً وَ إِنَّ لَكَ عِنْدَ اللّهِ جَاهاً وَ شَفَاعَةً وَ قَدْ قَالَ تَعَالَى وَ لا يَشْفَعُونَ إِلَّا لِمَنِ ارْتَضَى .

I come to you having recognised your-asws right, with an insight concerning you-asws, and enemy to your-asws enemies and the ones who oppressed you-asws. I shall meet my Lord-azwj being upon that, Allah-azwj Willing. O Guardian-asws of Allah-azwj! There are numerous sins for me, therefore intercede for me to your-asws Lord-azwj, there is a praiseworthy status for you-asws in the Presence of Allah-azwj, well-known, and that for you-asws, in the Presence of Allah-azwj, is a prestige and (right of) intercession, and Allah-azwj the Exalted has Said: and they will not be interceding except for the one He Approves of [21:28]'.73

و عنه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن زياد بن جعفر الهمداني (رضي الله عنه)، قال: حدثنا علي بن إبراهيم بن هاشم، عن أبيه، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، قال: سمعت موسى بن جعفر (عليهما السلام) يقول: «لا يخلد الله في النار إلا أهل الكفر و الجحود و أهل الضلال و أهل الشرك، و من اجتنب الكبائر من المؤمنين لم يسأل عن الصغائر، قال الله تبارك و تعالى: إنْ جُنتَبُوا كَبائِرَ ما تُنتَهُونَ عَنْدُهُ ثُكَفِّرٌ عَنْدُمُ سَيَّعَاتِكُمْ وَ نُدْخِلْكُمْ مُدْحَلًا كُرِيماً».

And from him, from Ahmad Bin Ziyad Bin Ja'far Al Hamdany, from Ali Bin Ibrahim Bin Hashim, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Abu Umeyr who said,

<sup>73</sup> Al Kafi – V 4 – The Book of Hajj Ch 226 H 1

عيون أخبار الرّضا (عليه السّلام) 1: 36/ 35. 72

'I heard Musa-asws Bin Ja'far-asws saying: 'Allah-azwj will not Keep eternally in the Fire any except for the people of disbelief, and the people of Kufr, and the people of straying, and the people of Shirk. And the ones from the Momineen who keep away from the major sins, would not be questioned about the minor sins. Allah-azwj Blessed and Exalted Said: *If you shun the major sins which you are Forbidden from, We will Remove your (small) sins and Cause you to enter an honourable place of entering [4:31]*'.

I said, 'O son-asws of Rasool-Allah-saww! Then the intercession is for the one who must be from the Momineen?' He-asws said: 'My-asws father-asws narrated to me-asws, from his -asws forefathers-asws, from Ali-asws having said: 'I-asws heard Rasool-Allah-saww saying: 'But rather, my-saww intercession is for the people (who commit) major sins, from my-saww community. So, as for the good doers, so there is no way against them'.

Ali Bin Abu Umeyr (the narrator) said, 'So I said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O son<sup>-asws</sup> of Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>! How can the intercession come to be for the people who commit major sins, and Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, Elevated is His<sup>-azwj</sup> Mention, is Saying: **and they will not be interceding except for the one He Approves of [21:28]**, and the one who indulges in major sins, would not be of the ones whom He<sup>-azwj</sup> Approves of?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'O Abu Ahmad! There is none from the Momineen who indulges in a sin except that he is displeased with that and regrets upon it. And the Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> has said: 'Sufficient is the regret as a repentance'.

And he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The one who improves upon his good deeds and is displeased with his sins is a believer. So the one who does not regret upon his sin which he has indulged in, so he is not a Believer, and the intercession would not be Obligated upon him, and he would be an unjust one. And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, Elevated is His<sup>-azwj</sup> Mention, is Saying: *There would neither be a friend for the unjust one nor an intercessor who complies* [40:18]'.

I said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O son<sup>-asws</sup> of Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>! And how can he not be a Momin, the one who does not regret upon a sin which he has indulged in?'

فقال: «يا أبا أحمد، ما من أحد يرتكب كبيرة من المعاصي، و هو يعلم أنه سيعاقب عليها إلا ندم على ما ارتكب، و متى ندم كان تائبا مستحقا للشفاعة، و متى لم يندم عليها كان مصرا، و المصر لا يغفر له لأنه غير مؤمن بعقوبة ما ارتكب، و لو كان مؤمنا بالعقوبة لندم، و قد قال النبي (صلى الله عليه و آله): لا كبيرة مع الاستغفار، و لا صغيرة مع الإصرار.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'O Abu Ahmad! There is no one who indulges in a major sin, and he knows that he would be Punished for it, except that he regrets upon what he has indulged in. And when he regrets, he would be repentant and be deserving of the intercession. And when he does not regret it, he would be persistent, and for the persistent, there is no Forgiveness for him because he is not a believer in the Punishment of what he has indulged in. And had he been a believer of the Punishment, he would have regretted it. And the Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> has said: 'There is no major sin with the repentance, and no minor sin with the persistence'.

و أما قول الله عز و جل: وَ لا يَشْفَعُونَ إِلَّا لِمَنِ ارْتَضى، فإنهم لا يشفعون إلا لمن ارتضى الله دينه، و الدين: الإقرار بالجزاء على الحسنات و السيئات، فمن ارتضى الله دينه ندم على ما ارتكبه من الذنوب لمعرفته بمعاقبته في القيامة».

And as for the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *and they will not be interceding except for the one He Approves of [21:28]*, so they<sup>-asws</sup> would not be interceding for the one except the one whose Religion Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Approves of. And the Religion – it is the acceptance of the Recompense of the good deeds and the sins. So the one whose Religion Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Approves of, would regret upon the indulgence in the sins due to his recognition of his Punishment during the Day of Judgement'.<sup>74</sup>

#### **VERSE 29**

And one from them who says, 'I am a god besides Him', so that one We will Recompense him with Hell. Like that do We Recompense the unjust one [21:29]

علي بن إبراهيم: قوله تعالى: أَ فَرَأَيْتَ مَنِ اتَّخَذَ إِلْهَهُ هَواهُ، نزلت في قريش، و جرت بعد رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) في أصحابه الذين غصبوا أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام)، و اتخذوا إماما بأهوائهم، و الدليل على ذلك قوله تعالى: وَ مَنْ يَقُلْ مِنْهُمْ إِنِيّ إِلهٌ مِنْ دُونِهِ ، قال: من زعم أنه إمام و ليس هو بإمام، فمن اتخذ إماما ففضله على على (عليه السلام)،

Ali Bin Ibrahim -

The Words of the Exalted: *So, do you see one who takes his desires as a god [45:23]* – were Revealed regarding the Quraysh, and after Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> it flowed in his<sup>-saww</sup> companions who usurped (the rights of) Amir-Al-Momineen<sup>-asws</sup>, and took an Imam by their own desires. And the evidence to that are the Words of the Exalted: *And one from them who says, 'I am a god besides Him' [21:29]*. The one who claims that he is an Imam, although he is not an

38 out of 57

التوحيد: 407/ 6 44

Imam<sup>-asws</sup>, and so the one who takes him to be an Imam has given him preference over Ali<sup>-</sup>asws<sup>, 75</sup>

#### VERSE 30

Or do they not see, those who are committing Kufr, that the skies and the earth were joined up, and We Separated them? And We Made from the water, all living things, so will they not believe? [21:30]

المفيد في (الاختصاص) قال: حدثنا عبد الرحمن بن إبراهيم، قال: حدثنا الحسين بن مهران، قال: حدثني الحسين بن عبد الله، عن أبيه، عن جده، عن جعفر بن محمد، عن أبيه، عن جده الحسين بن علي بن أبي طالب (صلوات الله عليهم)، قال: «جاء يهودي إلى النبي (صلى الله عليه و آله) فقال: يا محمد، أنت الذي تزعم أنك رسول الله، و أنه أوحى إليك كما أوحى إلى موسى بن عمران؟

Al Mufeed in Al Ikhtisaas, said, 'Abdul Rahman Bin Ibrahim narrated to us, from Al Husayn Bin Mahran, from Al Husayn Bin Abdullah, from his father, from his grandfather,

(It has been narrated) from Ja'far Bin Muhammad<sup>-asws</sup>, from his<sup>-asws</sup> father<sup>-asws</sup>, from his<sup>-asws</sup> grandfather Al-Husayn<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Ali<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'A Jew came up to the Prophet<sup>-saww</sup>, so he said, 'O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>! You<sup>-saww</sup> are the one who is claiming that you<sup>-saww</sup> are Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup>, and that He<sup>-azwj</sup> has Revealed unto you<sup>-saww</sup> just as He<sup>-azwj</sup> Revealed unto Musa Bin Imran<sup>-as</sup>?'

