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AL-KAFI

ع 1 Volume 1

للمحدِّث الجليل والعالم الفقيه الشيخ محمد بن يعقوب الكليني المعروف بثقة المحدِّث الإسلام الكليني المتوفى سنة 329 هجرية

Of the majestic narrator and the scholar, the jurist, the Sheykh Muhammad Bin Yaqoub Al-Kulayni

Well known as 'The trustworthy of Al-Islam Al-Kulayni'

Who died in the year 329 H

كِتَابُ الْحُجَّةِ

THE BOOK OF DIVINE AUTHORITY (9)

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بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الحمد لله رب العالمين، وصلى الله على سيدنا محمد وآله الطاهرين، وسلم تسليما.

In the Name of Allah^{azwj} the Beneficent, the Merciful. The Praise is for Allah^{azwj} Lord^{azwj} of the Worlds, and Blessing be upon our Chief Muhammad^{saww} and his^{saww} Purified Progeny^{asws}, and greetings with abundant greetings.

باب مَا يَجِبُ مِنْ حَقِّ الْإِمَامِ عَلَى الرَّعِيَّةِ وَ حَقِّ الرَّعِيَّةِ عَلَى الْإِمَامِ

Chapter 104 – What is Obligated from the rights of the Imam^{asws} upon the citizen and the rights of the citizen upon the Imam^{asws}

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورِ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) مَا حَقُّ الْإِمَامِ عَلَى النَّاسِ قَالَ حَقُّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ أَنْ يَسْمَعُوا لَهُ وَ يُطِيغُوا قُلْتُ فَمَا حَقَّهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ قَالَ يَقْسِمَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِأَلسَّوِيَّةٍ وَ السلام) مَا حَقُّهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ قَالَ يَقْسِمَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِأَلسَّوِيَّةٍ وَ يَطِيغُوا قُلْتُ فَمَا حَقَّهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ قَالَ يَقْسِمَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِأَلسَّوِيَّةٍ وَ يَطِيغُوا قُلْتُ فَي الرَّعِيَّةِ فَإِذَا كَانَ ذَلِكَ فِي النَّاسِ فَلا يُبَالِي مَنْ أَخَذَ هَاهُنَا وَ هَاهُنَا .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Hammad Bin Usman, from Abu Hamza who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws}, 'What is the right of the Imam^{asws} upon the people?' He^{asws} said: 'His^{asws} right upon them is that they should listen to him^{asws} and obey him^{asws}. I said, 'So what is their right?' He^{asws} said: 'He^{asws} should distribute between them with the equality and do justice among the citizens. So when it was that among the people, so no one will fear who has taken this or that'.¹

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ بَزِيعٍ عَنْ مَنْصُورِ بْنِ يُونُسَ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرِ (عليه السلام) مِثْلُهُ إِلَّا أَنَّهُ قَالَ هَكَذَا وَ هَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَدُا وَ هَذَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَدَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَدُا وَ هَكَدَا وَ هَكَذَا وَ هَكَدُا وَ هُ هَكُذَا وَ هَكُذَا وَ هَنْ قُرُهُ وَ عَنْ سُوعَا وَ عَنْ سُوعَا وَ عَنْ سُوعَا وَ عَنْ سُوعَا وَعَنْ فَرَا وَ هَوَى عَنْ شَوْمَا لَهُ عَنْ اللَّهِ وَا عَنْ سُوعًا وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَالَهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْلُ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Bin Bazie, from Mansour Bin Yunus, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} similar to it, except that he^{asws} said: 'Like this, and like this, and the like this and like this', meaning from in front of him, and behind him, and from his right and from his left'.²

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى الْعَطَّارُ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ هَارُونَ بْنِ مُسْلِمِ عَنْ مَسْعَدَةَ بْنِ صَدَقَةَ عَنْ أَبِي عَدْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) لَا تَخْتَانُوا وُلاَتَكُمْ وَ لَا تَخْشُوا هُذَاتَكُمْ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوا أَيْمَتَكُمْ وَ لَا تَحْقَلُوا وَلاَتُكُمْ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوا أَيْمَتُكُمْ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوا أَيْمَتُكُمْ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوا وَيَذْهَبَ رِيحُكُمْ وَ كَا تَصَدَّعُوا عَنْ حَدْلِكُمْ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوا وَ تَذْهَبَ رِيحُكُمْ وَ عَلَى هَذَا فَلْيَكُنْ تَأْسِيسُ أُمُورِكُمْ وَ الْزَمُوا هَذِهِ الطَّرِيقَةَ فَإِنَّكُمْ لَوْ عَلَيْنَهُمْ مَا عَلَيْنَ مَنْ قَدْ مَاتَ مِنْكُمْ وَ لَكُونَ خَالُفَ مَا عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ قَدْ مَاتَ مِنْكُمْ مَا قَدْ عَلَى مَا عَلَيْنَ مَنْ لَقَدْ مَاتَ مِنْكُمْ مَنْ فَلَالُولُ وَ قَرِيبًا مَا يُطْرَحُ الْحِجَابُ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya Al Attar, from some of our companions, from Haroun Bin Muslim, from Mas'ada Bin Sadaga,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} said: 'Neither betray your leaders, nor deceive your guides, nor be ignorant of your Imams^{asws}, nor crack your unity for you will fail and your power will depart, and let the foundation of your affairs be upon this, and necessitate this way. If you all were to see what your dead ones can see, from the ones who opposed what you have been

¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 1

² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 2

called to, you would be convinced, and would come out and listen. But, it is veiled from you what they are seeing, and very soon the veil would be raised'.³

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ حَمَّادٍ وَ غَيْرِهِ عَنْ حَنَانِ بْنِ سَدِيرِ الصَّيْرَفِيِّ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ نُعِيَتْ إِلَى النَّبِيِّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) نَفْسُهُ وَ هُوَ صَحِيحٌ لَيْسَ بِهِ وَجَعٌ قَالَ نَزَلَ بِهِ الرُّوحُ اللَّهُ اللهُ عَلَيه وآله) الصَّلاةَ جَامِعَةً وَ أَمَرَ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ وَ الْأَنْصَارَ بِالسَّلاحِ وَ اجْتَمَعَ النَّاسُ

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Abdul Rahman Bin Hammad, and someone else, from Hannan Bin Sadeyr Al Sayrafi who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah^{asws} saying: 'The news of death was given to the Prophet^{saww} himself^{saww} and he^{saww} was healthy, there wasn't any pain with him^{saww}. The Trustworthy *Ruh* descended with it. So he^{saww} called for the congregational *Salat* and ordered the Emigrants and the Helpers with the weapons (to be ready). And the people gathered.

فَصَعِدَ النَّبِيُّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) الْمِنْبَرَ فَنَعَى إِلَيْهِمْ نَفْسَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ أُذَكِّرُ اللَّهَ الْوَالِيَ مِنْ بَعْدِي عَلَى أُمَّتِي أَلَّا يَرْحَمَ عَلَى جَمَاعَةِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فَأَجَلَّ كَبِيرَهُمْ وَ رَحِمَ ضَعِيفَهُمْ وَ وَقَرَ عَالِمَهُمْ وَ لَمْ يُضِرَّ بِهِمْ فَيُذِلَّهُمْ وَ لَمْ يُفْوِرُهُمْ فَي يُعْلِقْ بَابَهُ دُونَهُمْ فَقِيلُالُمُ أُمَّتِي دُونَهُمْ فَقِيلُالُمُ أُمَّتِي

So the Prophet^{saww} ascended the Pulpit, and gave the news of death to them himself^{saww}, then said: 'I^{saww} remind and caution of Allah^{azwj} the ruler from after me^{saww} upon my^{saww} community, that he should be merciful upon the group of Muslims, honour their elders and be merciful to their young ones, and dignify their scholars, and do not harm them so he would humiliate them, and not to impoverish them so they would disbelieve, and not close his door from them so their strong ones would devour their weak ones, and not pain them in their campaigns, so the lineages of my^{saww} community would be cut off'.

ثُمَّ قَالَ قَدْ بَلَّغْتُ وَ نَصَحْتُ فَاشْهَدُوا وَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) هَذَا آخِرُ كَلَامٍ تَكَلَّمَ بِهِ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) عَلَى مِنْبَرهِ .

Then he^{saww} said: 'I^{saww} have delivered and advised, therefore, bear witness!' And Abu Abdullah^{asws} said: 'This is the last speech Rasool-Allah^{saww} spoke with upon his^{saww} Pulpit'.⁴

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَلِيٍّ وَ غَيْرُهُ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ رَجُلٍ عَنْ حَبِيبِ بْنِ أَبِي تَابِتٍ قَالَ جَاءَ إِلَى أَمُورِ الْمُوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَسَلٌ وَ تِينٌ مِنْ هَمْدَانَ وَ حُلُوانَ فَأَمَرَ الْعُرَفَاءَ أَنْ يَأْتُوا بِالْيَتَامَى فَأَمْكَنَهُمْ مِنْ رُءُوسِ الْأَزْقَاقِ يَلْعَقُونَهَا وَ هُو يَقْسِمُهَا لِلنَّاسِ قَدَحاً قَدَحاً قَقِيلَ لَهُ يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَا لَهُمْ يَلْعَقُونَهَا فَقَالَ إِنَّ الْإِمَامَ أَبُو الْيَتَامَى وَ إِنَّمَا أَلْعَقْتُهُمْ هَذَا بر عَايَةِ الْآبَاءِ .

Muhammad Bin Ali, and someone else, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from A man, from Habeeb Bin Abu Sabit who said,

'There came to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, honey and figs from Hamdan, and gifts. So he^{asws} ordered the officers that they should bring the orphans. So he^{asws} enabled them from top for the tasting. They were licking it and he^{asws} was distribution to the people, cup by cup. So it was said to him^{asws}, 'O Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}! What is for

³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 3

⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 4

them that they should be licking it?' So he^{asws} said: 'The Imam^{asws} is a father of the orphans, and rather this treat of theirs is due to the care of the father'.⁵

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْبَرْقِيِّ وَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ جَمِيعاً عَنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْأَصْبَهَانِيِّ عَنْ شُوْبَانَ بْنِ عُيْنِنَةٌ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) قَالَ أَنَا أَوْلَى بِكُنَ مُؤْمِنِ مِنْ نَفْسِهِ وَ عَلِيٍّ أَوْلَى بِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِي فَقِيلَ لَهُ مَا مَعْنَى ذَلِكَ فَقَالَ قَوْلُ النَّبِيِّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) مَنْ تَرَكَ دَيْنَا أَوْ ضَيَاعاً فَعَلَى وَ مَنْ تَرَكَ مَالًا فَلِوَرَ ثَتِهِ

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Barqy, and Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, altogether from Al Qasim Bin Muhammad Al Asbahany, from Suleyman Bin Dawood Al Minqary, from Sufyan Bin Uyayna,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} that the Prophet^{saww} said: 'I^{asws} am closer with every *Momin* than his own self, and Ali^{asws} is the closest with it from after me^{saww}'. So it was said to him^{asws}, 'What is the meaning of that?' So he^{asws} said: 'The words of the Prophet^{saww}: 'The one who leaves debts or losses, so it is upon me^{saww}, and the one who leaves wealth, so is it for his inheritors'.

فَالرَّجُلُ لَيْسَتْ لَهُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ وِلَايَةٌ إِذَا لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ مَالٌ وَ لَيْسَ لَهُ عَلَى عِيَالِهِ أَمْرٌ وَ لَا نَهْيٌ إِذَا لَمْ يُجْرِ عَلَيْهِمُ النَّفْقَةَ وَ النَّبِيُّ وَ أَمِيلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ مَنْ بَعْدَهُمَا أَلْزَمَهُمْ هَذَا فَمِنْ هُنَاكَ صَارُوا أَوْلَى بِهِمْ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ وَ مَا كَانَ سَبَبُ إِسْلامِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَيه وَ اللهِ عَلَيه وَالله) وَ إِنَّهُمْ آمَنُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ وَ عَلَى عِيَالاتِهِمْ .

Thus, the man is such that there isn't an authority upon himself when there does not happen to be any wealth for him, and there isn't any authority for him upon his dependants nor any forbidding when he does not cause the expenses to flow upon them. And the Prophet^{saww} and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, and their^{asws} successors^{asws} have made it (providing maintenance) a binding upon themselves. For this reason they have a greater authority over them than their own selves. The general masses of the Jews accepted Islam only after these words of Rasool Allah^{saww}. They found peace for themselves and for their dependents.⁶

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ أَبَانِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنْ صَبَّاحٍ بْنِ سَيَابَةَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه الله عليه وآله) أَيُّمَا مُؤْمِنٍ أَوْ مُسْلِمٍ مَاتَ وَ تَرَكَ دَيْناً لَمْ يَكُنْ فِي فَسَادٍ وَ لَا إِسْرَافٍ فَعَلَى اللهِ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّمُ ذَلِكَ إِنَّ اللهَ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَلَى يَقُولُ إِنَّمَ الصَّدَقَاتُ لِلْفَقُرَاءِ وَ الْمَساكِينِ الْآيَةَ فَهُو مَنَ الْغَارِمِينَ وَ لَهُ سَهْمٌ عِنْدَ الْإِمَامِ فَإِنْ كَبَسَهُ فَإِنْمُ عَلَيْهِ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, fom Ali Bin Al Hakam, fom Aban Bin Usman, from Sabbah Bin Sayaba,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'Rasool-Allah^{saww} said: 'Whichever *Momin* or Muslim dies and leaves debts which do not happen to be regarding corruption or extravagance, so it is upon the Imam^{asws} that he^{asws} fulfils it. Therefore, if he^{asws} does not fulfil it, the sin of that would be upon him^{asws}. Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High is Saying *[9:60] But rather, the charities are only for the poor and the needy* – the Verse. So he is from the debtors, and for him would be a share with the Imam^{asws}, and if he^{asws} were to withhold it, so its sin would be upon him^{asws},⁷

⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 6

⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 5

⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 7

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ السَّنْدِيِّ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ بَشِيرِ عَنْ حَنَانِ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) لَا تَصْلُحُ الْإِمَامَةُ إِلَّا لِرَجُلِ فِيهِ ثَلَاثُ خِصَالٍ وَرَعٌ يَحْجُزُهُ عَنْ مَعَاصِي اللهِ وَ حِلْمٌ يَمْلِكُ بِهِ غَضَبَهُ وَ حُسْنُ الْوِلَايَةِ عَلَى مَنْ يَلِي حَتَّى يَكُونَ لَهُمْ كَالْوَالِدِ الرَّحِيمِ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Salih Bin Al Sindy, from Ja'far Bin Bashir, from Hannan, from his father,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Rasool-Allah^{saww} said: 'The Imamate is not correct except for a man in whom there are three characteristics – piety detaining him^{asws} from disobeying Allah^{azwj}, and forbearance he^{asws} can control his^{asws} anger with, and good guardianship upon the ones he^{asws} rules over until he^{asws} happens to be like the merciful father to them'.

And in another report: 'Until he^{asws} happens to be to the citizens like the merciful father'.⁸

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُعَاوِيَةَ بْنِ حُكَيْمٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَسْلَمَ عَنْ رَجُلٍ مِنْ طَبَرِسْتَانَ يُقَالُ لَهُ مُحَمَّدٌ قَالَ قَالَ مُعَاوِيَةُ وَ لَقِيتُ الطَّبَرِيُّ مُحَمَّدًا بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَأَخْبَرَنِي قَالَ سَمِعْتُ عَلِيَّ بْنَ مُوسَى (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ الْمُغْرَمُ إِذَا تَدَيَّنَ أُو اسْتَدَانَ فِي حَقِّ الْوَهْمُ مِنْ مُعَاوِيَةَ أُجِّلَ سَنَةً فَإِنِ اتَسْعَ وَ إِلَّا قَضَى عَنْهُ الْإِمَامُ مِنْ بَيْتِ الْمَالِ .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muawiya Bin Hukeym, from Muhammad Bin Aslam, from a man from Tabaristan called Muhammad, said, 'Muawiya said, 'And I met the Al Tabary, Muhammad, after that, so he informed me saying,

'I heard Ali^{asws} Bin Musa^{asws} saying: 'The debtor, when he lends a loan', or 'borrows regarding a right' - the uncertainty O Muawiya (the narrator), he will be given one year's time to pay. If he still cannot pay the Imam^{asws} would fulfil it on his behalf from the Public Treasury'.⁹

بِابِ أَنَّ الْأَرْضَ كُلُّهَا لِلْإِمَامِ (عليه السلام)

Chapter 105 - The earth, all of it, is for the Imam^{asws}

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ هِشَامٍ بْنِ سَالِم عَنْ أَبِي خَالِدٍ الْكَابُلِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ وَجَدْنَا فِي كِتَابٍ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) إِنَّ الْأَرْضَ لِلَّهِ يُورِثُها مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبادِهِ وَ الْعاقِبَةُ لِلْمُنَّقِينَ أَنَا وَ أَهْلُ بَيْتِيَ الَّذِينَ أَوْرَثَنَا اللَّهُ الْأَرْضَ وَ نَحْنُ الْمُنَّقُونَ وَ الْأَرْضُ كُلُّهَا لَنَا

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Hisham Bin Salim, from Abu Khalid Al Kabuly,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'We^{asws} found in the Book of Ali^{asws} that *[7:128]* surely the earth is Allah's; He Causes such of His servants to inherit it as He so Desires, and the end is for those who are pious. I^{asws} and the People^{asws} of my^{asws} Household are those whom Allah^{azwj} Caused to inherit the earth, and we^{asws} are the pious, and the earth, all of it is for us^{asws}.

⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 8

⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 104 H 9

فَمَنْ أَحْيَا أَرْضاً مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فَلْيَعْمُرْهَا وَ لْيُؤَدِّ خَرَاجَهَا إِلَى الْإِمَامِ مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِي وَ لَهُ مَا أَكَلَ مِنْهَا فَإِنْ تَرَكَهَا أَوْ أَخْرَبَهَا وَ أَخَذَهَا رَجُلٌّ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ فَعَمَرَهَا وَ أَحْيَاهَا فَهُوَ أَحَقُّ بِهَا مِنَ الَّذِي تَرَكَهَا يُؤَدِّي خَرَاجَهَا إِلَى الْإِمَامِ مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِي وَ لَهُ مَا أَكُلَ مِنْهَا حَتَّى يَطْهَرَ الْقَائِمُ مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِي بِالسَّيْفِ

So the one from the Muslims who revives it, so let him build it and let him pay its tax to the Imam^{asws} from the People^{asws} of my^{asws} Household, and for him would be what he consumes from it. So if he were to neglect it or ruin it, and (another) man from the Muslims was to take it from after him, and he builds it, so he would be more rightful with it than the one who neglected it. He should pay its tax to the Imam^{asws} from the People^{asws} of my^{asws} Household, and for him would be whatever he consumes from it, until there appears Al-Qaim^{asws} from the People^{asws} of my^{asws} Household with the sword.

فَيَحْوِيَهَا وَ يَمْنَعَهَا وَ يُخْرِجَهُمْ مِنْهَا كَمَا حَوَاهَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ مَنَعَهَا إِلَّا مَا كَانَ فِي أَيْدِي شِيعَتِنَا فَإِنَّهُ يُقَاطِعُهُمْ عَلَى مَا فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَ يَتْرُكُ الْأَرْضَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ .

So he^{asws} would contain it and prevent it and throw them out from it just as Rasool-Allah^{saww} had contained it and prevented it, except what was in the hands of our^{asws} Shias, so it would be their piece upon what is in their hands, and he^{asws} would leave the land to be in their hands'.¹⁰

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ قَالَ أَخْبَرَنِي أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَمَّنْ رَوَاهُ قَالَ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَا فِيهَا لِلَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى وَ لِيَسُولِهِ وَ لَنَا فَمَنْ غَلَبَ عَلَى شَيْءٍ مِنْهَا فَلْيَتَّقِ اللَّهَ وَ لْيُؤَدِّ حَقَّ اللَّهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى وَ لَيَبَرَّ إِخْوَانَهُ فَإِنْ لَمْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ فَاللَّهُ وَ رَسُولُهُ وَ نَحْنُ بُرَآءُ مِنْهُ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad who said, 'Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abdullah informed be, from the one who reported it saying,

'The world and whatever is in it is for Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High, and for His^{azwj} Rasool^{saww} and for us^{asws}. So the one who overcomes upon anything from it, so let him fear Allah^{azwj}, and let him pay the Right of Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High, and let him be righteous with his brethren. So if he does not do that, then Allah^{azwj} and His^{azwj} Rasool^{saww} and we^{asws} are disavowed from him'.¹¹

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبِ عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ قَالَ رَأَيْتُ مِسْمَعاً بِالْمَدِينَةِ وَ قَدْ كَانَ حَمَلَ إِلَى أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَقُلْتُ لَهُ لِمَ رَدَّ عَلَيْكَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَقُلْتُ لَهُ لِمَ رَدَّ عَلَيْكَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ وَ عَلْمُ لَا الَّذِي حَمَلْتُهُ إِلَيْهِ قَالَ لَقَالَ لِي إِنِّي قُلْتُ أَنْ الْمَعْوَلِي إِلَيْهِ الْمَالَ إِنِّي كُنْتُ وُلِّيتُ الْبَحْرَيْنَ الْغَوْصَ فَأَصَبْتُ أَرْبَمَمِاثَةِ أَلْفِ دِرْهَم وَ قَدْ حِنْتُكَ بِخُمُسِهَا بِثُمَانِينَ أَلْفَ دِرْهَم وَ كَرِهْتُ أَنْ أَحْبِسَهَا عَنْكَ وَ أَنْ أَعْرِضَ لَهَا وَ هِيَ حَقُّكَ الَّذِي جَعَلَهُ اللَّهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى فَي أَمْوَ النَا

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Umar Bin Yazeed who said,

'I saw Misma'a at Al-Medina and he had carried some wealth to Abu Abdullah asws at that time, but Abu Abdullah returned it. So I said to him, 'Abu Abdullah returned the wealth upon you which you had carried it to him sws'. So he said to me, 'I said to him when I carried the wealth over to him sws, 'I was in charge of the pearls of Bahrain and I attained a profit of four hundred thousand Dirhams, and I

¹⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 1

¹¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 2

have come to you^{asws} with its fifth (*Khums*), with eighty thousand Dirhams, and I disliked it that I should withhold it and turn away with It, and it is your^{asws} right which Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High Made it to be in our wealth'.

فَقَالَ أَ وَ مَا لَنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ وَ مَا أَخْرَجَ اللَّهُ مِنْهَا إِلَّا الْخُمُسُ يَا أَبَا سَيَّارِ إِنَّ الْأَرْضَ كُلَّهَا لَنَا فَمَا أَخْرَجَ اللَّهُ مِنْهَا إِلَّا الْخُمُسُ يَا أَبَا سَيَّارٍ قَدْ طَيَّبْنَاهُ لَكَ وَ أَحْلَلْنَاكَ مِنْهُ فَضُمَّ إِلَيْكَ مَالَكَ وَ كُلُّ مَا فِي أَيْدِي فَهُو لَنَا فَقُلْتُ لَكُ وَ أَحْلَلْنَاكَ مِنْهُ فَضُمَّ إِلَيْكَ مَالَكَ وَ كُلُّ مَا فِي أَيْدِي شَيِعَتِنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ فَهُمْ فِيهِ مُحَلُّونَ حَتَّى يَقُومَ قَائِمُنَا

So he^{asws} said: 'Or what is for us^{asws} from the earth and what Allah^{azwj} Brings out from it except the Khums, O Abu Sayyar? Surely the earth, all of it, is for us^{asws}. So whatever Allah^{azwj} Brings forth from it, from anything, so it is for us^{asws}'. So I said to him, 'And I shall carry all of the wealth to you^{asws}'. So he^{asws} said: 'O Abu Sayyar! We^{asws} have cleaned it for you and permited you from it. So keep your wealth with you and everything what is in the hands of our^{asws} Shias from the earth, so they are in permissibility with regards to it until our^{asws} Qaim^{asws} rises.

فَيَجْنِيَهُمْ طَسْقَ مَا كَانَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَ يَتْرُكَ الْأَرْضَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَ أَمَّا مَا كَانَ فِي أَيْدِي غَيْرِهِمْ فَإِنَّ كَسْبَهُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ حَرَامٌ عَلَيْهِمْ حَتَّى يَقُومَ قَائِمُنَا فَيَأْخُذُ الْأَرْضَ مِنْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَ يُخْرِجَهُمْ صَغَرَةً

So he^{asws} would collect their levy on whatever would be in their hands and he^{asws} would leave the land to be in their hands. And as for whatever would be in the hands of others (non-Shias), so their earning from the land is Prohibited upon them until our^{asws} Qaim^{asws} rises. So he^{asws} would seize the land from their hands and throw them out belittled'.

قَالَ عُمَرُ بْنُ يَزِيدَ فَقَالَ لِي أَبُو سَيَّارٍ مَا أَرَى أَحَداً مِنْ أَصْحَابِ الضِّيَاعَ وَ لَا مِمَّنْ يَلِي الْأَعْمَالَ يَأْكُلُ حَلَالًا غَيْرِي إِلَّا مَنْ طَيَّبُوا لَهُ ذَلِكَ .

Umar Bin Yazeed said, 'So Abu Sayyar said to him, I do not find anyone doing business or people as in charge persons of certain tasks, who earn their living lawfully except myself and those for whom they^{asws} ('A'immah) have made it lawful.¹²

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَحْمَدَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الرَّازِيِّ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْأَمْامِ زَكَاةٌ فَقَالَ أَحَلَّتَ يَا أَبَا مُحَمَّدٍ أَ مَا عَلَمَتْ أَنَّ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْآخِرَةُ لِإِمَامِ رَكَاةٌ فَقَالَ أَجَلَتَ يَا أَبَا مُحَمَّدٍ لَا يَبِيتُ لَيْلَةً أَبَداً وَ لِلَّهِ فِي عُنْقِهِ لِلْإِمَامِ يَضْعُهَا حَيْثُ يَشَاءُ وَ يَدْفَعُهَا إِلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ جَائِزٌ لَهُ ذَلِكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ الْإِمَامَ يَا أَبَا مُحَمَّدٍ لَا يَبِيتُ لَيْلَةً أَبَداً وَ لِلَّهِ فِي عُنْقِهِ حَقْ يَسْأَلُهُ عَنْهُ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Ahmad, from Abu Abdullah Al Razy, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from his father, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws}, said, 'I said to him^{asws}, 'Is there any *Zakāt* upon the Imam^{asws}?' So he^{asws} said: 'You have spoken an impossibility, O Abu Muhammad! Do you not know that the world and the Hereafter is for the Imam^{asws}? He^{asws} can place it wherever he^{asws} so desires to and hands it over to whoever he^{asws} so desires to. That is allowed for him^{asws} from Allah^{azwj}. The Imam^{asws}, O Abu Muhammad, does not sleep at night, ever, and in his^{asws} neck is a Right of Allah^{azwj}, Asking him^{asws} about it'.¹³

¹² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 3

¹³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 4

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَحْمَدَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ أَحْمَدَ عَنْ عَلِي بْنِ النُّعْمَانِ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبَانِ بْنِ مُصْعَبٍ عَنْ يُونُسَ بْنِ ظَبْيَانَ أَوِ الْمُعَلِّى بْنِ خُنَيْسِ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ هَذِهِ الْأَرْضِ فَتَبَسَمَ ثُمَّ قَلْلَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى بَعَثَ جَبْرَئِيلَ (عليه السلام) وَ أَمَرَهُ أَنْ يَخْرِقَ بِإِبْهَامِهِ ثَمَانِيَةَ أَنْهَارٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ مِنْهَا سَيْحَانُ وَ عَلْدَ اللَّهُ مَنْ الْمُؤْرَانُ وَ هُو نَهَرُ الْهِنْدِ وَ نِيلُ مِصْرَ وَ دِجْلَةُ وَ الْفُرَاتُ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Ahmad, from Muhammad Bin Abdullah Bin Ahmad, from Ali Bin Al Numan, from Salih Bin Hamza, from Aban Bin Mus'ab, from Yunus Bin Zabyan, or al Moalla Bin Khunays who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah^{asws}, 'What have you all (Imams^{asws}) to do from the earth?' So he^{asws} smiled, then said: 'Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High Sent Jibraeel^{as} and Commanded him^{as} that he^{as} furrows eight rivers by his^{as} big toe in the earth – from these is Sayhan, and Jayhan, and it is the river Balkh, and Al-Khashou, and it is River Shash, and Mihran, and it is a river of India, and Nile of Egypt, and Dajla, and Euphrates.

فَمَا سَقَتُ أَوِ اسْتَقَتُ فَهُو لَنَا وَ مَا كَانَ لَنَا فَهُوَ لِشِيعَتِنَا وَ لَيْسَ لِعَدُوِّنَا مِنْهُ شَيْءٌ إِلَّا مَا غَصَبَ عَلَيْهِ وَ إِنَّ وَلِيَّنَا لَفِي أَوْسَعَ فِيمَا بَيْنَ ذِهْ يَعْنِي بَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ الْأَرْضِ

So whatever is watered from or drawn, so it is for us^{asws}, and whatever was for us^{asws} so it is for our^{asws} Shias, and there isn't anything from it for our^{asws} enemies except what they have usurped upon, and that our^{asws} friends would be in (a place) more capacious in what is between this to this, meaning between the sky and the earth'.

ثُمَّ تَلَا هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ قُلْ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا فِي الْحَياةِ الدُّنْيا الْمَغْصُوبِينَ عَلَيْهَا خالِصَةً لَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيامَةِ بِلَا غَصْبٍ .

Then he^{asws} recited this Verse **[7:32] Say: These are for the Believers in the life of this world** the ones usurped upon **especially on the Day of Judgement** without being usurped'. ¹⁴

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الرَّيَّانِ قَالَ كَتَبْتُ إِلَى الْعَسْكَرِيِّ (عليه السلام) جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ رُوِيَ لَنَا أَنْ لَيْسَ لِرَسُولِ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) مِنَ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا الْخُمُسُ فَجَاءَ الْجَوَابُ إِنَّ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَا عَلَيْهَا لِرَسُولِ اللهِ عليه وآله) . لِرَسُولِ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muhammad Bin Al Rayyan who said,

'I wrote to Al-Askary^{asws}, 'May I be sacrificed for you^{asws}! It is reported to us that there isn't anything for Rasool-Allah^{azwj} from the world except for the fifth (*Khums*)'. So the answer came: 'The world and whatever is upon it is for Rasool-Allah^{saww}'. ¹⁵

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ رَفَعَهُ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ شِمْرٍ عَنْ جَابِرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) فَلِرَسُولِ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ مَا كَانَ لِرَسُولِ اللَّهِ فَهُوَ لِلْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, raising it, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir,

¹⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 5

¹⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 6

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Rasool-Allah^{saww} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Created Adam^{as} and cut the world for him^{as} as his^{as} piece. Thus, whatever was for Adam^{as}, so it is for Rasool-Allah^{saww}, and whatever was for Rasool-Allah^{saww}, so it is for the Imams^{asws} from the Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww}. ¹⁶

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ عَنِ الْفَصْلِ بْنِ شَاذَانَ وَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ جَمِيعاً عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرِ عَنْ حَفْصِ بْنِ الْبَخْتَرِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) قَرَى بِرِجْلِهِ خَمْسَةَ أَنْهَارِ وَ لِسَأَنُ الْمَاءِ يَتْبَعُهُ الْفُرَاتَ وَ دِجْلَةَ وَيُشِهِ عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) كَرَى بِرِجْلِهِ خَمْسَةَ أَنْهَارِ وَ لِسَأَنُ الْمَاءِ يَتْبَعُهُ الْفُرَاتَ وَ دِجْلَةَ وَ نِهْرَ اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهِ مَا مَقَتُ أَوْ سُقِتَى مِنْهَا فَلِلْإِمَامُ وَ الْبَحْرُ الْمُطِيفُ بِالدُّنْيَا لِلْإِمَام

Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Al Fazl Bin Shazan and Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, altogether from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hafs Bin Al Bakhtary,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'Jibraeel^{as} dug five rivers by his^{as} leg and the strip of the water followed it – The Euphrates, and Dajla, and Nile of Egypt, and Mihran, and river Balkh. So whatever is watered or drawn from these, so it is for the Imam^{asws}, and the oceans circling the earth are for the Imam^{asws}. ¹⁷

باب سِيرَةِ الْإِمَام فِي نَفْسِهِ وَ فِي المَطْعَم وَ الْمَلْبَسِ إِذَا وَلِيَ الْأَمْرَ

Chapter 106 – The ways of the Imam^{asws} regarding himself^{asws} and regarding the meals and the clothing when he^{asws} is the Master^{asws} of the Command

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ حَمَّادٍ عَنْ حُمَيْدٍ وَ جَابِرِ الْعَبْدِيِّ قَالَ قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) إِنَّ اللَّهَ جَعَلَنِي إِمَاماً لِخَلْقِهِ فَفَرَضَ عَلَيَّ التَّقْدِيرَ فِي نَفْسِي وَ مَطْعَمِي وَ مَشْرَبِي وَ مَلْبَسِي كَضُعَفَاءِ النَّاسِ كَيْ يَقْتَدِي الْفَقِيرُ بِفَقْرِي وَ لَا يُطْغِيَ الْغَنِيَّ عِنَاهُ .

Muhammad In Yahya, from Ahmad bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Hammad, from Humeyd and Jabir Al Baghdady who said,

'Amir Al-Momineen saws said: 'Allah Made me as an Imam saws for His creatures, so He Necessitated the management upon me with regards to myself and my meals, and my drinks, and my clothing (to be) like the weak people so that the poor one can follow the example of my poverty and the rich one does not transgress by his riches'.