He<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'Yes. I<sup>-saww</sup> and the Chief of the sons of Adam<sup>-as</sup> without pride, and I<sup>-saww</sup> am the last of the Prophets<sup>-as</sup>, and Imam<sup>-saww</sup> of the pious, and Rasool<sup>-saww</sup> of the Lord<sup>-azwj</sup> of the worlds'.

فقال: يا محمد، إلى العرب أرسلت، أم إلى العجم، أم إلينا؟ قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): إني رسول الله إلى الناس كافة. و سأله اليهودي عن مسائل، و أجابه (صلى الله عليه و آله) عنها، و في كل جواب مسألة يقول اليهودي له: صدقت.

He said, 'O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>! Have you<sup>-saww</sup> been Sent to the Arabs or to the non-Arabs, or to us?' Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'I<sup>-saww</sup> am Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> to all of the people'. And the Jew asked (some) questions, and he<sup>-saww</sup> answered him, and in every answer to the question, the Jew was saying to him<sup>-saww</sup>, 'You<sup>-saww</sup> have spoken the truth'.

فكان فيما سأله أن قال: أخبرني عن فضلك على النبيين، و فضل عشيرتك على الناس.

-

تفسير القمّى 2: 294 <sup>75</sup>

With regards to what he asked him<sup>-saww</sup> was that he said, 'Inform me about your<sup>-saww</sup> merits over the (rest of the) Prophets<sup>-as</sup>, and the merits of your<sup>-saww</sup> relatives over the (rest of the) people'.

The Prophet-saww said: 'As for my-saww merits over the (rest of the) Prophets-as is that there is none from the Prophets-as except that he-as supplicated against his-as people, whilst I-saww delayed my-saww supplication for the intercession for my-saww community on the Day of Judgement.

و أما فضل عشيرتي و أهل بيتي و ذريتي كفضل الماء على كل شيء، و بالماء يبقى كل شيء، و يحيا، كما قال ربي تبارك و تعالى: وَ جَعَلْنا مِنَ الْماءِ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيِّ أَ فَلا يُؤْمِنُونَ، و بمحبة أهل بيتي و عشيرتي و ذريتي يستكمل الدين.

And as for my-saww relatives and the People-asws of my-saww Household, and my-saww offspring, their merit is like the water over everything. And it is due to the water that everything remains, and is alive, just as my-saww Lord-azwj Blessed and Exalted Says: *And We Made from the water, all living things, so will they not believe? [21:30]* And by the love of the People-asws of my-saww Household, and for my-saww relatives, and for my-saww offspring, the Religion is completed'.

قال: صدقت يا محمد».

He said, 'You<sup>-saww</sup> have spoken the truth, O Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>'.<sup>76</sup>

From him, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al-Husayn Bin Saeed, from Muhammad Bin Dawood from Muhammad Bin Atiyya who said:

'A man from the scholars of the people of Syria came up to Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>. He said, 'O Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>, I have come to ask you<sup>-asws</sup> a question which has exhausted me in finding one who could explain it to me, and I have asked three kinds of the people about it, so each type from them said something other than what the other one said'.

فَقَالَ لَهُ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) مَا ذَاكَ

Abu Ja'far-asws said to him: 'What would that be?'

قَالَ فَإِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ عَنْ أَوَّلِ مَا حَلَقَ اللَّهُ مِنْ حَلْقِهِ فَإِنَّ بَعْضَ مَنْ سَأَلْتُهُ قَالَ الْقَدَرُ وَ قَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ الْقُلَمُ وَ قَالَ بَعْضُهُمُ الرُّوحُ

\_

الاختصاص: 33 76

He said, 'I ask you<sup>-asws</sup> about the first thing what Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Created from His<sup>-azwj</sup> creatures, for some of the ones I asked said it was the Destiny, and some of them said it was the Pen, and some of them said it was the Spirit'.

فَقَالَ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) مَا قَالُوا شَيْئًا أُحْبِرُكَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى كَانَ وَ لَا شَيْءَ غَيْرُهُ وَ كَانَ عَزِيزاً وَ لَا أَحَدَ كَانَ قَبْلَ عِرِّهِ وَ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ سُبْحانَ رَبِّكَ رَبِّ الْعِرَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ وَ كَانَ الْخَالِقُ قَبْلَ الْمَحْلُوقِ وَ لَوْ كَانَ أَوَّلُ مَا حَلَقَ مِنْ خَلْقِهِ الشَّيْءَ مِنَ الشَّيْءَ مِنَ الشَّيْءِ إِذَا لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ انْقِطَاعٌ أَبَداً وَ لَمْ يَزَلِ اللَّهُ إِذاً وَ مَعَهُ شَيْءٌ لَيْسَ هُوَ يَتَقَدَّمُهُ وَ لَكِنَّهُ كَانَ إِذْ لَا شَيْءَ غَيْرُهُ

Abu Ja'far-asws said: 'They have not said anything. I-asws hereby inform you that Allah-azwj Blessed and Exalted Existed and there was nothing other than Him-azwj, and He-azwj was Mighty and there was no one who was mighty before Him-azwj, and these are is His-azwj Words: *Glorious is your Lord, the Lord of Might, from what they are ascribing [37:180]*, and He-azwj was the Creator before the creation, and Had He-azwj Created something from His-azwj Creation, something from something, then there would be no termination from it (the chain) ever, and it would never cease if Allah-azwj had something with Him-azwj and He-azwj did not precede it. But He-azwj Existed when there was nothing other than Him-azwj.

وَ حَلَقَ الشَّيْءَ الَّذِي جَمِيعُ الْأَشْيَاءِ مِنْهُ وَ هُوَ الْمَاءُ الَّذِي حَلَقَ الْأَشْيَاءَ مِنْهُ فَجَعَلَ نَسَبَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ إِلَى الْمَاءِ وَ لَمْ يَجْعَلْ لِلْمَاءِ الَّبِيعُ مَثْنَ الْمَاءِ حَتَّى ثَارَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ زَبَدٌ عَلَى قَدْرِ مَا شَاءَ أَنْ يَثُورَ فَحَلَقَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ الرَّبِدِ أَرْضاً بَيْضَاءَ وَمِنَ الْمَاءِ حَتَّى ثَارَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ وَبَدٌ عَلَى قَدْرِ مَا شَاءَ أَنْ يَثُورَ فَحَلَقَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ الرَّبِدِ أَرْضاً بَيْضَاءَ وَيَعْ الْمَاءِ وَ لَا هُبُوطٌ وَ لَا هُبُوطٌ وَ لَا هُبُوطٌ وَ لَا هُبُوطٌ وَ لَا هُبُوطً وَ لَا هُبُوطً اللَّهِ الْوَصَعَهَا فَوْقَ الْمَاءِ

And He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created the thing from which are all things, and it is the water from which He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created the things. So He<sup>-azwj</sup> Lineaged everything to the water and did not Make a lineage for the water to which it can be ascribed. And He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created the wind from the water, then Made the wind to overcome the water. So the wind sent down into the body of the water until foam swirled from the water in accordance with what He<sup>-azwj</sup> so Desired it to swirl. So He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created from that foam, pure white land with no crack in it, nor any holes, neither ascending nor descending, and no tree. Then He<sup>-azwj</sup> Folded it, so He<sup>-azwj</sup> Placed it on top of the water.