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرٍ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنِ الْمُعَلَّى بْنِ خُنَيْسِ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) يَوْماً جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ ذَكَرْتُ آلَ فُلَانِ وَ مَا هُمْ فِيهِ مِنَ النَّعِيمِ فَقُلْتُ لَوْ كَانَ هَذَا إِلَيْكُمْ لَعِشْنَا مَعَكُمْ فَقَالَ هَيْهَاتَ يَا مُعَلَّى السلام) يَوْماً وَ اللَّهِ أَنْ لَوْ كَانَ ذَاكَ مَا كَانَ إِلَّا سِيَاسَةُ اللَّيْلِ وَ سِيَاحَةَ النَّهَارِ وَ لَبُسَ الْخَشِنِ وَ أَكُلَ الْجَشِبِ فَزُويَ ذَلِكَ عَنَّا فَهَلْ رَأَيْتَ ظَلَامَةً قَطْ صَيَّرَهَا اللَّه تَعَالَى نِعْمَةً إِلَّا هَذِهِ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hammad Bin Usman, from Al Moalla Bin Khunays who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah^{asws} one day, 'May I be sacrificed to you^{asws}! I remembered the family of so and so and what they are in from the Bounties, so I said, 'If only that was

¹⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 8

¹⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 105 H 7

¹⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 106 H 1

for you^{asws}, we would have lived with you^{asws} (prosperously)'. So he^{asws} said: 'Far be it, O Moalla! But, by Allah^{azwj}, had it been that, it would not have been except for hard labour (of protection) at night and strenuous work by the day, and wearing the coarse, and eating the tasteless. So that was Impeded from us^{asws}. Have you ever seen a looted property Allah, the Most High, has turned into a blessing except this one (easy life for you while unjust Abbassids are in rule)?'¹⁹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ أَبِي حَمَّادٍ وَ عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ غَيْرُهُمَا بِأَسَانِيدَ مُخْتَلِفَةٍ فِي احْتِجَاجِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَلَى عَاصِم بْنِ زِيَادٍ حِينَ لَبِسَ الْعَبَاءَ وَ تَرَكَ الْمُلَاءَ وَ شَكَاهُ أَخُوهُ الرَّبِيعُ بْنُ زِيَادٍ إِلَى أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) أَنَّهُ قَدْ غَمَّ أَهْلَهُ وَ أَحْزَنَ وُلْدَهُ بِذَلِكَ

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Salih Bin Abu Hammad and a number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad and some others, by their different chains,

'Regarding the argumentation of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} upon Asim Bin Ziyad when he wore the cloak and neglected the appropriate (easy of life), and his brother Al-Rabie Bin Ziyad complained to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} that he (his brother by adapting strict life) had saddened his wife and grieved his children with that.

فَقَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَلَيَّ بِعَاصِم بْنِ زِيَادٍ فَجِيءَ بِهِ فَلَمَّا رَآهُ عَبَسَ فِي وَجْهِهِ فَقَالَ لَهُ أَ مَا اسْتَحْيَيْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ أَ مَا رَحِمْتَ وُلْدَكَ أَ تَرَى اللَّهَ أَحَلَّ لَكَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَ هُوَ يَكْرَهُ أَخْذَكَ مِنْهَا أَنْتَ أَهْوَنُ عَلَى اللهِ مِنْ ذَلِكَ أَ وَ لَيْسَ اللهُ يَقُولُ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَضَعَها لِلْأَنامِ. فِيها فاكِهَةٌ وَ النَّحْلُ ذَاتُ الْأَكْمامِ

So Amir Al-Momineen saws said: '(bring) Asim Bin Ziyad to me saws!' So they came with him. So when he saws saw him, he saws frowned his face and he saws said to him: 'Are you not ashamed from your wife? Are you not being merciful to your children? Do you view that Allah Permitted the good things for you and He would Abhor it if you were to take from these? You are lesser upon Allah that. Or, isn't Allah Saying [55:10] And the earth, He has set it for the living creatures [55:11] Therein is fruit and palms having sheathed clusters?

اً وَ لَيْسَ اللَّهُ يَقُولُ مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَقِيانِ. بَيْنَهُما بَرْزَخٌ لا يَبْغيانِ إِلَي قَوْلِهِ يَخْرُجُ مِنْهُمَا اللَّوْلُؤُ وَ الْمَرْجانُ فَبِاللَّهِ لَابْتِذَالُ نِعَمِ اللَّهِ بِالْمَقَالِ وَ قَدْ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَ وَ أَمَّا بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ فَحَدَّثْ

Or isn't Allah^{azwj} Saying *[55:19] He United the two seas so they meet [55:20]* Between them is a barrier which they do not violate – up to His^{azwj} Words *[55:22]* There come forth from them pearls and rubies? So, by Allah^{azwj}, utilisation of the Bounties of Allah^{azwj} by the deeds is more Beloved to Him^{azwj} than utilising them by the words, and Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic has Said *[93:11]* And as for the Favour of your Lord, do announce (it).

فَقَالَ عَاصِمٌ يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَعَلَى مَا اقْتَصَرْتَ فِي مَطْعَمِكَ عَلَى الْجُشُوبَةِ وَ فِي مَلْبَسِكَ عَلَى الْخُشُونَةِ فَقَالَ وَيْحَكَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَرَضَ عَلَى أَمُمَّةِ الْعَدْلِ أَنْ يُقَدِّرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ بِضَعَفَةِ النَّاسِ كَيْلَا يَتَبَيَّغَ بِالْفَقِيرِ فَقْرُهُ فَالْقَى عَاصِمُ بْنُ زِيَادٍ الْعَبَاءَ وَ لَبِسَ الْمُلَاءَ .

Asim said, 'O Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}! So upon what do you^{asws} confine (yourself) regarding your^{asws} food upon the tastelessness, and regarding your^{asws} clothing upon the coarseness?' So he^{asws} said: 'Woe be unto you! Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic

¹⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 106 H 2

Necessitated upon the Imams^{asws} of justice that they should manage themselves with the weak ones of the people, perhaps the poor might despair due to his poverty'. So Asim Bin Ziyad threw off the cloak and wore the appropriate'.²⁰

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ اِلْبَرْقِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ يَحْيَى الْخِزَّ ازِ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ قَالَ حَضَيرْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ الله (عليه السلام) و قَالَ لَهُ رَجُلٌ أَصْلَحَكَ الله ذَكَرْتَ أَنَّ عَلِي بْنَ أَبِي طَالِبٍ (عليه السلام) كَانَ يَلْبَسُ الْخَشِنَ يَلْبَسُ الْقَمِيصَ بِأَرْبَعَةِ دَرَاهِمَ وَ مَا أَشْبَهَ ذَلِكَ وَ نَرَى عَلَيْكَ اللَّهِاسَ الْجَدِيدَ

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Barqy, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Yahya Al Khazzaz, from Hammad Bin Usman who said,

'I was present with Abu Abdullah^{asws} and a man said to him^{asws}, 'May Allah^{azwj} Keep you^{asws} well! I remember that Ali^{asws} Bin Abu Talib^{asws} used to wear the coarse (clothing). He^{asws} was wearing the shirt of four Dirhams and what resembled that, and we see upon you^{asws} the new clothing'.

فَقَالَ لَهُ إِنَّ عَلِيَّ بْنَ أَبِي طَالِبٍ (عليه السلام) كَانَ يَلْبَسُ ذَلِكَ فِي زَمَانٍ لَا يُنْكَرُ عَلَيْهِ وَ لَوْ لَبِسَ مِثْلَ ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ شُهِرَ بِهِ فَخَيْرُ لِبَاسٍ كُلِّ زَمَانٍ لِبَاسُ أَهْلِهِ غَيْرَ أَنَّ قَائِمَنَا أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ (عليه السلام) إِذَا قَامَ لَبِسَ ثِيَابَ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) وَ سَارَ بسِيرَةِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) .

So he^{asws} said to him: 'Ali^{asws} Bin Abu Talib^{asws} was wearing that during the time period that it would not be denied upon him^{asws}, and if he^{asws} were to wear the likes of that today, he asws would be defamed by it. So the best clothing of every time period is the clothing worn by people (during that time), apart from that, our asws Qaim^{asws} of the People^{asws} of the Household, when he^{asws} rises, would wear the clothing of Ali^{asws}, and he^{asws} would live by the way of Ali^{asws}. ²¹

باب نَادِرٌ

Chapter 107 - Miscellaneous

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَيُّوبَ بْنِ نُوحٍ قَالَ عَطَسَ يَوْماً وَ أَنَا عِنْدَهُ فَقُلْتُ جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ مَا يُقُلُ لِلْإِمَامِ إِذَا عَطَسَ قَالَ يَقُولُونَ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْكَ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abdulla, from Ayoub Bin Nuh who said,

'He sneezed one day while I was in his sneezed, so I said, 'May I be sacrificed for you^{asws}! What does one say to the Imam^{asws} when he^{asws} sneezes?' He^{asws} said: 'They should be saying, 'May Allah^{azwj} Send *Salawat* upon you^{asws}!'.²²

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الدِّينَورِيُّ عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ زَاهِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَأَلَهُ رَجُلٌ عَنِ الْفَوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) لَمْ السلام) قَالَ سَأَلَهُ رَجُلٌ عَنِ الْفَوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) لَمْ يُسَمَّ بِهِ أَحَدٌ قَبْلَهُ عَلَيْهِ بِإِمْرَةِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قَالَ كَيْفَ يُسَلَّمُ عَلَيْهِ قَالَ يَقُولُونَ السَّلامُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ إِلَّا كَافِرٌ قُلْتُ جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ كَيْفَ يُسَلَّمُ عَلَيْهِ قَالَ يَقُولُونَ السَّلامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا بَقِيَّةَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ قَرَأُ يُسَمَّ بِهِ بَعْدَهُ إِلَّا كَافِرٌ قُلْتُ جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ كَيْفَ يُسَلِّمُ عَلَيْهِ قَالَ يَقُولُونَ السَّلامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا بَقِيَّةَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ قَرَأُ بَقِيْتُ اللَّهِ فَيْلُونَ السَّلامُ عَلَيْهِ فَالَ يَقُولُونَ السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا بَقِيَّةَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ قَرَأُ

²⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 106 H 3

²¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 106 H 4 ²² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 107 H 1

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad who said, 'Is'haq Bin Ibrahim Al Deynouwary narrated to me, from Umar Bin Azhir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws, said, 'A man asked him asws about Al-Qaim 'Can one greet upon him asws as 'Amir Al-Momineen'?' He saws said: 'No, that is a name which Allah azwi Named Amir Al-Momineen with. No one has been named with it before him saws, nor would anyone be named with it after him asws except for 'كُافِرُ' an Infidel'. I said, 'May I be sacrificed for you saws! How should one greet upon him saws?' He saws said: 'They should be saying, 'The greetings be upon you saws, O Remaining one of Allah azwi! (يَا بَقِيَّةُ اللهُ اللهُ)'. Then he saws recited [11:86] The Remaining one of Allah is better for you if you are Believers'. 23

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عُمَرَ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) لِمَ سُمِّيَ أَمِيرَ الْمُوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) قَالَ لِأَنَّهُ يَمِيرُ هُمْ الْطِلْمَ أَ مَا سَمِعْتَ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ وَ نَمِيرُ أَهْلَنا .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Ahmad Bin Umar who said.

ʻI asked Abu Al-Hassan^{asws}, ʻWhy was Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} named as such?' He^{asws} said: 'Because he^{asws} brings them (يَمِيرُهُمْ) the knowledge. Have you nor heard in the Book of Allah^{azwj} *[12:65] and we will bring* (ثَمِيرُ) *grain for our family*'.

وَ فِي رِوَايَةٍ أُخْرَى قَالَ لِأَنَّ مِيرَةَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْ عِنْدِهِ يَمِيرُهُمُ الْعِلْمَ.

And in another report, he^{asws} said: 'Because he^{asws} nourished the Momineen from his^{asws} own presence, feeding them the knowledge'.²⁴

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ يَعْقُوبَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرِ عَنْ أَبِي الرَّبِيعِ الْقَزَّازِ عَنْ جَابِرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ قُلْتُ لَهُ لِمَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قَالَ اللهُ سَمَّاهُ وَ هَكَذَا أَنْزَلَ فِي كِتَابِهِ وَ إِذْ أَخَذَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَنِي آدَمَ مِنْ ظُهُورِهِمْ ذُرِّيَتَهُمْ وَ أَنَّ مُحَمَّداً رَسُولِي وَ أَنَّ عَلِيّاً أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Yaqoub Bin Yazeed, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Abu Al Raie Al Qazzaz, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws}, said, 'I said to him^{asws}, 'Why is Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} named as such?' He^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Named him^{asws} and <u>like this it is Revealed in His^{azwj} Book</u> [7:172] And when your Lord brought forth from the Children of Adam, from their backs, their descendants, and made them testify against their own souls: Am I not your Lord, and Muhammad^{saww} is My Rasool and Ali^{asws} is Amir Al-Momineen?'.

²⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 107 H 3

²⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 107 H 4

²³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 107 H 2

باب فِيهِ نُكَتِّ وَ نُتَفِّ مِنَ التَّنْزِيلِ فِي الْوَلَايَةِ

Chapter 108 – Points and pickings from the Revelation regarding the Wilayah

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ سَعِيدٍ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ حَنَانِ بْنِ سَدِيرٍ عَنْ سَالِمِ الْحَنَّاطِ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي جَعْفِر (عليه السلام) أَخْيِرْنِي عَنْ قَوْلِ اللهِ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى نَزَلَ بِهِ الرُّوحُ الْأَمِينُ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ لِتَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُنْذِرِينَ بِلِسَانٍ عَرَبِيًّ مُبِينٍ قَالَ هِيَ الْوَلَايَةُ لِأَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Husayn Bin Saeed, from some of our companions, from Hanan Bin Sadeyr, from Salim Al Hannat who said,

'I said to Abu Ja'far^{asws}, 'Inform me about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High *[26:193] The Trustworthy Spirit has descended with it [26:194] Upon your heart that you may become from the warners [26:195] In clear Arabic language*. He^{asws} said: 'It is the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}. ²⁶

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ عَنِ الْحَكَمِ بْنِ مِسْكِينِ عَنْ إِسْحَاقَ بْنِ عَمَّارِ عَنْ رَجُلٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِنَّا عَرَضْنَا الْأَمَانَةَ عَلَى السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَ الْجِبالِ فَأَبَيْنَ أَنْ يَحْمِلْنَها وَ أَشْفَقْنَ مِنْها وَ حَمَلَهَا الْإِنْسانُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ ظَلُوماً جَهُولًا قَالَ هِيَ وَلَايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Al Hakam Bin Miskeen, from Is'haq Bin Ammar, from a man,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[33:72]* Surely We Presented the Trust to the skies, and the earth, and the mountains, but they refused to bear it and feared from it, and the human being bore it; he was unjust, ignorant. He^{asws} said: 'It is the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, ²⁷

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ أَبِي زَاهِر عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ مُوسَى الْخَشَّابِ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ وَ الْمَيْنِ بْنِ مُوسَى الْخَشَّابِ عَنْ عَلْمِ الْمَلَمِ) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَ وَ جَلَّ وَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَ لَمْ يَلْبِسُوا إِيمانَهُمْ بِظُلْمٍ قَالَ بِمَا جَاءَ بِهِ مُحَمَّدٌ (صلى الله عليه وآله) مِنَ الْوَلَايَةِ وَ لَمْ يَخْلِطُوهَا بِوَلَايَةٍ فُلَانٍ وَ فُلَانٍ فَهُوَ الْمُلَبَّسُ بِالظَّلْمِ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Abu Zahir, from Al Hassan Bin Musa Al Kshhab, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[6:82] Those who believe and do not mix up their faith with injustice*. He^{asws} said: 'With whatever Muhammad^{saww} came with from the Wilayah, and they are not mixing it with the Wilayah of so and so, and so and so, so it is 'mixing up 'بالظُّمْ' with the injustice''.²⁸

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبِ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ نُعَيْمِ الصَّحَافِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَمِنْكُمْ مُؤْمِنٌ فَقَالَ عَرَفَ اللَّهُ إِيمَانَهُمُّ بِوَلَايَتِنَا وَ كُفْرَهُمْ بِهَا يَوْمَ أَخَذَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمِيتَاقَ فِي صَلْبِ آدَمَ (عليه السلام) وَ هُمْ ذَرٌ .

²⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 2

²⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 1

²⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 3

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Al Husayn Bin Nuaym Al Sahhaf who said.

ʻI asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[64:2] He it is Who Created you, so among you is an unbeliever and among you is a Believer*. So he^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Recognised their *Eman* by our^{asws} Wilayah and their disbelief in it on the day He^{azwj} Took the Covenant upon them in 'صُلُت' the forehead of Adam^{as}, and they were particles'.²⁹

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ إِدْرِيسَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَحْمَدَ عَنْ يَعْقُوبَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يُوفُونَ بِالنَّذْرِ الَّذِي أَخَذَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ وَلاَيْتِنَا .

Ahmad Bin Idrees, from Muhammad Bin Ahmad, from Yaqoub Bin Yazeed, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic **[76:7] They fulfill vows** which were Taken upon them of our^{asws} Wilayah'.³⁰

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ عَنِ الْفَضْلِ بْنِ شَاذَانَ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ رِبْعِيِّ بْنِ عَيْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزْ وَ جَلَّ وَ لُوْ أَنَّهُمْ أَقَامُوا التَّوْرِاةَ وَ الْإِنْجِيلَ وَ ما أُنْزِلَ إِلْيْهِمْ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ قَالَ الْوَلَايَةُ .

Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Al Fazl Bin Shazan, from Hammad Bin Isa, from Rabie Bin Abdullah,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[5:66] And if they had observed the Torah and the Evangel and that which was Revealed to them from their Lord*. He^{asws} said: 'Al-Wilayah'.³¹

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ الْأَشْعَرِيُّ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ مُثَنَّى عَنْ زُرَارَةَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَجْلَانَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى قُلْ لا أَسْئَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْراً إِلّا الْمَوَدَّةَ فِي الْقُرْبِي قَالَ هُمُ الْأَئِمَةُ (عليهم السلام) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad Al Ashary, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Musna, from Zurara, from Abdullah Bin Ajlan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[42:23]* Say: I do not ask of you any Recompense for it except for the cordiality for my near relatives. He^{asws} said: 'They^{asws} are the Imams^{asws}. ³²

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَسْبَاطٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ مَنْ يُطِعِ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُولَهُ فِي وَلاَيَةٍ عَلِيٍّ وَ وَلاَيَةٍ الْأَنِمَّةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ قَقَدْ فازَ فَوْزاً عَظِيماً هَكَذَا نَزَلَتْ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Asbat, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[33:71]* and whoever obeys Allah and His Rasool, regarding the

³⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 5

²⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 4

Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 6

³² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 7

Wilayah of Ali^{asws} and Wilayah of the Imams^{asws} from after him, so he indeed achieves a mighty success – this is how it was Revealed'. 33

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّي بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ النَّضْرِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ رَفَعَهُ إِلَيْهِمْ فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ ما كَانَ لَكُمْ أَنْ تُوْذُوا رَسُولَ اللهِ فِي عَلِيٍّ وَ الْأَئِمَةِ كَالَّذِينَ آذَوْا مُوسِي فَبَرَّأَهُ اللهُ مِمَّا قالُوا .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Al Nazar, from Muhammad Bin Marwan,

(It has been narrated) raising it to them^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[33:53]* and it does not behove you that you should hurt Rasool Allah regarding Ali^{asws} and the Imams^{asws} just like those who had hurt Musa^{as}. So Allah^{azwj} Disavowed from what they were saying'.³⁴

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ السَّيَارِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ قَالَ سَأَلَهُ رَجُلٌ عَنْ قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى فَمَنِ اتَّبَعَ هُدايَ فَلا يَضِلُ وَ لا يَشْقى قَالَ مَنْ قَالَ بِالْأَئِمَّةِ وَ اتَّبَعَ أَمْرَهُمْ وَ لَمْ يَجُزْ طَاعَتَهُمْ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Sayyari, from Ali Bin Abdullah who said,

'A man asked about the Words of the Exalted **[20:123]** then whoever follows My **Guidance**, he shall not go astray nor be distressed. He^{asws} said: 'The one who acknowledges the Imams^{asws} and follows their^{asws} orders and do not exceed their^{asws} obedience'. ³⁵

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ رَفَعَهُ فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى لا أُقْسِمُ بِهذَا الْبَلَدِ. وَ أَنْتَ حِلٌّ بِهذَا الْبَلَدِ. وَ والدٍ وَ ما وَلَدَ قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ مَا وَلَدَ مِنَ الْأَئِمَّةِ (عليهم السلام) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abdullah,

(It has been narrated) raising it regarding the Words of the Exalted [90:1] Indeed! I swear by this city [90:2] And you are a dweller of this city [90:3] And a father and what he begot. He^{asws} said: 'Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and what he^{asws} begot from the Imams^{asws}. ³⁶

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بِنِ أُورَمَةَ وَ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ عَلِي بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا غَنِمْتُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَأَنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَ لِلرَّسُولِ وَ لِذِي الْقُرْبِي قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْأَئِمَّةُ (عليهم السلام) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama and Muhammad Bin Abdullah, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} the Exalted *[8:41]* And know that whatever war booty you gain, a fifth of it is for

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 $^{^{33}}$ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 8

³⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 9

³⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 10

³⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 11

Allah and for the Rasool and for the near of kin. He^{asws} said: 'Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and the Imams^{asws}. ³⁷

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّي بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ مِمَّنْ خَلَقْنا أُمَّةُ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَ بِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ قَالَ هُمُ الْأَئِمَةُ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washa, from Abdullah Bin Sinan who said.

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic **[7:181]** And of those whom We have Created are a people who are Guiding with the Truth and thereby they are doing justice. He^{asws} said: 'They^{asws} are the Imams^{asws}, ³⁸

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ عَنْ عَلِي بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَدْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابِ مِنْهُ آياتٌ مُحْكَماتٌ هُنَّ أُمُّ الْكِتَابِ قَالَ أَمُيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَةُ وَ أَخْرُ مُتَشَابِهاتٌ قَالَ فُلَانٌ وَ فُلَانٌ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ زَيْعٌ أَصْحَابُهُمْ وَ أَهْلُ وَلَايَتِهِمْ فَيَتَبِعُونَ ما تَشْابَهَ مِنْهُ الْبَعْءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَ الْبَتِعْءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَ الْبَتِعْءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَ الْبَتِعْءَ الْفِيْنَةِ وَ الْبَتِعْءَ الْفَوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَةُ وَ الرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ أَمِيلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَةُ وَالرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ أَمِيلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَةُ وَالرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ السلام).

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of the Exalted [3:7] He is the One Who has Revealed the Book to you; some of its Verses are Decisive, they are the Mother of the Book. He saws said: 'Amir Al-Momineen saws and the Imams and others are Allegorical. He saws said: 'So and so and so and so then as for those in whose hearts there is perversity - their companions and the people of their wilayah they follow the part of it which is allegorical seeking to mislead and seeking to give it (their own) interpretation; but none knows its interpretation except Allah, and those who are firmly rooted in the Knowledge - Amir Al-Momineen saws and the Imams saws, 39

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ مُثَنَّى عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَجْلَانَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ نَعَالَى أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُتْرَكُوا وَ لَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ وَ لَمْ يَتَّخِذُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللهِ وَ لا رَسُولِهِ وَ لَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِيجَةً يَعْلَى اللهِ وَ لا رَسُولِهِ وَ لَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِيجَةً يَعْلَى الْأَئِمَّةُ (عليهم السلام) لَمْ يَتَّخِذُوا الْوَلائِجَ مِنْ دُونِهِمْ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Musna, from Abdullah Bin Ajlan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted [9:16] Are you reckoning that you would be left alone while Allah has not yet Known those of you who have struggled hard and do not take to any one besides Allah and His Rasool and the Believers— Meaning by 'the Believers' as the Imams^{asws}, not taking as a confidant the ones besides them^{asws}.

³⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 13

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 $^{^{}m 37}$ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 12

³⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 14

 $^{^{40}}$ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 15

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورِ عَنْ صَفْوَانَ عَنِ ابْنِ مُسْكَانَ عَنِ الْحَلَبِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ إِنْ جَنَّحُوا لِلسَّلْمُ فَاجْنَحْ لَها قَالَ قُلْتُ مَا السَّلْمُ قَالَ الدُّخُولُ فِي أَمْرِنَا .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Safwan, from Ibn Muskan, from Al Halby,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted **[8:61] And if they incline towards peace, then incline to it**. He^{asws} said: 'The entry into our^{asws} matter (Al-Wilayah)'.⁴¹

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ جَمِيلِ بْنِ صَالِحٍ عَنْ زُرَارَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى لَتَرْكُبْ طَبَقًا عَنْ طَبَقٍ فِي أَمْرِ فُلَانٍ وَ فُلانٍ وَ وَ فُلانٍ وَ فُلانٍ وَ فُلانٍ وَاللّهُ فُلْنِ وَ وَلَانٍ وَاللّهَ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهِ وَاللّهُ وَالل

Muhamman Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Jameel Bin Salih, from Zurara,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted **[84:19] That you shall most certainly enter one state after another**. He^{asws} said: 'And didn't this community, after its Prophet^{saww}, enter one state after another with regards to the matter of so and so, and so and so, and so and so?'. ⁴²

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ جُمْهُورٍ عَنْ حَمَّدٍ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ جُنْدَبِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ وَجَلَّ وَ لَقَدْ وَصَلْنَا لَهُمُ الْقَوْلَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ قَالَ إِمَامٌ إِلَى إِمَامٍ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Hammad Bin Isa, from Abdullah Bin Jundab who said,

'I asked Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{asws} Mighty and Majestic **28:51] And We have Made the Word to reach them so that they may be mindful**. He^{asws} said: 'Imam^{asws} to an Imam^{asws}.' ⁴³

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ النُّعْمَانِ عَنْ سَلَّمٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) وَ فَاطِمَةَ وَ الْحَسَنَ وَ الْحُسَيْنَ وَ الْمُعْدَهُمْ فِي النَّاسِ فَقَالَ فَإِنْ آمَنُوا يَعْنِي النَّاسَ بِمِثْلِ ما آمَنْتُمْ بِهِ جَرَتْ بَعْدِهُمْ فِي النَّاسِ فَقَالَ فَإِنْ آمَنُوا يَعْنِي النَّاسَ بِمِثْلِ ما آمَنْتُمْ بِهِ يَعْنِي عَلِيّاً وَ فَاطِمَةً وَ الْحُسَيْنَ وَ الْأُئِمَّةُ (عليهم السلام) فَقَدِ اهْتَدُوْا وَ إِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّما هُمْ فِي شِقاقٍ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Numan, from Sallam,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[2:136] Say: We believe in Allah and (in) that which had been Revealed unto us.* He^{asws} said: 'But rather it Means by that, Ali^{asws}, and (Syeda) Fatima^{asws}, and Al-Hassan^{asws}, and Al-Husayn^{asws}, and it flows after them^{asws} regarding the Imams^{asws}. Then the Words returned from Allah^{azwj} regarding the people, so He^{azwj} Said *[2:137] So if they* – Meaning the people - *were to believe as you believe in Him* – Meaning Ali^{asws}, and (Syeda) Fatima^{asws} and Al-Hassan^{asws} and Al-Husayn^{asws} and the Imams^{asws} -

⁴² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 17

⁴¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 16

⁴³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 18

they would have been Guided on the right course, and if they were to turn back, then they are only in strife'. 44

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوشَّاءِ عَنْ مُثَنِّى عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَجْلَانَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى إِنَّ أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْراهِيمَ لَلَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ وَ هَذَا النَّبِيُّ وَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا قَالَ هُمُ الْأَئِمَةُ (عليهم السلام) وَ مَنِ اتَّبَعَهُمْ.

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Musna, from Abdullah Bin Ajlan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[3:68] Most, surely the nearest of people to Ibrahim are those who followed him and this Prophet and those who believe*. He^{asws} said: 'They^{asws} are the Imams^{asws} and the ones who follow them^{asws}. ⁴⁵

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عَائِذٍ عَنِ ابْنِ أُذَيْنَةَ عَنْ مَالِكٍ الْجُهَنِيِّ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) قَوْلُهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآلُ لِأُنْذِرَكُمْ بِهِ وَ مَنْ بَلَغَ قَالَ مَنْ بَلَغَ أَنْ يَكُونَ إِمَاماً مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ فَهُوَ يُنْذِرُ بِالْقُرْآنِ كِمَا أَنْذَرَ بِهِ رَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Ahmad Bin Aiz, from Ibn Azina, from malik Al Juhny who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah^{asws}, '(What about) the Words of the Mighty and Majestic *[6:19]* and this Quran has been Revealed to me that with it I may warn you, and whomsoever it reaches?' He^{asws} said: 'The one whom it reaches that he would become an Imam^{asws} from the Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww}, so he^{asws} would warn by the Quran just as Rasool-Allah^{saww} warned by it'.⁴⁶

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ مُفَضَّلِ بْنِ صَالِحٍ عَنْ جَابِرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزْ وَ جَلَّ وَ لَقَدْ عَهِدْنا إِلِي آدَمَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَسِيَ وَ لَمْ نَجِدْ لَهُ عَزْماً قَالَ عَهِدْنا إِلْيَهِ فِي مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْأَئِمَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَ فَتَرَكَ وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ عَزْمٌ أَنَّهُمْ هَكَذَا وَ إِنَّمَا سُمِّيَ أُولُو الْعَزْمِ أَوْلِي الْعَزْمِ لِأَنَّهُ عَهِدَ إِلَيْهِمْ فِي مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْأُوْصِيَاءِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَ الْمَهْدِيِّ وَ سِيرَتِهِ وَ أَجْمَعَ عَزْمُهُمْ عَلَى أَنَّ ذَلِكَ كَذَلِكَ وَ الْإِقْرَارِ بِهِ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Mufazzal Bin Salih, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[20:115]* And We had Given a Covenant to Adam before, but he forgot; and We did not find determination in him. He^{asws} said: 'And We had Given a Covenant to Adam regarding Muhammad^{saww} and the Imams^{asws} from after him^{asws} but he neglected and We did not find determination in him. It was like this. And rather the determined ones (UI Al-Azm) have been named as the determined ones because it was covenanted to them^{as} regarding Muhammad^{saww} and the successors^{as} from after him^{saww}, and Al-Mahdi^{as} and his^{as} way, and gathered their^{as} determination upon that, that was like that, and the acknowledgment with it'. 47

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّي بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عُبَيْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى الْقُمِّيِّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ عَلِي قَوْلِهِ وَ لَقَدْ عَهِدْنا إِلَى آدَمَ مِنْ قَبْلُ كَلِمَاتٍ فِي مُحَمَّدٍ وَ عَلِيٍّ وَ

⁴⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 20

⁴⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 21 ⁴⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 22

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⁴⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 19

فَاطِمَةَ وَ الْحَسَنِ وَ الْحُسَيْنِ وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ (عليهم السلام) مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِهِمْ فَنَسِيَ هَكَذَا وَ اللَّهِ نَزَلَتْ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Ubeydullah, from Muhammad Bin Isa, Al Qummy, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman, from Abdullah Bin Sinan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Adullah^{asws} regarding His^{azwj} Words **[20:115] And We had Given a Covenant to Adam before words regarding Muhammad^{saww}, and Ali^{asws}, and Fatima^{asws}, and Al-Hassan^{asws}, and Al-Husayn^{asws}, and the Imams**^{asws} **from their**^{as} **offspring** – like this, by Allah^{azwj}, it was Revealed unto Muhammad^{saww}, ⁴⁸

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ عَنِ النَّضْرِ بْنِ شُعَيْبٍ عَنْ خَالِدِ بْنِ مَادِّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفَضْلِ عَنِ الثُّمَالِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ أَوْحَى اللَّهُ إِلَي نَبِيِّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) فَاسْتَمْسِكْ بِالَّذِي أُوحِيَ اِلنَّكَ إِنَّكَ عَلَى صِراطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ قَالَ إِنَّكَ عَلَى وَلَا يَةِ عَلِي وَلَا يَةِ عَلَى وَلَا يَةِ عَلِي وَلَا يَةِ عَلَى مَا اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَيه وَآله) فَاسْتَقْدِمِ قَالَ إِنَّكَ عَلَى وَلَا يَةِ عَلِي قَوْ الصَرَاطُ الْمُسْتَقِيمُ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Al Nazar Bin Shuayb, from Khalid Bin Madd, from Muhammad Bin Al Fazal, from Al Sumaly,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Allah^{azwj} Revealed unto His^{azwj} Prophet^{saww} *[43:43] Therefore attach yourselves to that which has been Revealed to you; surely you are on the Straight Path*. He^{asws}: 'You^{saww} upon the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, he^{asws} is the Straight Path'. ⁴⁹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْبَرْقِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانِ عَنْ عَمَّارِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ مُنَخَّلٍ عَنْ جَابِرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) هَكَذَا بِنْسَمًا اشْنَرَوْا بِهِ أَنْفُسَهُمْ أَنْ يَكْفُرُوا بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فِي عَلِيَ بَغْياً .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Barqy, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Ammar Bin Marwan, from Munakhhal, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Jibraeel^{as} descended with this Verse like this [2:90] Evil is that for which they have sold their souls - that they should deny what Allah has Revealed regarding Ali^{asws}, in rebellion'.⁵⁰

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ عَمَّارِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ مُنَخَّلٍ عَنْ جَابِرِ قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ هَكَذَا وَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ مِمَّا نَزَّلْنَا عَلَى عَبْدِنا فِي عَلِيٍّ فَأْتُوا بِسُورَةٍ مِنْ مِثْلِهِ .

And by this chain, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Ammar Bin Marwan, from Munakhhal, from Jabir,

'He^{asws} said: 'Jibraeel^{as} descended with this Verse upon Muhammad^{saww} <u>like this</u> [2:23] And if you are in doubt as to that which We have Revealed to Our servant regarding Ali^{asws} then bring a Chapter like it'.⁵¹

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ عَمَّارِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ مُنَخَّلٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ هَكَذَا يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ آمِنُوا بِما نَزَّلْنا فِي عَلِيٍّ نُوراً مُبيناً .