ثُمُّ حَلَقَ اللهُ النَّارَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ فَشَقَقَتِ النَّارُ مَثْنَ الْمَاءِ حَتَّى ثَارَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ دُخَانٌ عَلَى قَدْرِ مَا شَاءَ اللهُ أَنْ يَثُورَ فَحَلَقَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ الدُّخَانِ سَمَاءً صَافِيَةً نَقِيَّةً لَيْسَ فِيهَا صَدْعٌ وَ لَا ثَقْبٌ وَ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ السَّماءُ بَناها رَفَعَ سَمْكُها فَسَوَّاها وَ أَغْطَشَ لَيْلَها وَ أَخْرَجَ ضُحاها

Then Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Created the fire from the water, so the fire bust out of the body of the water until smoke arose from the water in accordance with Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> so Desired it to rise. So He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created from that smoke, clear and pure sky in which there were no cracks nor any holes, and these are His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words: Surely in that is a lesson for one who fears [79:26] Are you the harder to create or the sky? He Built it [79:27] He Raised its ceiling, then Evened it [79:28] And He Covered its night and Extracted its brightness [79:29].

قَالَ وَ لَا شَمْسٌ وَ لَا قَمَرٌ وَ لَا خُجُومٌ وَ لَا سَحَابٌ ثُمُّ طَوَاهَا فَوَضَعَهَا فَوْقَ الْأَرْضِ ثُمُّ نَسَبَ الْخَلِيقَتَيْنِ فَرَفَعَ السَّمَاءَ قَبْلَ الْأَرْضِ فَذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ عَزَّ ذِكْرُهُ وَ الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ دَحاها يَشْهِلُ بَسَطَهَا

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'And there was neither a sun, nor a moon, nor stars nor clouds. Then He<sup>-azwj</sup> Folded it and Placed it upon the earth, then Established two creations. Then He<sup>-azwj</sup> Raised

the sky before the earth, so that is His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words, Mighty is His<sup>-azwj</sup> Mention: **And the earth**, **He Expanded it after that [79:30]** . He<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying that He<sup>-azwj</sup> Spread it out'.

The Syrian said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>, the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted: *Or do they not see, those who are committing Kufr, that the skies and the earth were joined up, and We Separated them?* [21:30]'.

فَقَالَ لَهُ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فَلَعَلَّكَ تَزْعُمُ أَتَّهُمَا كَانَتَا رَثْقاً مُلْتَوْقَيْنِ مُلْتَصِقَيْنِ فَفُتِقَتْ إِخْدَاهُمَا مِنَ الْأُخْرَى فَقَالَ نَعَمْ فَقَالَ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) اسْتَغْفِرْ رَبَّكَ فَإِنَّ قَوْلَ اللهِ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ كَانَتَا رَثْقاً يَقُولُ كَانَتِ السَّمَاءُ رَثَقاً لَا تُنْزِلُ الْمَطَرَ وَ كَانَتِ الْأَرْضُ رَثْقاً لَا تُنْبِتُ الْحَبَّ فَلَمَّا خَلَقَ اللهُ تَبَالِ الْمَطَرِ وَ الْأَرْضَ بِنَبَاتِ الْحُبَرِ تَعَالَى الْخُلُقَ وَ بَثَّ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ دَاتَةٍ فَتَقَ السَّمَاءَ بِالْمَطَرِ وَ الْأَرْضَ بِنَبَاتِ الْحُبَرِ

Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Perhaps you think that these two used to be stuck together and there were separated from each other?' He said, 'Yes'. Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Seek Forgiveness from your Lord<sup>-azwj</sup>, for it is in the Words Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic that they were closed up, meaning that the sky used to be closed up and no rain descended from it, and the earth was closed up and did not grow any seed (vegetation). So when Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted Created the creatures, He<sup>-azwj</sup> Spread therein all kinds of animals. He<sup>-azwj</sup> Opened up the sky by the rain and the earth by the seed'.

The Syrian said, 'I testify that you<sup>-asws</sup> are from the children of the Prophets<sup>-as</sup> and that your<sup>-asws</sup> knowledge is their<sup>-as</sup> knowledge'.<sup>77</sup>

# For pain relief

في كتاب طب الائمة عليهم السلام عبد الله بن بسطام قال: حدثنا ابن اسحق ابن ابراهيم عن أبي الحسن العسكري عليه السلام قال: حضرته يوما وقد شكى إليه بعض، اخواننا، فقال: يا ابن رسول الله ان أهلى كثيرا يصيبهم هذا الوجع الملعون، قال: وما هو ؟ قال: وجع الرأس،

In the Book Tibb Al Aimma<sup>-asws</sup> – Abdullah Bin Bustan said, 'Is'haq Bin Ibrahim narrated to us,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Askari-asws having said: 'I was in his-asws presence one day when one of our brothers complained to him-asws, 'O son-asws of Rasool-Allah-saww! A lot of my family members have been struck by this accursed pain'. He-asws said: 'And what is it?' He said, 'Pain of the head (headache)'.

قال: خذ قدحا من ماء واقرأ عليه: " أو لم ير الذين كفروا ان السموات والارض كانتا رتقا ففتقناهما وجعلنا من الماء كل شئ حي أفلا يؤمنون " ثم اشر به فانه لا يضره انشاء الله تعالى.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Take a cup of water and recite over it: *Or do they not see, those who are committing Kufr, that the skies and the earth were joined up, and We Separated them?* 

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Al Kafi – V 8 H 14515

And We Made from the water, all living things, so will they not believe? [21:30]. Then drink it, so you would not be hurt by it, if Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted so Desires it'.<sup>78</sup>

And by his chain going up to Hamaad Bin Isa who (says) when being asked:

Amir-Al-Momineen-asws has said: 'When one of you complains about soreness of the two thighs, so he should sit himself in a large basin of heated water, and place his hand upon it and recite: Or do they not see, those who are committing Kufr, that the skies and the earth were joined up, and We Separated them? And We Made from the water, all living things, so will they not believe? [21:30]'<sup>79</sup>

## Water - the basis of life

عبد الله بن جعفر الحميري: بإسناده عن الحسين بن علوان، عن جعفر (عليه السلام)، قال: كنت عنده جالسا إذ جاء رجل فسأله عن طعم الماء، و كانوا يظنون أنه زنديق،

Abdullah Bin Ja'far Al Humeyri, by his chain from Al Husayn Bin Alwan,

'From Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup>, he (the narrator) said, 'We were seated in his<sup>-asws</sup> presence when a man came over and asked him<sup>-asws</sup> about the taste of water, and we were guessing that he was an atheist.

فأقبل أبو عبد الله (عليه السلام) يصوب فيه و يصعد، ثم قال له: «ويلك، طعم الماء طعم الحياة، إن الله عز و جل يقول: وَ جَعَلْنا مِنَ الْماءِ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيِّ أَ فَلا يُؤْمِنُونَ».

Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> went on to lower his<sup>-asws</sup> head during it and raised it, then said to him: 'Woe be unto you! The taste of water is the taste of life! Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is Saying: **And We Made from the water, all living things, so will they not believe? [21:30]**". 80

#### **VERSES 31 - 35**

And We Made stable mountains in the earth lest it might shake with them, and We have made therein wide ways perhaps they would be guided [21:31]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Sagalayn – Ch 21 H 57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Saqlayn – Ch 21 H 58

قرب الإسناد: 55 <sup>80</sup>

And We Made the sky a guarding ceiling, and (yet) they are turning aside from its Signs [21:32]

Need Ahadith here,

And He is the One Who Created the night and the day, and the sun and the moon; all floating in their orbits [21:33]

And We did Make the immortality for any human from before you. So if you die, then would they be living eternally? [21:34]

Every self shall taste the death, and We Try you with the evil and the good as a Fitna, and to Us you shall be returning [21:35]

In Tafseer Qummi, from Zurara who said,

'I disliked that I should ask Abu Ja'far<sup>-asws</sup> about the Return (الرجعة), and I concealed that. I said (to myself), 'I will ask him<sup>-asws</sup> a subtle question from which my needs would be achieved', so I said, 'Inform me about the one who is killed has he died (a natural death)?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'No. The death is death, and the killing is killing'. I said, '(But), there is none who is killed except that he has died?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> are Truer than your words. There is a difference between the two in the Quran. He<sup>-azwj</sup> Said: **so if he dies or is killed [3:144]**, and Said: **And whether you die or you are killed, it is to Allah you shall be Gathered [3:158]**, and it is not as you have said, O Zurara. The death is death, and the killing, is killing'.

I said, 'But, surely Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying: *Every self shall taste the death [21:35]*?' The one who is killed did not taste the death'. Then he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'It is inevitable that one would return until he tastes the death'.<sup>81</sup>

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا علي بن إبراهيم، عن محمد بن عيسى، عن يونس بن عبد الرحمن، عن حفص بن قرط، عن أبي عبد الله وعليه السلام)، قال: «قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): من زعم أن الله تبارك و تعالى يأمر بالسوء و الفحشاء فقد كذب على الله، و من زعم أن الحير و الشر بغير مشيئة الله فقد أخرج الله من سلطانه، و من زعم أن المعاصي بغير قوة الله فقد كذب على الله، و من كذب على الله أدخله الله النار». يعني بالخير و الشر: الصحة و المرض، و ذلك قوله عز و جل: وَ نَبْلُوكُمْ بِالشَّرِ وَ الْمُنْ فِتْنَةً.

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'My father narrated to us, from Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Yunus Bin Abdul Rahman, from Hafs Bin Qara,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> said: 'The one who thinks that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted has Commanded for the evil and the immoralities, so he has lied against Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. And the one who thinks that the good and the evil are without the Desire of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, so he has taken Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> out from His<sup>-azwj</sup> Authority. And the one who thinks that the disobedience is without the Strength of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, so he has lied against Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. And the one who lies against Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> would Enter him into the Fire'. What it is Meant by the good and the evil is the good health and the illness, and these are the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *and We Try you with the evil and the good as a Fitna [21:35]*'.<sup>82</sup>

الطبرسي: روي عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام): «أن أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) مرض، فعاده إخوانه، فقالوا كيف تجدك، يا أمير المؤمنين؟ فقال: بشر. فقالوا: ما هذا كلام مثلك.

Al Tabarsy –

It has been reported from Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> that: 'Amir-Al-Momineen<sup>-asws</sup> was ill, so his<sup>-asws</sup> brothers visited him<sup>-asws</sup>. They said, 'How do you<sup>-asws</sup> find yourself<sup>-asws</sup> to be, O Amir-Al-Momineen<sup>-asws</sup>?' So he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'A mortal'. They said, 'This is not a talk like you<sup>-asws</sup> (normally talk like)'.

فقال: إن الله تعالى يقول: وَ نَبْلُوكُمْ بِالشَّرِّ وَ الْحَيْرِ فِتْنَةً فالخير: الصحة و الغني، و الشر: المرض و الفقر».

So he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> is Saying: *and We Try you with the evil and the good as a Fitna [21:35]*. So the good is the good health and the (financial) self-sufficiency; and the evil is the illness and the poverty'.<sup>83</sup>

على بن إبراهيم: قال: و أما قوله: وَ ما جَعَلْنا لِيَشَرٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ الْخُلْدَ أَ فَإِنْ مِتَّ فَهُمُ الْخَالِدُونَ، فانه لما أخبر الله نبيه (صلى الله عليه و آله) بما يصيب أهل بيته من بعده، و ادعاء من ادعى الخلافة دونحم، اغتم رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله)،

Ali Bin Ibrahim said,

<sup>81</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Sagalayn - Ch 21 H 67

التوحيد: 359/ 2 82

مجمع البيان 7: 74 <sup>83</sup>

'And as for His<sup>-azwj</sup> Words: *And We did Make the immortality for any human from before you. So if you die, then they would be living eternally? [21:34]*, so it was when Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Informed His<sup>-azwj</sup> Prophet<sup>-saww</sup> with what the People<sup>-asws</sup> of his<sup>-saww</sup> Household would face from after him<sup>-saww</sup>, and he will claim, the one who claimed the Caliphate from after him<sup>-saww</sup>, Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> became gloomy.

فأنزل الله عز و جل: وَ مَا جَعَلْنَا لِيَشَرٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ الْخُلْدَ أَ فَإِنْ مِتَّ فَهُمُ الْحَالِدُونَ كُلُ نَفْسٍ ذائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ وَ نَبْلُوكُمْ بِالشَّرِ وَ الْخَيْرِ فِتْنَةً أي نختبركم وَ إِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ فأعلم ذلك رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله)، أنه لا بد أن تموت كل نفس.

Thus, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Revealed: **And We did Make the immortality for any human from before you. So if you die, then would they be living eternally? [21:34] Every self shall taste the death, and We Try you with the evil and the good as a Fitna, and to Us you shall be returning [21:35]**. So Rasool-Allah<sup>-saww</sup> knew that it is inevitable that every self would be dying.

وقال أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) يوما، و قد تبع جنازة فسمع رجلا يضحك، فقال: «كأن الموت فيها على غيرنا كتب، و كأن الحق فيها على غيرنا وجب، و كأن الذين نشيع من الأموات سفرعما قليل إلينا راجعون. ننزلهم أجداثهم، و نأكل تراثهم، كأنا مخلدون بعدهم، قد نسينا كل واعظة، و رمينا بكل جائحة.

And Amir Al-Momineen-asws said one day, and he-asws had followed a funeral and heard a man laughing: 'As if the death in it has been Ordained upon others (only), and as if the Truth in it has been Obligated upon others (only), and as if those whom we escort from the deceased are travelling away from us for a little while, then to us they would be returning. Their lodgings are their graves, and we consume their inheritances. It is as if they (others) would be living eternally after them. We has forgotten every advice, and thrown away every affliction.

أيها الناس، طوبي لمن شغله عيبه عن عيوب الناس، و تواضع من غير منقصة، و جالس أهل الفقه و الرحمة، و خالط أهل الذل و المسكنة، و أنفق مالا جمعه في غير معصية.

O you people! Beatitude is for one who is too pre-occupied from his own faults from the faults of the people, and is humble from without being deficient, and sits with the people of understanding and the mercy, and mingles with the humiliated people and the poor, and spends wealth he amassed in other than (acts of) disobedience.

أيها الناس، طوبي لمن ذلت نفسه، و طاب كسبه، و صلحت سريرته، و حسنت خليقته، و أنفق الفضل من ما له، و أمسك الفضل من كلامه، و عدل عن الناس شره، و وسعته السنة، و لم يتعد إلى البدعة.

O you people! Beatitude is for one who humbles himself, and his earnings are good, and prepares his bed, and his morals are excellent, and he spends the excess from his wealth, and withholds the excess from his speech, and restrains his evil from the people, and expands his capacity, and does not exceed to the innovation.

أيها الناس، طوبي لمن لزم بيته، و أكل كسرته، و بكي على خطيئته، و كان من نفسه في تعب، و الناس منه في راحة».