⁴⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 24

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⁴⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 23

⁵⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 25 ⁵¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 26

And by this chain, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Ammar Bin Marwan, from Munakhhal,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'Jibraeel^{as} descended unto Muhammad^{saww} with this Verse like this [4:47] O you who have been Given the Book! Believe that which We have Revealed regarding Ali^{asws} as a clear Light'. ⁵²

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ خَالِدٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي طَالِب عَنْ يُونُسَ بْنِ بَكَّارٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) وَ لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ فَعَلُوا ما يُوعَظُونَ بِهِ فِي عَلِيٍّ لَكانَ خَيْراً لَهُمْ .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Khalid, from his father, from Abu Talib, from Yunus Bin Bakr, from his father, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} [4:66] and if they had done what they were Advised, it would have certainly been better for them'. ⁵³

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّي بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ مُثَثِّى الْحَنَّاطِ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَجْلَانَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ادْخُلُوا فِي السِّلْمِ كَافَّةً وَ لا تَتَبِعُوا خُطُواتِ الشَّيْطانِ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوُّ مُبِينٌ قَالَ فِي وَلاَيَتِنَا .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Al Washha, from Musna Al Hannat, from Abdullah Bin Ajlan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[2:208] O you who believe! Enter into the submission one and all and do not follow the footsteps of the Satan; he is your open enemy*. He^{asws} said: 'Regarding our^{asws} Wilayah'.⁵⁴

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ إِدْرِيسَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنِ الْمُفَضَّلِ بْنِ عُمَرَ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَوْلُهُ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ بَلْ تُوْثِرُونَ الْحَياةَ الدُّنْيا قَالَ وَلَايَتَهُمْ وَ الْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ وَ أَبْقى قَالَ وَلَايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) إِنَّ هذا أَفِي الصَّحُفِ الأُولى. صُحُف إِبْراهِيمَ وَ مُوسى .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Abdullah Bin Idrees, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Al Mufazzal Bin Umar who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah^{asws}. (What about) the Words of the Majestic and Mighty [87:16] Nay! you are preferring the life of the world. He^{asws} said: 'Their Wilayah [87:17] While the hereafter is better and more lasting. He^{asws} said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}. [87:18] Most surely this is in the earlier scriptures, [87:19] The scriptures of Ibrahim and Musa'. 55

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ إِدْرِيسَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ عَنْ عَمَّارِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ مُنَخَّلِ عَنْ جَابِرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ أَ فَكُلَما جاءَكُمْ مُحَمَّدٍ بِما لا تَهُوى أَنْفُسُكُمْ بِمُوَالاَةٍ عَلِيٍّ فَ اسْتَكْبَرُتُمْ فَفَرِيقاً مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ كِذَّبْتُمْ وَ فَرِيقاً تَقْتُلُونَ .

Ahmad Bin Idrees, from Muhammad Bin Hassan, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Ammar Bin Marwan, from Munakhhal, from Jabir,

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Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 29
 Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 30

⁵² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 27

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: '[2:87] What! Whenever Muhammad^{saww} came to you with that which your souls did not desire regarding Wilyaah of Ali^{asws} you were arrogant so you belied a group from the Progeny of Muhammad^{saww}, and a group you slew?'. ⁵⁶

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ إِدْرِيسَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانِ عَنِ اللِّضَا (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَنَّ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانِ عَلِي الْكِثَابِ مَخْطُوطَةٌ . عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ كَبُرَ عَلَى الْمُشْرِكِينَ بِوَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ ما تَدْعُوهُمْ إَلَيْهِ يَا مُحَمَّدُ مِنْ وَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ هَكَذَا فِي الْكِثَابِ مَخْطُوطَةٌ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Abdullah Bin Idrees, from Muhammad Bin Sinan,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Reza^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[42:13]* hard to the Polytheists is that which you call them to O Muhammad^{saww}, of the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} – like this it is in the written Book'.⁵⁷

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ هِلَالٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَمْدِ اللهِ أَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدانا لِهِذا وَ ما كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِي لَوْ لا أَنْ هَدانا اللهُ فَقَالَ إِذَا كَانَ يَوْمُ الْقِيَامَةِ دُعِيَ بِالنَّبِي (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ بِأَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ بِالْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ وُلْدِهِ (عليهم السلام) فَيُنْصَبُونَ لِلنَّاسِ فَإِذَا رَأَتُهُمْ شِيعَتُهُمْ قَالُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَ مَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِي لَوْ لا أَنْ هَدَانَا اللهُ يَعْنِي هَدَانَا اللهُ فِي وَلَايَةٍ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ وُلْدِهِ (عليهم السلام) . الأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ وُلْدِهِ (عليهم السلام) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Hilal, from his father, from Abu Al Saffatij, from Abu Baseer,

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ وَ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى عَمَّ يَتَساعَلُونَ عَنِ النَّبَإِ الْعَظِيم قَالَ النَّبَأُ الْعَظِيمُ الْوَلَايَةُ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama and Muhammad Bin Abdullah, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdullah Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[78:1] What are they asking about? [78:2] About the Great News*. He^{asws} said: 'The Great News is the Wilayah'.

وَ سَأَلْتُهُ عَنْ قَوْلِهِ هُنالِكَ الْوَلايَةُ لِلَّهِ الْحَقِّ قَالَ وَلَايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) .

⁵⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 32

⁵⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 33

⁵⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 31

And I asked him^{asws} about His^{azwj} Words *[18:44] Over here the Wilayah is for Allah, the Truth* . He^{asws} said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}'.⁵⁹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ السِّنْدِيِّ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ بَشِيرٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى فَأَقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلدِّينِ حَنِيفاً قَالَ هِيَ الْوَلَايَةُ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Salih Bin Al Sindy, from Ja'far Bin Bashir, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[30:30] Then set your face for the upright Religion*. He^{asws} said: 'It is the Wilayah'. ⁶⁰

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْهَمَذَانِيِّ يَرْفَعُهُ إِلَى أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ نَضَعُ الْمَوازِينَ الْقِسْطُ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيامَةِ قَالَ الْأَنْبِيَاءُ وَ الْأُوْصِيَاءُ (عليهم السلام) .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibrahim Al Hamdany,

(It has been narrated) raising it to Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[21:47]* And We will Set up an Equitable Scale on the Day of Judgement. He^{asws} said: 'The Prophets^{as} and the successors^{asws}'.⁶¹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ عُمَرَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانِ عَنِ الْمُفَضَّلِ بْنِ عُمَرَ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللهِ تَعَالَى انْتِ بِقُرْ آنٍ غَيْرِ هذاً أَوْ بَدِّلْهُ قَالَ قَالُوا أَوْ بَدِّلْ عَلْمُ السلام) . عليه السلام) .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ahmad Bin Al Husayn Bin Umar Bin Yazeed, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Al Mufazzal Bin Umar who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} the Exalted *[10:15] Bring a Quran other than this or change it. Say: It does not beseem me that I should change it from myself*. He^{asws} said: 'They said, 'Change Ali^{asws}'. 62

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ مِهْرَانَ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ الْقُمِّيِّ عَنْ إِدْرِيسَ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَبْيَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَبْيَاعِ عَلْهِ اللَّهُ عَنْ تَفْسِيرِ هَذِهِ الْآيَةِ ما سَلَكُكُمْ فِي سَقَرَ. قَالُوا لَمْ نَكُ مِنَ الْمُصَلِّينَ قَالَ عَنَى بِهَا لَمْ نَكُ مِنْ أَتْبَاعِ الْمُقَرِّبُونَ أَ مَا تَرَى النَّاسَ يُسَمُّونَ الَّذِي يَلِي السَّابِقُ لَ الْمُقَرِّبُونَ أَ مَا تَرَى النَّاسَ يُسَمُّونَ الَّذِي يَلِي السَّابِقُ فِي الْمُصَلِّينَ لَمْ نَكُ مِنْ أَثْبَاعِ السَّابِقِينَ .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ismail Bin Mihran, from Al Hassan Al Qummy, from Idrees Bin Abdullah,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws}, said, 'I asked him^{asws} about the interpretation of this Verse [74:42] What has brought you into Hell? [74:43] They shall say: We were not of those who Prayed (Musalleen). He^{asws} said: 'It Means by it, 'We were not the ones who followed the Imams^{asws}, those for whom Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High Said regarding them [56:10] And the foremost are the foremost [56:11] These are the ones of proximity. Have you not seen the people naming the one who follows the preceding one in the race as 'Musally'? So that is what they

⁶⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 35

⁶² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 37

⁵⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 34

⁶¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 36

mean when they would be saying, 'We were not of the '*Musalleen*', i.e., we were not the ones who followed the foremost'. 63

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الْحَسَنِيِّ عَنْ مُوسَى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ يُونُسَ بْنِ يَعْقُوبَ عَمَّنْ ذَكَرَهُ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَنْ لَوِ اسْتَقَامُوا عَلَى الطَّرِيقَةِ لَأَسْقَيْناهُمْ ماءً غَدَقاً يَقُولُ لَأَشْرَبْنَا قُلُوبَهُمُ الْإِيمَانَ وَ الطَّرِيقَةُ هِيَ وَلَايَةُ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءِ (عليهم السلام) .

Ahmad Bin Mihran, from Abdul Azeem Bin Abdullah Al Hasany, from Musa Bin Muhammad, from Yunus Bin Yaqoub, from the one who mentioned,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[72:16]* And that if they should keep to the (right) way, We would certainly give them to drink of abundant water. He^{azwj} is Saying: 'We would give their hearts to drink the *Eman*', and the *Tareeqa* (right way), it is Wilayah of Ali^{asws} Bin Abu Talib^{asws} and the successors^{asws}. 64

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّي بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورٍ عَنْ فَضَالَةَ بْنِ أَيُّوبَ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنْ أَبِي أَيُّوبَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ مُسْلِم قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا اللَّهُ ثُمَّ اسْتَقَامُوا فَقَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) اسْتَقَامُوا عَلَى الْأَئِمَّةِ وَاحِداً بَعْدَ وَاحِدٍ تَتَنَزَّلُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَلائِكَةُ أَلَّا تَخافُوا وَ لا تَحْزَنُوا وَ أَبْشِرُوا بالْجَنَّةِ الَّتِي كُنْتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Fazalat Bin Ayoub, from Al Husayn Bin Usman, from Abu Ayoub, from Muhammad Bin Muslim who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[41:30]* (As for) those who say: Our Lord is Allah, then are steadfast. So Abu Abdullah^{asws} said: 'Being steadfast upon the Imams^{asws}, one after one the Angels descend upon them, saying: Fear not, nor be grieved, and receive good news of the Paradise which you were Promised'.⁶⁵

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) هِيَ الْوَاحِدَةُ الَّتِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَبَارَكَ) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى قُلْ إِنَّما أَعِظُكُمْ بِواحِدَةٍ فَقَالَ إِنَّمَا أَعِظُكُمْ بِواحِدَةٍ اللهِ السلام) هِيَ الْوَاحِدَةُ الَّتِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى إِنَّما أَعِظُكُمْ بِواحِدَةٍ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Hamza who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} the Exalted *[34:46] Say: But rather, I exhort you to one thing*. So he^{asws} said: 'But rather, I^{saww} exhort you all with the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, it is the 'one thing' which Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High Spoke of *[34:46] But rather, I exhort you to one thing*'. ⁶⁶

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ وَ عَلِيِّ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ عَلِي بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهُ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ عَلْدِ اللَّهُ عَنْ وَ جَلَّ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا ثُمَّ اَمْدُوا ثُمَّ ازْدادُوا كُفْراً لَنْ تُقْبَلُ تَوْبَتُهُمْ قَالَ نَزَلَتْ فِي فُلَانٍ وَ فُلَانٍ وَ فُلَانٍ آمَنُوا بِالنَّبِيِّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) فِي أَوَّلِ الْأَمْرِ وَ كَفَرُوا حَيْثُ عُرِضَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْوَلَايَةُ حِينَ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) مَنْ كُنْتُ مَوْلاهُ فَهَذَا عَلِي مَوْلاهُ

⁶⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 39

⁶⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 41

⁶³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 38

⁶⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 40

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama and Ali Bi Abdullah, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[4:137] Surely (as for) those who believe then disbelieve, again believe and again disbelieve, then increased in disbelief, Allah will never Forgive them*. He^{asws} said: 'It was Revealed regarding so and so, and so and so. They believed in the Prophet^{saww} regarding the first matter but they disbelieve when he^{saww} presented to them the Wilayah, when the Prophet^{saww} said: 'The one whose Master I^{saww} was, so this Ali^{asws} is his Master'.

Then they believed in the allegiance to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, then they disbelieved when Rasool-Allah^{saww} passed away, so they did not acknowledge with the allegiance. Then the disbelief increased by their seizing the ones who pledged allegiance to him^{asws}, by the pledging of the allegiance for them. Thus, they are such that there did not remain in them anything from the *Eman*'.⁶⁷

And by this chain,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[47:25] Surely (as for) those who turn back on their backs after that Guidance has become manifest to them*: 'So and so, and so and so, and so and so reneged from the *Eman* regarding the neglect of the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}.

I said, '(What about) the Words of the Exalted [47:26] That is because they say to those who hate what Allah has Revealed: We will obey you in some of the affairs?' He saws said: 'It was Revealed, by Allah regarding the two of them, and regarding their follower, and these are the Words of Allah Mighty and Majestic which Jibraeel descended with unto Muhammad [47:26] That is because they say to those who hate what Allah has Revealed regarding Alias We will obey you in some of the affairs'.

قَالَ دَعَوْا بَنِي أُمَيَّةَ إِلَى مِيثَاقِهِمْ أَلَّا يُصَيِّرُوا الْأَمْرَ فِينَا بَعْدَ النَّبِيِّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ لَا يُعْطُونَا مِنَ الْخُمُسِ شَيْئاً وَ قَالُوا إِنْ أَعْطَيْنَاهُمْ إَيَّاهُ لَمْ يَحْنَاجُوا إِلَى شَيْءٍ وَ لَمْ يُبَالُوا أَنْ يَكُونَ الْأَمْرُ فِيهِمْ فَقَالُوا سَنُطِيعُكُمْ فِي بَعْضِ الْأَمْرِ الَّذِي دَعَوْنُمُونَا إِلَيْهِ وَ هُوَ الْخُمُسُ أَلَّا نُعْطِيهُمْ مِنْهُ شَيْئاً

He^{asws} said: 'The Clan of Umayya called to their covenant that the command will not come to be among us^{asws} after the Prophet^{saww} nor should we^{asws} be given anything from the fifth (*Khums*), and they said, 'If we were to give it to them^{asws}, they would not

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⁶⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 42

be needy to anything and they^{asws} would not care if the command happens to be among them^{asws}'. So they said, 'We shall obey you in some of the matters which you are calling us to, and it is the Khums, we shall not give them^{asws} anything from it'.

وَ قَوْلُهُ كَرِهُوا مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ وَ الَّذِي نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ مَا افْتَرَضَ عَلَى خَلْقِهِ مِنْ وَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ كَانَ مَعَهُمْ أَبُو عُبَيْدَةَ وَ كَانَ كَاتِبَهُمْ فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ أَمْ أَبْرَمُوا أَمْراً فَإِنَّا مُبْرِمُونَ أَمْ يَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّا لا نَسْمَعُ سِرَّهُمْ وَ نَجُواهُمْ الْآيَةَ .

And His^{azwj} Words *[47:26]* hate what Allah has Revealed is what Allah^{azwj} Revealed and which Allah^{azwj} Revealed what Necessitated upon His^{azwj} creatures from the Wilayah of Amir Al Momineen^{asws}, and it was so that with them was Ubeyda, and he was their scribe, so Allah^{azwj} Revealed *[43:79]* Or have they settled an affair? So We are the Settlers. *[43:80]* Or do they think that We do not Hear what they conceal and their secret discourses? – the Verse'.⁶⁸

وَ بِهَذَا الْاسْنَادِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ مَنْ يُرِدْ فِيهِ بِإِلْحَادٍ بِظُلْم قَالَ نَزَلَتْ فِيهِمْ حَيْثُ دَخَلُوا الْكَعْبَةَ فَتَعَاهَدُوا وَ تَعَاقَدُوا عَلَى كُفْرِهِمْ وَ جُحُودِهِمْ بِمَا نُزِّلَ فِي أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عَليه السلام) فَٱلْحَدُوا فِي الْبَيْتِ بِظُلْمِهِمُ الرَّسُولَ وَ وَلِيَّهُ فَبُعْداً لِلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ .

And by this chain, from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[22:25]* and whoever shall incline therein to wrong unjustly. He^{asws} said: 'It was regarding them when they entered the Kabah, so they made a pact and agreed upon their disbelief and their rejection with what was Revealed regarding Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, so they inclined to the wrong in the House (Kabah) being unjust to the Rasool^{saww} and his^{saww} successor^{as} *[23:41]* so away with the unjust people'.⁶⁹

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَسْبَاطٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلالٍ مُبِينٍ يَا مَعْشَرَ الْمُكَذَّبِينَ حَيْثُ أَنْبَأَتُكُمْ رِسَالَةَ رَبِّي فِي وَلَايَةٍ عَلَي وَلاَيةٍ عَلَي الله الله عَلَي الله عَلْمُ السلام) مِنْ بَعْدِهِ مَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلالٍ مُبِينٍ كَذَا أَنْزِلَتْ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Asbat, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic [67:29] so you shall come to know who it is that is in clear error. O group of beliers when I^{saww} gave you the news of the Message of my^{saww} Lord^{azwj} regarding the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} and of the Imams^{asws} from after him^{asws} [67:29] so you shall come to know who it is that is in clear error. Such is how it was Revealed'.

وَ فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى إِنْ تَلُووا أَوْ تُعْرِضُوا فَقَالَ إِنْ تَلُووا الْأَمْرَ وَ تُعْرِضُوا عَمَّا أُمِرْتُمْ بِهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كانَ بما تَعْمَلُونَ خَبيراً

And regarding the Words of the Exalted [4:135] and if you turn back or turn aside, he^{asws} said: 'If you turn back the matter and turn aside from what you have been Commanded with, then surely Allah is Aware of what you do'.

وَ فِي قَوْلِهِ فَلَنُذِيقَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِتَرْكِهِمْ وَلَايَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَذاباً شَدِيداً فِي الدُّنْيَا وَ لَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ أَسْوَأَ الَّذِي كانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ .

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⁶⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 43

⁶⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 44

And regarding His^{azwj} Words [41:27] Therefore We will most certainly make those who disbelieve by their neglecting the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen Taste a severe Punishment, and We will most certainly Recompense them for the evil deeds they used to do'.70

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَسْبَاطٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ مَنْصُورِ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْحَمِيدِ عَنِ الْوَلِيدِ بْنِ صَبِيح عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللّهِ (عليه السلام) ذلِكُمْ بِأَنَّهُ إِذَا دُعِيَ الله وَحْدَهُ وَ أَهْلُ الْوَلَايَةِ كَفَرْتُمْ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Asbat, from Ali Bin Mansour, from Ibrahim Bin Abdul Hameed, from Al Waleed Bin Sabeeh,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws [40:12] That is because when you were called to Allah alone, and the people of Al-Wilayah, you disbelieved. 71

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ خَالَدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَلَيُهُ السَّالِمُ) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى سَأَلَ سائِلٌ بِعَدَابٍ واقِع. لِلْكافِرينَ بِوَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ لَيْسَ لَهُ دافِعٌ ثُمَّ قَالَ هَكَذَا وَ اللَّهِ نَزَلَ بِهَا جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Khalid, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman, from his father, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of Allah the Exalted [70:1] A questioner, asked for the Punishment to befall [70:2] For the unbelievers in the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, there is none to avert it. Then he asws said: 'This is how, by Allahazwi Jibraeelas descended with it unto Muhammadsawwi .72

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ سَيْفٍ عَنْ أَخِيهِ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى إِنَّكُمْ أَفِي قَوْلٍ مُخْتَلِفٍ فِي أَمْرِ الْوَلَايَةِ يُؤْفَكُ عَنْهُ مَنْ أُفِكَ قَالَ مَنْ أُفِكَ عَن الْوَلَايَةِ أُفِكَ عَن الْجَنَةِ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Al Hassan Bin Sayf, from his brother, from his father, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far regarding the Words of the Exalted [51:8] Most surely you are at variance with each other in what you say regarding the matter of Al-Wilayah [51:9] He is turned away from it who would be turned away. He^{asws} said: 'The one who turns away from Al-Wilayah, turns away from the Paradise'. 73

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورِ عَنْ يُونُسَ قَالَ أَخْبَرَنِي مَنْ رَفَعَهُ إِلَى أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَلَا اقْتَحَمَ الْعَقَبَةَ. وَ ما أَدْراكَ مَا الْعَقَبَةُ. فَكُّ رَقَبَةٍ يَعْنِي بِقَوْلِهِ فَكُّ رَقَبَةٍ وَلَايَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ فَكُ رَقَبَةٍ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Yunus who said

'I was informed by the one who raised it to Abu Abdullah asws, regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic [90:11] But he would not attempt the uphill road, [90:12]

Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 46

⁷² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 47 ⁷³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 48

⁷⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 45

And what will make you comprehend what the uphill road is? [90:13] (It is) the setting free of a slave. It Means by Hisazwi Words the setting free of a slave, the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen sws, for that is the setting free of a slave'. 74

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى بَشِّرِ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَنَّ لَهُمْ قَدَمَ صِدْقٍ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ قَالَ وَلَايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) .

And by this chain,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of the Exalted [10:2] and give good News to those who believe that for them is a true footing with their Lord. He asws said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen asws', 75

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْبَرْقِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَنَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى هذانِ خَصْمانِ اخْتَصَمُوا فِي رَبِّهِمْ فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِوَلاَيَةٍ عَلِيٍّ قُطِّعَتْ لَهُمْ ثِيابٌ مِنْ نار .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Al Bargy, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far regarding the Words of the Exalted [22:19] These are two disputants who dispute about their Lord; then (as to) those who disbelieve in the Wilayah of Aliasws, for them are cut out garments of Fire'. 76

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ الشَّهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللهِ تَعَالَى هُنالِكَ الْوَلايَةُ يَّهِ الْحَقِّ قَالَ وَلاَيَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام).

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah asws about the Words of Allah [18:44] Over here the Wilayah is for Allah, the Truth. He asws said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen asws', 77

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ سَلَمَةَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ الثَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ عَزْ وَ جَلَّ صِبْغَةَ اللَّهِ وَ مَنْ أَحْسَنُ مِنَ اللَّهِ صِبْغَةً قَالَ صَبَغَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِالْوَلَايَةِ فِي الْمِيثَاقِ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salma Bin Al Khatab, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic [2:138] A Dyeing of Allah, and who is better than Allah in dyeing? He^{asws} said: 'The Momineen were dyed by the Wilayah during the (Taking of the) Covenant'.78

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ فَضَّالٍ عَنِ الْمُفَضَّلِ بْنِ صَالِحٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ الْحَلَبِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَنْ أَبِي عَنْ أَلِي وَ لِوالَدَيَّ وَ لِمَنْ دَخَلَ بَيْتِيَ مُؤْمِناً يَعْنِي الْوَلَايَةَ مَنْ دَخَلَ فِي الْوَلَايَةَ مَنْ دَخَلَ فِي الْوَلَايَةِ وَلَا اللهِ السلام) الْوَلَايَةِ دَخَلَ فِي بَيْتِ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ (عليهم السلام)

⁷⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 53

⁷⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 49

⁷⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 50

Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 51 ⁷⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 52

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Fazzal, from Al Mufazzal Bin Salih, from Muhammad Bin Ali Al Halby,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic *[71:28] My Lord! Forgive me and my parents and him who enters my house believing* – Meaning the Wilayah. The one who enteres into the Wilayah enters into the House of the Prophets^{as}.

وَ قَوْلُهُ إِنَّما يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ الرِّجْسَ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَ يُطَهِّرَكُمْ تَطْهِيراً يَعْنِي الْأَئِمَّةَ (عليهم السلام) وَ وَلَايَتَهُمْ مَنْ دَخَلَ فِيهَا دَخَلَ فِي بَيْتِ النَّبِيِّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) .

And His^{azwj} Words [33:33] But rather, Allah Desires to Keep away the uncleanness from you, O people of the House! And to Purify you a with a Purification – Meaning the Imams^{asws} and their^{asws} Wilayah. The one who enters into it, enters into the House of the Prophet^{saww}. ⁷⁹

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْعَزِيزِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنِ الرِّضَا (عليه السلام) قَالَ قُلْتُ قُلْ بِفَضْلِ اللَّهِ وَ بِرَحْمَتِهِ فَبِذَلِكَ فَلْيَفْرَحُوا هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ قَالَ بِوَلَايَةِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ (عليهم السلام) هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا يَجْمَعُ هَوْ لَايَةِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ (عليهم السلام) هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا يَجْمَعُ هَوُ لَاءِ مِنْ دُنْيَاهُمْ .

And by this chain, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Umar Bin Abdul Aziz, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Reza^{asws}, said, 'I said, '[10:58] Say: By the Grace of Allah and by His Mercy – so it is by that they should be rejoicing; it is better from that which they are amassing. He^{asws} said: 'By the Wilayah of Muhammad^{saww} and the Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww}. It is better than what they are amassing for their world'.⁸⁰

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الْحَسَنِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَسْبَاطٍ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْحَمِيدِ عَنْ زَيْدِ الشَّحَامِ قَالَ قَالَ لِي أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) و نَحْنُ فِي الطَّرِيقِ فِي أَيْلَةِ الْجُمُعَةِ أَقْرَأْ فَانِّهَا لَيْلَةُ الْجُمُعَةِ قُرْ آناً فَقَرَأْتُ إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ كَانَ مِيقاتُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ. يَوْمَ لا يُغْنِي مَوْلِي عَنْ مَوْلِي شَيْئاً وَ لا هُمْ يُنْصَرُونَ. إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ اللَّهُ فَقَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) نَحْنُ وَ اللهِ الَّذِي اسْتَنَى اللَّهُ لَكِنْ عَنْهُمْ .

Ahmad Bin Mihran, from Abdul Azeem Bin Abdullah Al Hassany, from Ali Bin Asbat, from Ibrahim Bin Abdul Hameed, from Zayd Al Shahham who said,

'Abu Abdullah^{asws} said to me and we were in the road during the night of Friday: 'Recite the Quran, for it is a night of Friday'. So I recited *[44:40]* Surely the Day of separation is their appointed term, of all of them *[44:41]* The Day on which a friend shall not avail (his) friend aught, nor shall they be helped, *[44:42]* Except those on whom Allah shall have Mercy. So Abu Abdullah^{asws} said: 'We^{asws}, by Allah^{azwj}, are those on whom Allah^{azwj} has Mercy, and we, by Allah^{azwj}, are those whom Allah^{azwj} has Made to be exception, in order for us^{asws} to make them (Shias) needless from them (rest of the people)'.⁸¹

⁸⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 55

⁸¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 56

⁷⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 54

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْمَظِيمِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ يَجْيَى بْنِ سَالِمٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ لَمَّا نَزَلَتْ وَ تَعِيَها أُذُنّ واعِيَةٌ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) هِيَ أُذُنْكَ يَا عَلِيُّ .

Ahmad Bin Mihran, from Abdul Azeem Bin Abdullah, from Yahya Bin Salim,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'When it was Revealed **[69:12]** and that the retaining ear would retain it, Rasool-Allah^{saww} said: 'It is your^{asws} ear, O Ali^{asws}'. ⁸²

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَمْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) هَكَذَا فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواَ آلَ مُحَمَّدٍ حَقَّهُمْ قُولًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ فَأَنْزَلْنا عَلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا آلَ مُحَمَّدٍ حَقَّهُمْ رِجْزاً مِنَ السَّماءِ بِما كانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ .

Ahmad Bin Mihran, from Abdul Azeem Bin Abdullah, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: '<u>Jibraeel^{as} descended with this</u> <u>Verse unto Muhammad^{saww}, like this</u> - [2:59] But those who were unjust to the <u>Progeny of Muhammad^{saww} of their rights changed it for a word other than that which had been Spoken to them, so We Sent upon those who were unjust to the <u>Progeny of Muhammad^{saww} of their rights a Torment from the sky, because they transgressed.</u> 83</u>

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الْحَسَنِيِّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ هَكَذَا إِنَّ الَّذِينَ... ظَلَمُوا آلَ مُحَمَّدٍ حَقَّهُمْ لَمْ يَكُنِ اللَّهُ لِيَغْفِرَ لَهُمْ وَ لا لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ طَرِيقً جَهَنَّمَ خالِدِينَ فِيها أَبْداً وَ كانَ ذلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ يَسِيراً

And by this chain, from Abdul Azeem Bin Abdullah Al Hasany, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Jibraeel^{as} desended with this Verse, like this [4:168] Surely (as for) those who were unjust to the Progeny of Muhammad^{saww} of their rights Allah will not Forgive them nor Guide them to a Path [4:169] Except the Path of Hell, to abide in it for ever, and this is easy to Allah.

ثُمَّ قَالَ يَا أَثِّهَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَكُمُ الرَّسُولُ بِالْحَقِّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي وَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ فَآمِنُوا خَيْراً لَكُمْ وَ إِنْ تَكْفُرُوا بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ فَإِنَّ شِّهِ مَا فِي السَّماواتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ .

Then he^{asws} said: '[4:170] O you people! Surely the Rasool has come to you with the Truth from your Lord, regarding the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, therefore believe, (it shall be) good for you and If you disbelieve in the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, then surely whatever is in the skies and the earth is Allah's'. ⁸⁴

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مِهْرَانَ رَحِمَهُ اللَّهُ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ عَنْ بَكَّارٍ عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ هَكَذَا نَزَلَتْ هَذِهِ الْآيَةُ وَ لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ فَعَلُوا ما يُوعَظُونَ بِهِ فِي عَلِيٍّ لَكانَ خَيْراً لَهُمْ .

⁸³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 58

⁸⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 59

⁸² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 57

Ahmad Bin Mihran, from Abdul Azeem, from Bakkar, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far asws having said: 'This is how this Verse was Revealed [4:66] and if they had done what they were Advised with regarding Aliasws, it would have certainly been better for them. 85

أَجْمَدُ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ عَنِ ابْنِ أُذَيْنَةَ عَنْ مَالِكٍ الْجُهَنِيِّ قَالَ قُلْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) وَ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ هذَا الْقُرْآنُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) وَ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ هذَا الْقُرْآنُ لِلْأَوْرَانِ كَمَا يُنْذِرُ بِهِ وَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله). لِأُنْذِرُ كُمْ بِهِ وَ مَنْ بَلَغَ قَالَ مَنْ بَلَغَ أَنْ يَكُونَ إِمَاماً مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ يُنْذِرُ بِالْقُرْآنِ كَمَا يُنْذِرُ بِهِ رَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله).

Ahmad Bin Abdul Azeem, from Ibn Azina, from Malik Al Juhny who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah asws, '[6:19] and this Quran has been Revealed to me that with it I may warn you, and whomsoever it reaches. He asws said: 'The one whom it reaches that he becomes an Imam^{asws}, from the Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{as}. He^{asws} would warn with the Quran just as Rasool-Allah^{saww} had warned with it'. 86

أَحْمَدُ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ مَيَّاحٍ عَمَّنْ أَخْبَرَهُ قَالَ قَرَأَ رَجُلٌ عِنْدَ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قُلِ اعْمَلُوا فَسَيَرَى اللَّهُ عَمَلُكُمْ وَ رَسُولُهُ وَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ فَقَالَ لَيْسَ هَكَذَا هِيَ إِنَّمَا هِيَ وَ الْمُأْمُونُونَ فَنَحْنُ الْمُأْمُونُونَ .

Ahmad, from Abdul Azeem, from Al Husayn Bin Mayyah, from the one who informed him who said,

'A man recited in the presence of Abu Abdullah asws [9:105] And say: Work; so Allah will See your work and (so will) His Rasool and the Believers. So he asws said: 'It is not like this! But rather, it is 'The Secured ones (Al-Mamounoun). So we^{asws} are the secured ones'.87

أَحْمَدُ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْعَظِيمِ عَنْ هِشَامِ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ هَذَا صِرَاطُ عَلِيٍّ مُسْتَقِيمٌ .

Ahmad, from Abdul Azeem, from Hisham Bin Al Hakam,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws having said: '[15:41] He said: This is a Path of Ali. Straight.88

أَحْمَدُ عَنْ عَيْدِ الْعَظِيمِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ نَزَلَ جَبْرَئِيلُ بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ هَكَذَا فَأَبِي أَكْثَرُ النَّاسَ بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ إِلَّا كُفُوراً

Ahmad, from Abdul Azeem, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far having said: 'Jibraeel's descended with this Verse like this - [17:89] but most of the people refused (to accept) the Wilayah of Ali, except for the denying'.

قَالَ وَ نَزَلَ جِبْرَئِيلُ (عليه السلام) بِهَذِهِ الْآيَةِ هَكَذَا وَ قُلِ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي وَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ فَمَنْ شاءَ فَلْيُؤْمِنْ وَ مَنْ شاءَ فَلْيَكْفُرْ إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ آلَ مُحَمَّدٍ ناراً .

⁸⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 60

⁸⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 61

Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 62
 Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 63

He^{asws} said: 'And <u>Jibraeel^{as} descended with this Verse like this</u> - [18:29] And say: The Truth is from your Lord, regarding the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, so let him who desires to, believe, and let him who desires to, disbelieve; We have Prepared for the unjust to the Progeny of Muhammad, a Fire'.⁸⁹

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إسْمَاعِيلَ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَنَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ وَ أَنَّ الْمَساجِدَ لِلَّهِ فَلا تَدْعُوا مَعَ اللَّهِ أَحَداً قَالَ هُمُ الْأَوْصِيَاءُ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} regarding His^{azwj} Words **72:18] And that the Masjids are Allah's, therefore call not upon any one with Allah**. He^{asws} said: 'They^{asws} are the successors^{asws, 90}

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ الْأَحْوَلِ عَنْ سَلَّم بْنِ الْمُسْتَنِيرِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى قُلْ هذِهِ سَبِيلِي أَدْعُوا إِلَى اللهِ عَلَى بَصِيرَةٍ أَنَا وَ مَنِ اتَّبَعَنِي قَالَ ذَاكَ رَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Al Ahowl, from Sallam Bin Al Mustaneer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[12:108] Say: This is my way: I call to Allah, I and the ones who follow me having insight.* He^{asws} said: 'That is Rasool-Allah^{saww} and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, and the successors^{asws} from after them^{asws}. ⁹¹

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ عَنْ حَنَانِ عَنْ سَالِمِ الْحَنَّاطِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَأَخْرَجْنا مَنْ كَانَ فِيها مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَما وَجَذَّنا فِيها غَيْرَ بَيْتٍ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فَقَالَ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) آلُ مُحَمَّدٍ لَمْ يَبْقَ فِيهَا غَيْرُهُمْ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Hanan, from Salim Al Hannat who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[51:35] Then We brought forth such as were therein of the Believers. [51:36] But We did not find therein save a (single) house of those who submitted.* So Abu Ja'far^{asws} said: 'The Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww}. There did not remain therein apart from them^{asws}'. ⁹²

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ جُمْهُورِ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ سَهْلٍ عَنِ الْقَاسِم بْنِ عُرْوَةَ عَنْ أَبِي السَّفَاتِجِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ فَيلَ هذا الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ بِهِ عَنْ زُرَارَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى فَلْمَّا رَأَوْهُ زُلْفَةً سِينَتْ وُجُوهُ الَّذِينَ كَفْتُمْ بِهِ تَدَّعُونَ قَالَ هَذِهِ نَزَلَتْ فِي أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ أَصْحَابِهِ الَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا مَا عَمِلُوا يَرَوْنَ أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) فِي أَغْبَطِ الْأَمَاكِنِ لَهُمْ قَلْسِيءُ وُجُوهُهُمْ وَ يُقَالُ لَهُمْ هذا الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَدَّعُونَ الَّذِي انْتَحَلْنُم اللهُ عَلَى السَّفَة .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Ismail Bin Sahl, from Al Qasim Bin Urwa, from Abu Al Saffatij, from Zurara,

⁹⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 65

92 Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 67

⁸⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 64

⁹¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 66

(It has been narrated) from Abu ja'far^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted [67:27] But when they shall see it nigh, the faces of those who disbelieve shall be sorry, and it shall be said; This is that which you used to be called by. He^{asws} said: 'This was Revealed regarding Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and his^{asws} contemporaries, those who did what they did. They will be seeing Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} in places which would be enviable to them, despair in their faces, and it shall be said; This is that which you used to be called by, those who impersonated by his^{asws} name (i.e., they were named as Amir Al-Momineen)'.⁹³

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ سَلَمَةَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيْرِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ النَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ شَاهِدٍ وَ مَشْهُودٍ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عَليه السلام) .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salma Bin Al Khattab, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[85:3] And the witness and the witnessed*. He^{asws} said: 'The Prophet^{saww} and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws, 94}

الْحُسنَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلِّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوشَّاءِ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عُمَرَ الْحَلَّالِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى فَأَذَنَ مُؤَذِّنُ بَيْنَهُمْ أَنْ لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ قَالَ الْمُؤَذِّنُ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Ahmad Bin Umar Al Hallah who said,

'I asked Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} about the Words of the Exalted *[7:44] Then a proclaimer would proclaim among them that the Curse of Allah is on the unjust*. He^{asws} said: 'The proclaimer is Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}. ⁹⁵

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أُورَمَةَ عَنْ عَلِي بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ هُدُوا إِلَى الطَّيِّبِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ وَ هُدُوا إِلى صِراطِ الْحَمِيدِ قَالَ ذَاكَ حَمْزَةُ وَ جَعْفَرٌ وَ عُبَيْدَةُ وَ سَلْمَانُ وَ أَبُو ذَرٌ وَ الْمِقْدَادُ بْنُ الْأَسْوَدِ وَ عَمَّارٌ هُدُوا إِلَى أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام)

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Awrama, from Ali Bin Hassan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted **[22:24]** And they are Guided to goodly words and they are Guided to the Path of the Praised One. He^{asws} said: 'That (refers to) Hamza^{as}, and Ja'far^{as}, and Ubeyda, and Salman^{as}, and Abu Zarr^{as}, and Al-Miqdad Bin Al-Aswad^{as}, and Ammar being Guided to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}.