O you people! Beatitude is for one who necessitates (stays in) his house, and eats his crumbs, and weeps upon his mistakes, and he was tiring his self, and the people are at rest from him".84

## **VERSES 36 & 37**

And when those who commit Kufr see you they are not taking you except as a mockery, 'Is this the one who mentions your gods?' And they, with the Zikr of the Beneficent, they are committing Kufr [21:36]

The human being is Created of hasty (temperament); I shall Show you My Signs, therefore do not hasten [21:37]

Ali Bin Ibrahim said,

'When Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Made His-azwj Spirit to Flow in Adam-as from his-as feet, so it reached his as knees, and he wanted to stand up but he as was not able to. So Allah azwi Mighty and Majestic Said: The human being is Created of hasty (temperament) [21:37]'.85

## **VERSES 38 - 44**

And they are saying, 'When would this Threat occur if you are truthful?' [21:38]

If only they had known, those who commit Kufr, where they will not be able to stop the Fire from their faces nor from their back, nor will they be helped [21:39]

تفسير القمّي 2: 70.  $^{84}$  تفسير القمّي 2: 71.  $^{85}$ 

But, it will come to them suddenly, and it would stun them, so they would neither be able to repel it nor would they be Respited [21:40]

And there was mockery with Rasools from before you, then it encompassed those of them who were mocking, what they had been mocking [21:41]

Say: 'Who can protect you by the night and the day from the Beneficent? But, they, from the Zikr of their Lord, are turning aside [21:42]

Or, are there gods for them defending them from besides Us? They are not even able to help themselves nor can they be defended from Us [21:43]

But, We Provided them and their forefathers until the life was prolonged upon them. So, do they not see us Coming to the earth, Reducing it from its ends? Can they be the victorious ones? [21:44]

Ibn Babuwayh, in Al Fageeh, with an unbroken chain,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Sadiq<sup>-asws</sup> having been asked about the Words of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: **So, do they not see us Coming to the earth, Reducing it from its ends? Can they be the victorious ones? [21:44]**, so he<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Bereavement of the Knowledgeable ones<sup>-asws</sup>'. <sup>86</sup>

\_

من لا يحضره الفقيه 1: 118/ 560. 86

Al Tabarsy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah-asws having said: '*Reducing it [21:44]* – is the going away of the Knowledgeable ones-asws, and the understanding ones-asws, and the best of its people'.<sup>87</sup>

## **VERSES 45 - 47**

Say: 'But rather, I warn you by the Revelation, and the deaf do not hear the call whenever they are warned' [21:45]

And if a blast of the Punishment of your Lord were to touch them, they would be saying, 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!' [21:46]

And We will Place scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment, therefore do not wrong a soul of anything. And even if it was the weight of a mustard seed, We will Come with it; and suffice with Us as the Reckoners [21:47]

حَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْبَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى وَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ جَمِيعاً عَنِ الْحُسَنِ بْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ غَالِبٍ الْأَسَدِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ الْمُسَيَّبِ قَالَ كَانَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ ( عليه السلام ) يَعِظُ النَّاسَ وَ يُزَهِّدُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَ يُرَغِّبُهُمْ فِي أَعْمَالِ الْآخِرَة بِهَذَا الْكَلَامِ فِي كُلِّ جُمُعَةٍ في مَسْجِدِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ حُفِظَ عَنْهُ وَ كُتِبَ

Narrated to me Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, and Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father altogether from Al-Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Abdullah Bin Ghalib Al-Asady from his father, from Saeed Bin Al-Musayyab who said:

'Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws used to advise the people and to make them to be ascetic in this world and incline them towards the deeds for the Hereafter by this speech in every Friday in the Masjid of Rasool-Allah-saww which was preserved and written down.

وَ ايْمُ اللَّهِ إِنَّ هَذِهِ عِظَةٌ لَكُمْ وَ تَخْوِيفٌ إِنِ اتَّعَظْتُمْ وَ خِفْتُمْ ثُمَّ رَجَعَ الْقُوْلُ مِنَ اللَّهِ فِي الْكِتَابِ عَلَى أَهْلِ الْمَعَاصِي وَ اللَّذُنُوبِ فَقَالَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ لَئِنْ مَسَتْهُمْ نَفْحَةٌ مِنْ عَذَاب رَبِّكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ يَا وَيْلَنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظالِمِينَ

49 out of 57

مجمع البيان 6: 461. <sup>87</sup>

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'By Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, let this be an Advice for you and a Warning that you should heed and fear. Then refer to the Words from Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> in His<sup>-azwj</sup> Book against the people of disobedience and the sins. Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said: *And if a blast of the Punishment of your Lord were to touch them, they would be saying, 'O woe be unto us! Surely we were unjust!'* [21:46].

فَإِنْ قُالْتُمْ أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِنَّمَا عَنَى هِمَذَا أَهْلَ الشِّرْكِ فَكَيْفَ ذَلِكَ وَ هُوَ يَقُولُ وَ نَضَعُ الْمَوازِينَ الْقِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيامَةِ فَلا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا وَ إِنْ كَانَ مِثْقَالَ حَبَّةِ مِنْ حَرْدَلِ أَتَيْنا هِمَا وَكُفى بِنا حاسِبِينَ

If you were to say that Allah-azwi Mighty and Majestic has Meant by this the Polytheists, so how can that be and He-azwi is Saying: And We will Set up an And We will Place scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment, therefore do not wrong a soul of anything. And even if it was the weight of a mustard seed, We will Come with it; and suffice with Us as the Reckoners [21:47].

اغْلَمُوا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الشِّرْكِ لَا يُنْصَبُ لَهُمُّ الْمَوَازِينُ وَ لَا يُنْشَرُ لَهُمُ الدَّوَاوِينُ وَ إِنَّمَا يُحْشَرُونَ إِلَى جَهَنَّمَ زُمَراً وَ إِنَّمَا نَصْبُ الْمَوَازِينِ وَ نَشْرُ الدَّوَاوِينِ لِأَهْلِ الْإِسْلَامِ

Know, O servants of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, that the Polytheists will not have a Scale up for them nor will their Register (of deeds) be Published and they will be herded to Hell in groups, but rather the Scale and the Publishing of the Register (of deeds) will be for the people of Al-Islam.

فَاتَّقُوا اللهَ عِبَادَ اللَّهِ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللهَ عَرَّ وَ جَلَّ لَمْ يُحِبُّ زَهْرَةَ الدُّنْيَا وَ عَاجِلَهَا لِأَحْدٍ مِنْ أَوْلِيَائِهِ وَ لَمْ يُرَغِّبُهُمْ فِيهَا وَ فِي عَاجِلِ زَهْرَتِمَا وَ ظَاهِرٍ بَمْجَتِهَا وَ إِنَّا لَكُمْ فِيهِ الْأَمْثَالَ وَ صَرَّفَ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ وَ لَا قُوّةَ إِلَّا إِنَّا لَكُمْ فِيهِ الْأَمْثَالَ وَ صَرَّفَ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ وَ لَا قُوّةَ إِلَّا اللهِ لَقَدْ ضَرَبَ لَكُمْ فِيهِ الْأَمْثَالَ وَ صَرَّفَ الْآيَاتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ وَ لَا قُوّةً إِلَّا بِاللهِ

Fear Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, O servants of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> and know that Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic does not Love the blossoms of the world and its temporal matters for anyone of His<sup>-azwj</sup> friends and does not Encourage them with regards to it and regarding its temporary blossoms and apparent delights. But rather, He<sup>-azwj</sup> Created the world and Created its people so that they may be Tested therein as to which one of them is good in deeds for his Hereafter. And by Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, He<sup>-azwj</sup> has Struck examples for you with regards to it and Presented Signs<sup>-asws</sup> for the people of intellect, and there is no Strength except by Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>.<sup>88</sup>

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْهَمَذَائِيِّ يَرْفَعُهُ إِلَى أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ ( عليه السلام ) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ نَضَعُ الْمَوازِينَ الْقِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيامَةِ قَالَ الْأُنْبِيَاءُ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءُ ( عليهم السلام ) .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibrahim Al Hamdany,

(It has been narrated) raising it to Abu Abdullah-asws regarding the Words of the Exalted: **And We will Set up an And We will Place scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment [21:47]**. He asws said: 'The Prophets-as and the successors-asws'.89

\_

<sup>88</sup> Al Kafi – H 14477 (Extract)

<sup>89</sup> Al Kafi V 1 - The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 36

ابن شهر آشوب: عن ابن دراج، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله تعالى: وَ نَضَعُ الْمَوازِينَ الْقِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيامَةِ. قال: «الرسل، و الأثمة من آل ببت محمد (عليهم السلام)».