وَ قَوْلِهِ حَبَّبَ اِلْيَكُمُ الْإِيمانَ وَ زَيَّنَهُ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ يَعْنِي أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ كَرَّهَ اِلْنَكُمُ الْكُفْرَ وَ الْفُسُوقَ وَ الْعِصْيانَ الْأَوَّلَ وَ الثَّانِيَ وَ الثَّالِثَ .

And His^{azwj} Words [49:7] but Allah has Endeared the faith to you and has Adorned it in your hearts, and He has made hateful to you the unbelief and

⁹⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 69

 95 Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 70

⁹³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 68

transgression and disobedience – the first (Caliph), and the second (Caliph) and the third (Caliph)'. 96

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ جَمِيلِ بْنِ صَالِحٍ عَنْ أَبِي عُبَيْدَةَ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى الْتُونِي بِكِتابٍ مِنْ قَبْلِ هذا أَوْ أَثَارَةٍ مِنْ عِلْمٍ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ قَالَ عَنَى بِالْكِتَابِ التَّوْرَاةَ وَ ٱلْإِنْجِيلَ وَ أَثَارَةٍ مِنْ عِلْمٍ فَإِنَّمَا عَنَى بِالْكِتَابِ التَّوْرَاةَ وَ ٱلْإِنْجِيلَ وَ أَثَارَةٍ مِنْ عِلْمٍ فَإِنَّمَا عَنَى بِذَلِكَ عِلْمَ أَوْصِيَاءِ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ (عليهم السلام) .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ibn Mahboub, from Jameel Bin Salih, from Abu Ubeyda who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws} about the Words of the Exalted *[46:4]* Bring me a Book before this or traces of the Knowledge, if you are truthful. He^{asws} said: 'It Means by the Book, the Torah, and the Evangel, 'traces of knowledge', so rather it means by that, knowledge of the successors^{as} of the Prophets^{as'}. ⁹⁷

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَمَّنْ أَخْبَرَهُ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ جَعْفَرِ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ لَمَّا رَأَى رَسُولُ اللهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) تَيْماً وَ عَدِيّاً وَ بَنِي أُمَيَّةَ يَرْكَبُونَ مِنْبَرَهُ أَفْظَعَهُ فَأَنْزَلَ اللهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى قُرْآناً يَتَأَسَّى بِهِ وَ إِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلائِكَةِ اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَبى

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from the one who informed him,

(It has been narrated) from Ali son of Ja'far^{asws} who said, 'I heard Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} saying: 'When Rasool-Allah^{saww} saw (in a dream), the Clans of Taym and Aday and the Clan of Umayya riding his^{saww} Pulpit, it made him^{saww} feel terrible. So Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High Revealed Quran to Comfort him^{saww} by it *[2:34] And when We said to the Angels: Prostrate to Adam! So they (all) Prostrated except for Iblees. He refused*.

Then He^{azwj} Revealed unto him^{saww}: "O Muhammad^{saww}! I^{azwj} Commanded, but they did not obey, so you^{saww} should not be anxious when you^{saww} command and they do not obey you^{saww} regarding your^{saww} successor^{asws}."

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ نُعَيْمِ الصَّحَّافِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِهِ فَمِنْكُمْ كَافِرٌ وَ مِنْكُمْ مُوْمِنٌ فَقَالَ عَرَفَ اللهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِيمَانَهُمْ بِمُو الاتِنَا وَ كُفْرَهُمْ بِهَا يَوْمَ أَخَذَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمِيثَاقَ وَ هُمْ ذَرِّ فِي صُلْبِ آدَمَ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Al Husayn Bin Nuaym Al Sahhaf who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about His^{azwj} Words **[64:2] so among you is an unbeliever and among you is a Believer**. So he^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic Recognised their *Eman* by their Wilayah for us^{asws} and their disbelief with it on the day He^{azwj} Took the Covenant upon them, and they were particles in the 'Sulb' of Adam^{as}'.

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⁹⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 71

⁹⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 73

وَ سَأَلْتُهُ عَنْ قَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَ أَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَإِنَّما عَلَى رَسُولِنَا الْبَلاغُ الْمُبِينُ فَقَالَ أَمَا وَ اللَّهِ مَا هَلَكَ مَنْ الدُّنْيَا وَ عَلَيْهِ السلام) إِلَّا فِي تَرْكِ وَلَايَتِنَا وَ جُحُودِ حَقَّنَا وَ مَا خَرَجَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) مِنَ الدُّنْيَا حَتَّى أَلْزَمَ رِقَابَ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةِ حَقَّنَا وَ الله يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيم .

And I asked him^{asws} about the Words of the Mighty and Majestic *[64:12]* And obey Allah and obey the Rasool, but if you turn back, then upon Our Rasool devolves only the clear delivery (of the Message). So he^{asws} said: 'By Allah^{azwi}! The ones before you were not destroyed and the ones who are destroyed until the rising of Al-Qaim^{asws} will not be destroyed except with regards to neglecting our^{asws} Wilayah, and denying our^{asws} rights; and Rasool-Allah^{saww} did not exit from the world until he^{saww} necessitated the necks of this community to our^{asws} rights. *[2:213]* and Allah Guides whom He so Desires to, to the Straight Path'. ⁹⁹

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْحَسَنِ وَ عَلِيٌّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُوسَى بْنِ الْقَاسِمِ الْبَجَلِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ جَعْفَرِ عَنْ أَخِيهِ مُوسَى (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ بِنْرِ مُعَطَّلَةٍ وَ قَصْرِ مَشِيدٍ قَالَ الْبِنْرُ الْمُعَطَّلَةُ الْإِمَامُ الصَّامِثُ وَ الْقَصْرُ الْمَشِيدُ الْإِمَامُ النَّاطِقُ.

Muhammad Bin Al Hassan and Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Musa Bin Al Qasim Al Bajaly,

(It has been narrated) from Ali son of Ja'far^{asws}, from his brother^{asws} Musa^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted *[22:45]* and an abandoned well and a constructed palace (deserted), He^{asws} said: 'The abandoned well is the silent Imam^{asws}, and the constructed palace (deserted) is the speaking Imam^{asws}'.

وَ رَوَاهُ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنِ الْعَمْرَكِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) مِثْلَهُ .

And it is reported by Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Al Amraky, from Ali son of Ja'far asws , from Abu Al Hassan asws , similar to it. 100

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ الْحَكَمِ بْنِ بُهْلُولٍ عَنْ رَجُلٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى وَ لَقَدْ أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ وَ إِلَّى النَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ أَئِنْ أَشْرَكْتَ لَيَحْبَطَنَّ عَمَلُكَ قَالَ يَعْنِي إِنْ أَشْرَكْتَ فِي الْوَلَايَةِ غَيْرَهُ بَلِ اللَّهَ فَاعْبُدْ وَ كُنْ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ الشَّاكِرِينَ أَنْ عَصَدُتُكَ بَأَخِيكَ وَ ابْن عَمِّكَ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Al Hakam Bin Bahloul, from a man,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted [39:65] And it was Revealed to you and to those before you: If you associate, your deeds would be confiscated. He^{asws} said: 'It Means that if you were to associate in the Wilayah other than him^{asws}. [39:66] But Allah alone should you worship and be of the thankful – Meaning, Allah^{azwj} should you worship by the obedience and be of the thankful ones that I^{azwj} have Re-inforced you^{saww} with your^{saww} brother & cousin'. ¹⁰¹

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْهَاشِمِيِّ قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ جَدِّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يَغْرِفُونَ نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُنْكِرُونَها قَالَ لَمَّا نَزَلَتْ إِنَّما وَلِيُكُمُ اللَّهُ وَ رَسُولُهُ وَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلاةَ وَ يُؤْثُونَ الزَّكاةَ وَ هُمْ راكِعُونَ اجْتَمَعَ نَفَرٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابٍ رَسُولُهُ وَ اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا الْذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلاةَ وَ يُؤثُونَ الزَّكاةَ وَ هُمْ راكِعُونَ اجْتَمَعَ نَفَرٌ مِنْ أَصْحَدِ الْمَدِينَةِ

¹⁰⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 75

⁹⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 74

¹⁰¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 76

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Hassan Bin Muhammad Al Hashimy who said, 'My father narrated to me, from Ahmad Bin Isa who said.

'Ja'far Bin Muhammad^{asws} narrated to me, from his^{asws} father^{asws}, from his^{asws} grandfather^{asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic *[16:83] They are recognising the Favour of Allah, then they are denying it*. He^{asws} said: 'When it was Revealed *[5:55] But rather, only Allah is your Guardian and His Rasool and those who believe, those who are establishing the Prayers and are paying the <i>Zakat while bowing*, a number of the companions of Rasool-Allah^{saww} gathered in the Masjid of Al-Medina.

So some of them said to the others, 'What are you saying regarding this Verse?' So, some of them said, 'If we were to disbelieve in this Verse, we would be disbelieving with the rest of it, and if we believe, so this would be a humiliation when the son as we of Abu Talibas would be empowered upon us'. So they said, 'We have known that Muhammad is truthful in whatever he saw is saying, but we shall turn back on him and we will not obey Alias in what he saw is commanding us'.

He^{asws} said: 'Thus, this Verse was Revealed *[16:83] They are recognising the Favour of Allah, then they are denying it* – Meaning the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} Bin Abu Talib^{asws}, and most of them are disbelievers in the Wilayah'.¹⁰²

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Numan, from Sallam who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws} about the Words of the Exalted *[25:63]* And the servants of the Beneficent are they who walk on the earth modestly. He^{asws} said: 'They^{asws} are the successors^{asws}, out of fear of their^{asws} enemies'. ¹⁰³

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ بِسْطَامَ بْنِ مُرَّةَ عَنْ إِسْحَاقَ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنِ الْهَيْثَمِ بْنِ وَاقِدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ الْمُثَوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى أَنِ اشْكُرْ لِي وَ الْعَبْدِيِّ عَنْ سَعْدٍ الْإِسْكَافِ عَنِ الْأَضْبَعِ بْنِ نَبَاتَةَ أَنَّهُ سَأَلَ أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِهِ تَعَالَى أَنِ الشَّكْرِ لِي وَ لُوالِدَيْكَ إِلَى اللَّهُ لَهُمَا الشَّكْرَ هُمَا اللَّذَانِ وَلَدَا الْعِلْمَ وَ وَرِثَا الْحُكْمَ وَ أُمِرَ النَّاسُ بِطَاعَتِهِمَا ثُمَّ قَالَ اللَّهُ الْمُصِيرُ الْعِبَادِ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَ الدَّالِيلُ عَلَى ذَلِكَ الْوَالِدَانِ

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Bastam Bin Murra, from Is'haq Bin Hassan, from Al Haysam Bin Waqid, from Ali Bin Al Husayn Al Abady, from Sa'd Al Askaf,

(It has been narrated) from Al-Asbagh Bin Nubata who asked Amir Al-Momineen about the Words of the Exalted [31:14] Be grateful to Me and to both your

¹⁰² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 77

¹⁰³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 78

parents; to Me is the eventual journey. So he^{asws} said: 'The two parent from whom Allah^{azwj} Obligated the gratefulness, they are those who produced the knowledge and gave the wisdom as an inheritance, and the people are Commanded with obeying them. Then Allah^{azwj} Said *to Me is the eventual journey*. So the journey of the servants is to Allah^{azwj}, and the pointers upon that are the two parents.

ثُمَّ عَطَفَ الْقُوْلَ عَلَى ابْنِ حَنْتَمَةَ وَ صَاحِبِهِ فَقَالَ فِي الْخَاصِّ وَ الْعَامِّ وَ إِنْ جاهَداكَ عَلَى أَنْ تُشْرِكَ بِي يَقُولُ فِي الْوَصِيَّةِ وَ تَعْدِلُ عَمَّنْ أُمِرْتَ بطَاعَتِهِ فَلَا تُطِعْهُمَا وَ لَا تَسْمَعْ قَوْلَهُمَا

Then He^{azwj} Turned the Words upon Ibn Hantama and his companions, so He^{azwj} Said regarding the specials ones and the general ones **[31:15]** And if they contend with you that you should associate with Me regarding the successorship and equate with the ones whom you have been Commanded with his^{asws} obedience, do not obey the two of them and do not listen to their words'.

ثُمَّ عَطَفَ الْقُوْلَ عَلَى الْوَالِدَيْنِ فَقَالَ وَ صاحِبْهُما فِي الدُّنْيا مَعْرُوفاً يَقُولُ عَرِّفِ النَّاسَ فَضْلَهُمَا وَ ادْعُ إِلَى سَبِيلِهِمَا وَ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ وَ اتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ مَنْ أَنابَ إِلَيَّ ثُمَّ إِلَيَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ

Then He^{azwj} Turned the Words upon the two parents, so He^{azwj} Said **and keep company with the two of them in the world kindly**. He^{azwj} is Saying to introduce the people to their^{asws} merits and call to their^{asws} ways, and that is in His^{azwj} Words **and follow the way of him who turns to Me, then to Me is your return**.

فَقَالَ إِلَى اللَّهِ ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَ لَا تَعْصُوا الْوَالِدَيْنِ فَإِنَّ رضَاهُمَا رضَا اللَّهِ وَ سَخَطَهُمَا سَخَطَ اللَّهِ .