Ibn Shehr Ashub, from Ibn Daraaj,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>-asws</sup> regarding the Words of the Exalted: **And We will Set up an And We will Place scales of fairness on the Day of Judgment [21:47]**. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: '(The scales of fairness are) the Rasools<sup>-as</sup> and the Imams<sup>-asws</sup> from the Progeny<sup>-asws</sup> of the Household of Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup>'. <sup>90</sup>

الطبرسي في (الإحتجاج): عن الصادق (عليه السلام)، و قد سأله سائل، قال: أ و ليس توزن الأعمال؟ قال (عليه السلام): «لا، إن الأعمال ليست بأجسام، و إنما هي صفة ما عملوا، و إنما يحتاج إلى وزن الشيء من جهل عدد الأشياء، و لا يعرف ثقلها أو خفتها، و إن الله لا يخفي عليه شيء».

Al Tabarsy in Al Ihtijaj,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Sadiq<sup>-asws</sup>, and a questioner had asked him<sup>-asws</sup> saying, 'Won't the deeds be weighed?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'No. The deeds do not have a body (physical form), but rather it is a description of what is done. But rather, the one who needs to weigh something is the one who is ignorant of the number of things, and does not know its heaviness or its lightness. And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, there is nothing hidden from Him<sup>-azwj</sup>'.

قال: فما معنى الميزان؟ قال (عليه السلام): «العدل».

He said, 'So what is the meaning of the 'Scale'?' He-asws said: 'The justice'.91

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنِ الْحُسَنِ بْنِ مُحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ رِبَّابٍ عَنْ أَبِي عُبَيْدَةَ الْحُنَّاءِ عَنْ ثُوَيْرِ بْنِ أَبِي فَاخِتَةَ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ عَلِيًّ بْنَ الْحُسَيْنِ (عليه السلام) يُحَدِّثُ فِي مَسْجِدِ رَسُولِ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي أَنَّهُ سَمِعَ أَبَاهُ عَلِيًّ بْنَ أَبِي طَالِبٍ (عليه السلام) يُحَدِّثُ النَّاسَ قَالَ إِذَا كَانَ يَوْمُ الْقِيَامَةِ بَعَثَ اللهُ تَبَارَكُ وَ تَعَالَى النَّاسَ مِنْ حُفَرِهِمْ عُزْلًا بُمُماً جُرُداً مُرْداً فِي صَعِيدٍ وَاحِدٍ يَسُوقُهُمُ النُّورُ وَ جَمْمُعُهُمُ الظُّلْمَةُ حَتَّى يَقِفُوا عَلَى عَقَبَةِ الْمُحْشَرِ

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Al-Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Ali Bin Ra'ib, from Abu Ubeyda Al-Haza'a, from Suweyr Bin Abu Fakhta who said:

I heard Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws narrating in the Masjid of the Rasool-saww Allah-azwj saying: 'Narrated to me-asws by my-asws father-asws, and he-asws heard it from his-asws father-asws Ali-asws Bin Abu Talib-asws narrating to the people saying: 'When it will be the Day of Judgement, Allah-azwj will Resurrect the people from their graves in their isolation, without beards, in one plane, being driven by the light, and Gather them in the darkness until they are paused upon the hurdle on the Place of Resurrection.

فَيَرَّكَبُ بَعْضُهُمْ بَعْضاً وَ يَزْدَجُمُونَ دُونَمَا فَيُمْنَعُونَ مِنَ الْمُضِيِّ فَتَشْتَدُّ أَنْفَاسُهُمْ وَ يَكْثُرُ عَرَقُهُمْ وَ تَضِيقُ بِهِمْ أَمُورُهُمْ وَ يَشْتَدُّ ضَجِيجُهُمْ وَ تَرْتَفِعُ أَصْوَاتُهُمْ قالَ وَ هُوَ أَوَّلُ هَوْلِ مِنْ أَهْوَالِ يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ

المناقب 2: 151 <sup>90</sup>

الاحتجاج: 351. <sup>91</sup>

Some of them would climb upon the others, becoming over crowded. They will be prevented from passing. Their breathing will be heavy and they will sweat profusely, and their affairs would be constricted, their noises would intensify, and their voices would be raised. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'This will be the first horror from the horrors of the Day of Judgement'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Compeller<sup>-azwj</sup>, Blessed and Exalted will Attend to them from above His<sup>-azwj</sup> Throne in the shadow of the Angels, so He<sup>-azwj</sup> would Command an Angel from the Angels who would call out among them: 'O group of creatures! Listen, and listen intently to the Caller of the Compeller<sup>-azwj</sup>'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The last of them would hear it just as the first of them'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Their voices would break up due to that, and they will anxiously look around and their body parts would become restless, and their hearts would be in a panic, and they will be raising their heads towards the direction of the voice hastening to the Caller'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So when that happens, the Kafir would say, 'This is a difficult day'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So the Compeller<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic would Attend to be the Judge over them, and He<sup>-azwj</sup> will Say to them: "I<sup>-azwj</sup> am Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>. There is no god except for Me<sup>-azwj</sup>. I<sup>-azwj</sup> am the Equitable Judge Whom will not Let any injustice be done today. I<sup>-azwj</sup> Shall Judge between you all with Justice and Equity. No one will be done injustice in My<sup>-azwj</sup> Presence today.

I<sup>-azwj</sup> shall Take the rights for weak ones from the strong ones and for those who have suffered injustices will be retaliation from the good deeds and the sins as compensation and be Rewarded for the gifts. And no one will be Permitted today in My<sup>-azwj</sup> Presence, as an unjust one or one to whom injustice has been done except if he waives his right against the other one, and I<sup>-azwj</sup> shall Take from him (the unjust one) during the Accounting correlated.

O you creatures! And seek what is due to you from the one who was unjust to you for it in the world, and  $I^{-azwj}$  am a Witness for you against them, and  $I^{-azwj}$  am sufficient as a Witness'.

قَالَ فَيَتَعَارَفُونَ وَ يَتَلَارَمُونَ فَلَا يَبْقَى أَحَدٌ لَهُ عِنْدَ أَحَدٍ مَظْلِمَةٌ أَوْ حَقٌ إِلَّا لَزِمَهُ كِمَا قَالَ فَيَشَكُتُونَ مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ فَيَشْتَدُّ حَالْهُمْ وَ يَكْثُرُ عَرَقُهُمْ وَ يَشْتَدُ غَمُّهُمْ وَ تَرْتَفِعُ أَصْوَاتُهُمْ بِضَجِيج شَدِيدٍ فَيَتَمَنَّوْنَ الْمَحْلَصَ مِنْهُ بِتَرْكِ مَظَالِمِهِمْ لِأَهْلِهَا

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So they will recognise each other and seize the opportunity. Thus no one would remain for whom there would be anything from the unjust one any right except that he would claim for it'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'They would do that for as long as Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> so Desires. Their condition would become difficult, and they will sweat profusely, and their grief would intensify, and they would be raising their voices by intense noise, and they would wish to be finished from it by letting go of their rights and not bother to claim for it from the unjust ones'.

قَالَ وَ يَطَّلِعُ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ عَلَى جَهْدِهِمْ فَيُنَادِي مُنَادٍ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى يُسْمِعُ آخِرَهُمْ كَمَا يُسْمِعُ أَوْلَهُمْ يَا مَعْشَرَ الْحَاكَرُقِ أَنْصِتُوا لِدَاعِي اللَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى وَ اسْمَعُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى يَقُولُ [لَكُمْ] أَنَا الْوِهَابُ إِنْ أَحْبَبُتُمْ أَنْ تَواهَبُوا وَ إِنْ لَمْ تَوَاهَبُوا أَخَذْتُ لَكُمْ يَمُظَالِمِكُمْ

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'And Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> would Know of their struggles, so a Caller would Call out from the Presence of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted which the last of them would hear as well as the first of them: 'O group of creatures, listen intently to the Caller of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and High, and listen to what Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted is Saying to you all: 'I<sup>-azwj</sup> Am the Bestower and would Love it if you would gift (forego) each other and if you do not then I<sup>-azwj</sup> will Take it for you from the one who was unjust to you'.

قَالَ فَيَفْرَحُونَ بِذَلِكَ لِشِدَّةِ جَهْدِهِمْ وَ ضِيقِ مَسْلَكِهِمْ وَ تَزَاحُمِهِمْ قَالَ فَيَهَبُ بَعْضُهُمْ مَظَالِمَهُمْ رَجَاءَ أَنْ يَتَخَلَّصُوا بِمَّا هُمْ فِيهِ وَ يَبْقَى بَعْضُهُمْ فَيَقُولُ يَا رَبّ مَظَالِمُنَا أَعْظَمُ مِنْ أَنْ نَجَبَهَا

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So they would become happy with that due to their difficult struggles, and constriction, and their behaviour and contention'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So some of them would forego their rights in the hope that it would finish them from the situation that they would be in, and there would remain some of them who would say, 'O Lord<sup>-azwj</sup>, our rights are greater than us being able to forego them'.

قَالَ فَيُنَادِي مُنَادٍ مِنْ تِلْقَاءِ الْعَرْشِ أَيْنَ رِضْوَانُ حَازِنُ الْجِنَانِ جِنَانِ الْفِرْدَوْسِ قَالَ فَيَأْمُرُهُ اللّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَنْ يُطْلِعَ مِنَ الْفِرْدَوْسِ قَصْراً مِنْ فِضَّةٍ بَمَا فِيهِ مِنَ الْوَصَائِفُ وَ الْخُذَمُ الْأَبْنِيَةِ وَ الْخُذَم قَالَ فَيُطْلِعُهُ عَلَيْهِمْ فِي حِفَافَةِ الْقَصْرِ الْوَصَائِفُ وَ الْخُذَمُ

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So a Caller would Call out from beside the Throne: 'Where is Rizwaan, the keeper of the Gardens of *Al-Firdows*?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic will Command him to display from *Al-Firdows* a castle of silver with whatever is inside it from the construction and the servants'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The butlers and the servants would be seen on the grounds of the castle'.

قَالَ فَيُنَادِي مُنَادٍ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى يَا مَعْشَرَ الْخَلَائِقِ ارْفَعُوا رُءُوسَكُمْ فَانْظُرُوا إِلَى هَذَا الْقَصْرِ قَالَ فَيَرْفَعُونَ رُءُوسَهُمْ فَكُلُّهُمْ يَتَمَنَّاهُ

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Then a Caller would Call out from the Presence of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted: "O group of creatures! Raise your heads and look at this castle'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So they will be raising their heads, and each one of them would wish for it'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Then a Caller will Call out from the Presence of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>: "O group of creatures! This is for everyone forgives a Momin'. He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So all of them would be forgiving except for a few'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Then Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic will Say: "There is no Permission to My<sup>-azwj</sup> Paradise today for the unjust one, and there is no Permission today to the Fire today for the one who was oppressed, or anyone from the Muslims who has in his possession somebody's rights until it will be Taken from him during the Accounting. O you creatures! Be prepared for the Accounting'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Then their way would be cleared for them, and they would be moving to the next stage preparing one another until they end up at the Plains, and the Compeller<sup>-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted would be upon the Throne. The registers (of deeds) would have been published, the scales set, and the Prophets<sup>-as</sup>, and the witnesses<sup>-asws</sup>, and these would be the Imams<sup>-asws</sup> would be present. Each Imam<sup>-asws</sup> testifying over the people of his<sup>-asws</sup> era, having stood among them by the Command of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic, and called them to the Way of Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So a man from Quraysh said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'O son<sup>-asws</sup> of the Rasool<sup>-saww</sup> Allah<sup>-azwj</sup>, if there is a Momin man who has a claim against a Kafir man, which thing would be taken from the Kafir, and he is from the inhabitants of the Fire?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'Ali<sup>-asws</sup> Bin Al-Husayn<sup>-asws</sup> said to him: 'The sins of the Muslim would be taken from him in accordance with what is due to him from the Kafir, and the Kafir would be Punished by it along with his Punishment for his Kufr in accordance with what was for the Muslim before that right'.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So the Qurayshi said to him<sup>-asws</sup>, 'So if there was a right for a Muslim against a Muslim, how would it be taken from a Muslim?'

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The good deeds would be taken for the oppressed against the oppressor in accordance with the right of the oppressed and it would increase the good deeds of the oppressed one'.

قَالَ فَقَالَ لَهُ الْقُرشِيُّ فَإِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لِلظَّالِمِ حَسَنَاتٌ قَالَ إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لِلظَّالِمِ حَسَنَاتٌ فَإِنَّ لِلْمَظْلُومِ سَيِّمَاتٍ يُؤْخَذُ مِنْ سَيِّمَاتِ الْمَظْلُومِ فَتُزَادُ عَلَى سَيِّمَاتِ الظَّالِمِ. الظَّالِمِ.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'The Qurayshi said to him<sup>-asws</sup>: 'If the oppressor does not have any good deeds to his credit?' He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'If the oppressor does not have any good deeds to his credit, the sins of the oppressed would be taken from him so it would increase the sins of the unjust one'.<sup>92</sup>

**VERSES 48 - 50** 

And We had Given the Furqan to Musa and Haroun as an illumination and a Zikr for the pious [21:48]

Those who are fearing their Lord in the hidden, and are in awe from the Hour [21:49]

And this is a Blessed Zikr We Revealed, so are you deniers of it? [21:50]

The Furgan (Decisive) Given to Musa-as

قَالَ الْإِمَامُ ع: وَ ادْتُكُوا إِذْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ- وَ هُوَ التَّوْرَاةُ الَّذِي أَخَذَ عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ الْإِمَانَ بِهِ، وَ الاِنْقِيَادَ لِمَا يُوجِبُهُ، وَ الْفُرْقَانَ آتَيْنَاهُ أَيْضاً فَرَقَ بِهِ [مَا] بَيْنَ الحُقِّ وَ الْبَاطِلِ، وَ فَرَقَ [مَا] بَيْنَ الْمُحِقِّينَ وَ الْمُبْطِلِينَ.

Then Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said: The Imam (Hassan Al-Askari<sup>-asws</sup>) said: 'And when We gave Musa the Book so that you might be rightly Guided [2:53] — and it is the Torah which was Taken upon the Children of Israel to believe in it, and the submission to what it Obligated; and the Furqan [2:53] (Criterion), We<sup>-azwj</sup> Gave it as well to differentiate by it what is between the Truth and the falsehood, and differentiate what is between the people of the Truth and the people of the falsehood.

-

الكافي 8: 104/ 79 92

وَ ذَلِكَ أَنَّهُ لَمَّا أَكْرَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى بِالْكِتَابِ وَ الْإِيمَانِ بِهِ، وَ الِانْقِيَادِ لَهُ، أَوْحَى اللَّهُ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ إِلَى مُوسَى ع: يَا مُوسَى هَذَا الْكِتَابُ قَدْ أَقُرُوا بِهِ، وَ قَدْ بَقِيَ الْفُرْقَانُ، فَرَّقَ مَا بَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْمُحِقِّينَ وَ الْمُبْطِلِينَ، فَجَدِّدْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَهْدَ بِهِ، فَإِنِيّ قَدْ آلَيْتُ عَلَى نَفْسِي فَسَماً حَقَّا لَا أَتَقَبَّلُ مِنْ أَلُمُو لِينَ، وَ الْمُحِقِّينَ وَ الْمُبْطِلِينَ، فَجَدِّدْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَهْدَ بِهِ، فَإِنِيّ قَدْ آلَيْتُ عَلَى نَفْسِي فَسَماً حَقَّا لَا أَتَقَبَّلُ مِنْ أَلَامُ عَلَى نَفْسِي فَسَماً حَقَّالُ مِنْ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْمُجْوِلِينَ، فَجَدِّدْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَهْدَ بِهِ، فَإِنِي قَدْ آلَيْتُ عَلَى نَفْسِي فَسَماً حَقَّالً لَا أَتُقَبَّلُ مِنْ

And that is, when Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> the Exalted had Honoured them with the Book and the belief in it, and the submission to it, Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Revealed after that unto Musa<sup>-as</sup>: "O Musa<sup>-as</sup>! This is the Book you have accepted it, and there remains the Furqan, differentiating what is between the *Momineen* and the Kafirs, and the people of the Truth and the people of the falsehood. Therefore, renew the pact upon them<sup>-asws</sup> with it, for I<sup>-azwj</sup> have Sworn upon Myself<sup>-azwj</sup> a Vow that I<sup>-azwj</sup> will not Accept from anyone, neither belief nor a deed, except along with the Eman in it.

قَالَ مُوسَى ع: مَا هُوَ يَا رَبِّ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ: يَا مُوسَى تَأْخُذُ عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ: أَنَّ مُحَمَّداً خَيْرُ الْبَشَرِ وَ سَيِّدُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ. وَ أَنَّ أَوْلِيَاءَهُ الْمُنْقَادِينَ لَهُ، الْمُسَلِّمِينَ لَهُ وَ لِأَوَامِرِهِ وَ نَوَاهِيهِ وَ لِخُلْفَائِهِ، نُجُومُ الْفِرْدَوْسِ الْأَعْلَى وَ حَيْرُ الْوَصِيِّينَ. وَ أَنَّ أَوْلِيَاءَهُ الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُهُمْ سَادَةُ الخُلْقِ. وَ أَنَّ شِيعَتَهُ الْمُنْقَادِينَ لَهُ، الْمُسَلِّمِينَ لَهُ وَ لِأَوَامِرِهِ وَ نَوَاهِيهِ وَ لِخُلْفَائِهِ، نُجُومُ الْفِرْدَوْسِ الْأَعْلَى وَ مُلُوكُ جَنَّاتِ عَدْن.

Musa<sup>-as</sup> said: 'What is it (the *Furqan*), O Lord<sup>-azwj</sup>!' Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said: "O Musa<sup>-as</sup>! Take to the Children of Israel that – Muhammad<sup>-saww</sup> is the best of the people and the Chief of the *Mursils*<sup>-as</sup>; and that his<sup>-saww</sup> brother and his<sup>-saww</sup> successor<sup>-asws</sup> Ali<sup>-asws</sup> is the best of the successors<sup>-as</sup>; and that His<sup>-azwj</sup> Guardians<sup>-asws</sup>, those whom He<sup>-azwj</sup> Established, are the chiefs of the people; and that the Shias are the ones obedient to him<sup>-saww</sup>, the submitters to him<sup>-saww</sup> and to his<sup>-saww</sup> orders, and to his<sup>-saww</sup> prohibitions, and to his<sup>-saww</sup> Caliphs. They<sup>-asws</sup> are the lofty stars of Al-Firdows (Paradise), and kings of the Gardens of Eden.

قَالَ: فَأَحْذَ عَلَيْهِمْ مُوسَى ع ذَلِكَ، فَمِنْهُمْ مَنِ اعْتَقَدَهُ حَقّاً، وَ مِنْهُمْ مَنْ أَعْطَاهُ بِلِسَانِهِ دُونَ قَلْبِهِ، فَكَانَ الْمُعْتَقِدُ مِنْهُمْ حَقّاً يَلُوحُ عَلَى جَبِينِهِ نُورٌ مُبِينٌ وَ مَنْ أَعْطَى بِلِسَانِهِ دُونَ قَلْبِهِ لَيْسَ لَهُ ذَلِكَ النُّورُ.

He<sup>-asws</sup> said: 'So Musa<sup>-as</sup> took that (Furqan/Criterion) to them, and from them was one who believed in it as true, and from them was one who gave him<sup>-as</sup> (acceptance) by his tongue besides his heart. It was so that the one from them who believed in it as true had a shining light manifesting upon his forehead, and the one who accepted by his tongue besides his heart, that light wasn't for him.

فَذَلِكَ الْفُرْقَانُ الَّذِي أَعْطَاهُ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ مُوسَى ع وَ هُوَ فَرَّقَ [مَا] بَيْنَ الْمُحِقِّينَ وَ الْمُبْطِلِينَ.

Thus, that was the Criterion (الْفُرْقَانُ), which Allah<sup>-azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Gave Musa<sup>-as</sup>, and it differentiates (فَرَقَ) what is between the people of the Truth and the people of the falsehood.<sup>93</sup>

قَالَ [الْإِمَامُ ع:] وَ ذَلِكَ أَنَّ مُوسَى عَ لَمَّا أَرَادَ أَنْ يَأْخُذَ عَلَيْهِمْ عَهْداً بِالْفُرْقَانِ [فَرَقَ] مَا بَيْنَ الْمُحِقِّينَ وَ الْمُبْطِلِينَ لِمُحَمَّدٍ صِ بِنُبُوَّتِهِ- وَ لِعَلِيِّ عَ بِإِمَامَتِهِ، وَ لِلْأَثِمَّةِ الطَّهِرِينَ بِإِمَامَتِهِمْ، قَالُوا: لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لَكَ أَنَّ هَذَا أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ حَتَّى نَرَى اللهَ جَهْرَةً عِيَاناً يُخْبِرُنَا بِذَلِكَ. فَأَحَدَثُمُمُ الصَّاعِقَةُ مُعَايَنَةً- وَ هُمْ يَنْطُونَ إِلَى اللهَ عَيْهِمْ، قَالُوا: لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لَكَ أَنَّ هَذَا أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ حَتَّى نَرَى اللهَ جَهْرَةً عِيَاناً يُخْبِرُنَا بِذَلِكَ. فَأَحَدَثُمُمُ الصَّاعِقَةُ مُعَايَنَةً- وَ هُمْ يَنْطُونُونَ إِلَى السَّاعِقَة بَنْزُلُ عَلَيْهِمْ،

-

<sup>93</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Al Askariasws – S 123 (Extract)

The Imam (Hassan Al-Askari-asws) said: 'And that was because when Musa-as intended to take the pact upon them (Children of Israel), a Covenant with the Furqan (Criterion), differentiating between what is between the ratifiers and the falsifiers to Muhammad-saww with his-saww Prophet-hood, and to Ali-asws with his-asws Imamate, and to the Pure Imams-asws with their-asws Imamate.

قَالَ الْإِمَامُ ع قَالَ اللّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ لَهُمْ: وَ [اذْكُرُوا] إِذْ أَخَذْنا مِيثاقَكُمْ وَ عُهُودَكُمْ أَنْ تَعْمَلُوا بِمَا فِي التَّوْرَاةِ، وَ مَا فِي الْقُرْقَانِ الَّذِي أَعْطَيْتُهُ مُوسَى مَعَ الْكِتَابِ الْمَحْصُوصِ بِلِكْرِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ عَلِيِّ وَ الطَّيِينَ مِنْ آلِهِمَا، بِأَثَمَّمْ سَادَةُ الْخُلْقِ، وَ الْقَوَّامُونَ بِالْحَقِّ

The Imam (Hassan Al-Askari-asws) said: 'Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Said to them (the Children of Israel) – And recall –*And when We Took a Covenant from you [2:63]*, and your pacts, that you would be performing with whatever is in the Torah and what is in the Furqan (Criterion) which I-azwj Gave to Musa-as along with the Book, particularised with the mention of Muhammad-saww and Ali-asws, and the goodly from their-asws Progeny-asws, that they-asws are the Chiefs of the people, and the ones standing by the Truth.

57 out of 57

<sup>94</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Al Askariasws – S 125 (Extract)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Al Askariasws – S 134 (Extract)