So he^{asws} said: 'To Allah^{azwj}, then to us^{asws}, therefore fear Allah^{azwj} do not disobey the two (spiritual) parents (Muhammad^{saww} and Ali^{asws}), for their^{asws} pleasure is the Pleasure of Allah^{azwj}, and their^{asws} anger is the Anger of Allah^{azwj}, ¹⁰⁴

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ سَيْفٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ حُرَيْثٍ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ كَشَجَرَةٍ طَيِّبَةٍ أَصْلُها ثَابِتٌ وَ فَرْعُها فِي السَّماءِ قَالَ وَشُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) أَصْلُهَا وَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) فَرْعُهَا وَ الْأَئِمَّةُ مِنْ ذُرِّيَتِهِمَا أَغْصَانُهَا وَ عِلْمُ الْأَئِمَّةِ ثَمَرَتُهَا وَ اللَّهُومِنُونَ وَرَقُها هَلْ فِيهَا فَطْلُ قَالَ قُلْتُ لَا وَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ لَيُولَدُ فَتُورَقُ وَرَقَةٌ فِيهَا وَ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ لَيُولَدُ فَتُورَقُ وَرَقَةٌ فِيهَا وَ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ لَيُولَدُ فَتُورَقُ وَرَقَةٌ فِيهَا وَ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ لَيَمُوتُ فَتَسْفُطُ وَرَقَةٌ مِنْهَا .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Sayf, from his father, from Amro Bin Hureys who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} *[14:24] like a good tree, whose root is firm and whose branches are in the sky*. So he^{asws} said: 'Rasool-Allah^{saww} is its root and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} its branch are the Imams^{asws} from their^{asws} (Rasool-Allah^{saww} and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}) descendants, and the knowledge of the Imams^{asws} stands for the fruits, and their^{asws} Shias, the Momineen are its leaves. Is there any excess in this?' I said, 'No, by Allah^{azwj}. He^{asws} said: 'The *Momin* is born, so a leaf sprouts in it, and if the *Momin* dies, so a leaf falls from it'. ¹⁰⁵

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ حَمْدَانَ بْنِ سُلْيْمَانَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْيَمَانِيِّ عَنْ مَنِيع بْنِ الْحَجَّاجِ عَنْ يُونُسَ عَنْ هِشَامِ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ الْمِيتَاقِ أَوْ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ لا يَنْفَعُ نَفْساً إِيمانُها لَمْ تَكُنْ آمَنَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ يَعْنِي فِي الْمِيتَاقِ أَوْ

 $^{^{104}}$ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 79

¹⁰⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 80

كَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمانِها خَيْراً قَالَ الْإِقْرَارُ بِالْأُنْبِيَاءِ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءِ وَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) خَاصَّةً قَالَ لَا يَنْفَعُ إِيمَانُهَا لِأَنَّهَا سُأَلِبَتْ . سُأَلِبَتْ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Hamdan Bin Suleyman, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Al Yamani, from Mani'e Bin Al Hajjaj, from Yunus, from Hisham Bin Al Hakam,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[6:158] its faith shall not profit a soul, which did not believe before* – Meaning during the Covenant, *or earn good through its faith*. He^{asws} said: 'The acknowledgement with the Prophets^{as} and the succesors^{as} and Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} in particular'. He^{asws} said: 'Its *Eman* would not benefit it because it would have been Confiscated'.¹⁰⁶

وَ بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ يُونُسَ عَنْ صَبَّاحِ الْمُزَنِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَحَدِهِمَا (عليهما السلام) فِي قَوْلِ الشَّهِ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ بَلَى مَنْ كَسَبَ سَيِّئَةً وَ أَحاطَتْ بِهِ خَطِيئَتُهُ قَالُ إِذَا جَحَدَ إِمَامَةً أَمِيرِ الْمُوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) فَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فِيها خالِدُونَ.

And by this chain, from Yunus, from Sabbah Al Muzanny, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from one of the two (5th or 6th Imam^{asws}) regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Majestic and Mighty *[2:81] Yes! Whoever earns evil and his sins beset him on every side*. He^{asws} said: 'When they denied the Imamate of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, *so these are the inmates of the Fire; in it they shall be abiding*'. ¹⁰⁷

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَانِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَبِي نَصْرِ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنْ أَبِي عُبَيْدَةَ الْحَذَّاءِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) عَنِ الاسْتِطَاعَةِ وَ قَوْلِ النَّاسِ فَقَالَ وَ تَلَا هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ وَ لا يَزِ الْونَ مُخْتَلِفِينَ إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ رَبُّكَ وَ لِإِلَكَ خَلَقَهُمْ يَا أَبَا عُبَيْدَةَ النَّاسُ مُخْتَلِفُونَ فِي إِصَابَةِ الْقَوْلِ وَ كُلُهُمْ هَالِكٌ قَالَ قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ رَبُّكَ قَالَ هُمْ شِيعَتُنَا وَ لِرَحْمَتِهِ خَلَقَهُمْ وَ هُو قَوْلُهُ وَ لِذِكْ خَلَقَهُمْ

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abu Nasr, from Hammad Bin Usman, from Abu Ubeyda Al Haza'a who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{asws} about the capability and the words of the people. So he^{asws} said and recited this Verse: '[11:118] and they will not stop differing [11:119] Except for those on whom your Lord has Mercy; and it is for that did He Create them. He^{asws} said: 'O Abu Ubeyda! The people are differing regarding the correct words, and all of them are destroyed'. I said, '(But what about) His^{azwj} Words 11:119] Except for those on whom your Lord has Mercy?' He^{asws} said: 'These are our^{asws} Shias, and it is for His^{azwj} Mercy did He^{azwj} Create them, and it is in His^{azwj} Words and it is for that did He Create them.

يَقُولُ لِطَاعَةِ الْإِمَامِ الرَّحْمَةُ الَّتِي يَقُولُ وَ رَحْمَتِي وَسِعَتْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ يَقُولُ عِلْمُ الْإِمَامِ وَ وَسِعَ عِلْمُهُ الَّذِي هُوَ مِنْ عِلْمِهِ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ هَمْ شِيعَتْنَا

He^{azwj} is Saying for the obedience of the Imam^{asws} of the Mercy which He^{azwj} is Saying *[7:156]* and *My Mercy encompasses all things*. He^{azwj} is Saying that the knowledge of the Imam^{asws} and that which is from his^{asws} knowledge encompasses everything, they being our^{asws} Shias'.

¹⁰⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 81

¹⁰⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 82

ثُمَّ قَالَ فَسَأَكْتُبُهَا لِلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ يَعْنِي وَلَايَةَ غَيْرِ الْإِمَامِ وَ طَاعَتُهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ يَجِدُونَهُ مَكْتُوباً عِنْدَهُمْ فِي النَّوْراةِ وَ الْإِنْجِيلِ يَعْنِي النَّبِيَّ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ الْوَصِيِّ وَ الْقَاتِمَ يَأْمُرُهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ إِذَا قَامَ وَ يَنْهاهُمْ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ الْمُنْكَرُ مَنْ أَنْكَرَ فَضْلَ الْإِمَامِ وَ جَحَدَهُ وَ يُحِلُّ لَهُمُ الطَّيِّباتِ أَخْذَ الْعِلْمِ مِنْ أَهْلِهِ وَ يُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْخَبائِثَ وَ الْخَبَائِثُ قَوْلُ مَنْ خَالَفَ

Then He^{azwj} Said **so** *I* will Ordain it (specially) for those who are fearing, Meaning the wilayah of another imam (leader) and his obedience. Then He^{azwj} Said [7:157] whom they find written down with them in the Torah and the Evangel Meaning the Prophet^{saww} and the successor^{asws} and Al-Qaim^{asws} (who) enjoins them good when he^{asws} rises and forbids them from the evil, the one who denies the merits of the Imam^{asws} and rejects it. and makes lawful to them the good things, taking of the knowledge from its rightful ones, and makes unlawful to them bad things, and the bad things are the words of the one who opposes.

وَ يَضَعُ عَنْهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ وَ هِيَ الذُّنُوبُ الَّتِي كَانُوا فِيهَا قَبْلَ مَعْرِفَتِهِمْ فَضْلَ الْإِمَامِ وَ الْأَغْلالَ الَّتِي كانَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ الْأَغْلَالُ مَا كَانُوا يَقُولُونَ مِمَّا لَمْ يَكُونُوا أَمِرُوا بِهِ مِنْ تَرْكِ فَضْلِ الْإِمَامِ فَلَمَّا عَرَفُوا فَضْلَ الْإِمَامِ وَضَعَ عَنْهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ وَ الْإِصْرُ الذَّنْبُ وَ هِيَ الْأَصَارُ

And removes from them their burden and these are the sins which they used to be in before their recognition of the merits of the Imam^{asws}, **and the shackles which were upon** and the shackles of what they were saying from what they did not happen to have been ordered with, from neglecting the merits of the Imam^{asws}. So when they do recognise the merits of the Imam^{asws}, their offences would be removed from them, and the offence is the sin, and it is the offence'.

ثُمَّ نَسَبَهُمْ فَقَالَ فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِهِ يَعْنِي بِالْإِمَامِ وَ عَزَّرُوهُ وَ نَصَرُوهُ وَ اتَّبَعُوا النُّورَ الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ مَعَهُ أُولِئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ يَعْنِي الْذِينَ اجْتَنَبُوا الْجَبْتَ وَ الطَّاعُوتُ فَلانٌ وَ فُلانٌ وَ فُلانٌ وَ الْجَبْدَةُ طَاعَةُ النَّاسِ لَهُمْ ثُمَّ

Then He^{azwj} Linked them, so He^{azwj} Said **so** (as for) those who believe in him Meaning the Imam^{asws}, and honour him and help him, and follow the Light which has been Sent down with him, these it is that are the successful. Meaning those who kept aside from the 'Jibt' and 'Taghoot'. And the 'Jibt' and 'Taghoot' is so and so, and so and so, and so and so, and the worship is the obedience of the people to them'.

قَالَ أَنِيبُوا إِلِي رَبِّكُمْ وَ أَسْلِمُوا لَهُ ثُمَّ جَزَاهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُمُ الْبُشْرِى فِي الْحَياةِ الدُّنْيا وَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَ الْإِمَامُ يُبَشِّرُهُمْ بِقِيَامِ الْقَائِمِ وَ بِظُهُورِهِ وَ بَقَتْلِ أَعْدَائِهِمْ وَ بِالنَّجَاةِ فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَ الْوَرُودِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِهِ الصَّادِقِينَ عَلَى الْحَوْرِةِ وَ الْوُرُودِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِهِ الصَّادِقِينَ عَلَى الْمَوْرُودِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْوَمُامُ وَالْوَرُودِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْوَمُامُ الْوَالْوِينَ عَلَى الْمَوْرُودِ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى عَلَى الْعَلَى مُعَمِّدٍ وَ الْوَمُامُ وَالْوَمُون

[39:54] And return to your Lord time after time and submit to Him. Then He^{azwj} Recompensed them so He^{azwj} Said [10:64] For them is good news in the life of the world and in the Hereafter. And the Imam^{asws} gives them the good news of the rising of Al-Qaim^{asws} and of his^{asws} appearance, and of the killing of their enemies, and of the salvation in the Hereafter, and the return to Muhammad^{saww}, may Allah^{azwj} Send Salawat upon Muhammad^{saww} and his^{saww} Progeny^{asws}, the truthful, at the Fountain'. 108

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ هِشَامِ بْنِ سَالِمٍ عَنْ عَمَّارِ السَّابَاطِيِّ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السَّلَمِ) عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزْ وَ جَلَّ أَ فَمَنِ اتَّبَعَ رِضْوانَ اللهِ كَمَنْ باءَ بِسَخَطٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ مَأْواهُ جَهَنَّمُ وَ بِئُسَ الْمَصِيرُ هُمْ دَرَجاتٌ عِنْدَ اللهِ

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Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Hisham Bin Salim, from Ammar Al Sabaty who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic **[3:162] Is** then he who follows the Pleasure of Allah like him who has made himself deserving of Wrath from Allah, and his abode is Hell; and it is an evil destination [3:163] There are (varying) Levels with Allah.

فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا رِضْوَانَ اللَّهِ هُمُ الْأَئِمَّةُ وَ هُمْ وَ اللَّهِ يَا عَمَّارُ دَرَجَاتٌ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ بِوَلَايَتِهِمْ وَ مَعْرِفَتِهِمْ إِيَّانَا يُضَاعِفُ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ أَعْصَالُهُمْ وَ يَرْفَعُ اللَّهُ لَهُمُ الدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى .

So he^{asws} said: 'Those who are following the Pleasure of Allah^{azwj}, they^{asws} are the Imams^{asws}, O Ammar!. There are varying levels for the Momineen (followers of 12 Imams^{asws}), and by their Wilayah and their recognition (understanding) of us^{asws}. Allah^{azwj} would Multiply their deeds for them and Allah^{azwj} would Raise for them the lofty levels'. ¹⁰⁹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ غَيْرُهُ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ يَعْقُوبَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ عَنْ زِيَادٍ الْقَنْدِيِّ عَنْ عَمَّارِ الْأَسَدِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ اِلِيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَ الْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ وَلَايَتُنَا أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَ أَهْوَى بِيَدِهِ إِلَى صَدْرِهِ فَمَنْ لَمْ يَتُولُنَا لَمْ يَرْفَع الله لَهُ لَهُ عَمَلًا .

Ali Bin Muhammad and someone else, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Yaqoub Bin Yazeed, from Ziyad Al Qindy, from Ammar Al Asady,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[35:10] To Him do ascend the good words; and the good deeds lift them up* – our^{asws} Wilayah of the People^{asws} of the Household', and he^{asws} gestured by his^{asws} hand to his^{asws} chest, (then said): 'So the one who does not have our^{asws} Wilayah, Allah^{azwj} will not Raise his deed for him' (none of his deeds will be accepted).¹¹⁰

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ سَعِيدٍ عَنِ النَّضْرِ بْنِ سُوَيْدٍ عَنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ عَنْ سَمَاعَةٌ بْنِ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يُؤْتِكُمْ كِفْلَيْنِ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ قَالَ الْحَسَنُ وَ الْحُسَيْنُ وَ يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُولَانِي مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ قَالَ الْحَسَنُ وَ الْحُسَيْنُ وَ يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُولًا اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يُؤْتِكُمْ كِفْلَيْنِ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ قَالَ الْحَسَنُ وَ الْحُسَيْنُ وَ يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُولًا اللهِ عَنْ مَا مُعَامِّلُهُ اللهِ عَلَى إِلَيْهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَلَى إِلَيْهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَنْ اللهِ عَنْ وَ جَلَّ يُؤْتِكُمْ كِفْلَيْنِ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ قَالَ الْحَسَنُ وَ الْحُسَيْنُ وَ يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُولًا اللهِ عَنْ اللهِ عَنْ اللهِ عَلْمُ اللهِ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْنَ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Husayn Bin Saeed, from Al Nazar Bin Suweyd, from Al Qasim Bin Suleyman, from Sama'at Bin Mihran,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[57:28] He will give you all two portions of His Mercy* He^{asws} said: 'Al-Hassan^{asws} and Al-Husayn^{asws} *and Make for you a Light with which you will walk*. He^{asws} said: 'The 'نُور' (Light) stands for an Imam^{asws} you follow'.¹¹¹

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْجَوْهَرِيِّ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِهِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ وَ يَسْتَنْبِئُونَكَ أَ حَقٌ هُوَ قَالَ مَا تَقُولُ فِي عَلِيٍّ قُلْ إِي وَ رَبِّي إِنَّهُ لَحَقٌّ وَ ما أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ .

Alli Bin Ibrahim, from Al Qasim Bin Muhammad Al Jowharey, from some of his companions,

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¹⁰⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 84

¹¹¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 86

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding His^{azwj} Words *[10:53] And they are asking you: Is it true?* He^{asws} said: 'What you^{saww} are saying regarding Aliasws, Say: Yes! By my Lord! It is most surely the Truth, and you will not be escaping it. 112

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ الدَّيْلَمِيِّ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنْ أَبَانِ بْنِ تَغْلِبَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ قُلْتُ لَهُ جُعِلْتُ فِذَاكَ قَوْلُهُ فَلَا اقْتَحَمَ الْعَقَبَةُ الَّعْقِبَةُ اللَّهِ بِوَلَايَتِنَا فَقَدْ جَازَ الْعَقَبَةُ وَ نَحْنُ تِلْكَ الْعَقَبَةُ الَّتِي مَنِ

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman Al Daylami, from his father, from Aban Bin Taghlub,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah asws, said, 'I said to him asws, 'May I be sacrificed for you asws! His Words [90:11] But he would not attempt the uphill **road**. So he^{asws} said: 'The one whom Allah^{azwj} has Honoured with our^{asws} Wilayah, so he has crossed the uphill road, and we as are that uphill road which, one who attempts it, would attain salvation'.

قَالَ فَسَكَتَ فَقَالَ لِي فَهَلَّا أُفِيدُكَ حَرْفاً خَيْرٌ لَكَ مِنَ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَا فِيهَا قُلْتُ بَلَى جُعِلْتُ فِدَاكَ قَالَ قَوْلُهُ فَكُّ رَقَبَةٍ ثُمَّ قَالَ النَّاسُ كُلُّهُمْ عَبِيدُ النَّارِ غَيْرَكَ وَ أَصْحَابِكَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ فَكَ رِقَابَكُمْ مِنَ النَّارِ بِوَلاَيْتِنَا أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ .

He (the narrator) said, 'So he asws was silent, then he asws said to me: 'Shall I sws give vou a sentence (حَرْفاً) which is better for you than the world and whatever is in it?' I said, 'Yes, may I be sacrificed for you^{asws}!' He^{asws} said: 'His^{azwj} Words [90:13] (It is) the setting free of a slave'. Then he asws said: 'The people, all of them are slaves of the Fire, apart from you and your companions, for Allahazwi has Freed your necks from the Fire by our Wilayah, of the People of the Household. 113

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرِ عَنْ سَمَاعَةَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ وَ أَوْفُوا بِعَهْدِي قَالَ بِوَلاَيْةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) أُوفِ بِعَهْدِكُمْ أُوفِ لَكُمْ بِالْجَنَّةِ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Sama'at,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of Allah azwi Majestic and Mighty [2:40] and be faithful to (your) Covenant with Me. He asws said: 'By the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen with you. I^{azwj} shall Fulfill for you with the Paradise'. 114

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ سَلَمَةَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الْمَعْنِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ وَ جَلَّ وَ إِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ آياتُنا بَيِّنَاتٍ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَقَاماً وَ عَلِيهِ السِلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ إِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ آياتُنا بَيِّنَاتٍ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَقَاماً وَ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salma Bin Al Khattab, from Al Hassan Bin Abdul Rahman, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of Allah Mighty and Majestic [19:73] And when Our clear Verses are recited to them, those who

113 Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 88

¹¹² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 87

¹¹⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 89

disbelieve say to those who believe: Which of the two sects is better in position and best in assembly?

قَالَ كَانَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) دَعَا قُرَيْشاً إِلَى وَلاَيْتِنَا فَنَفَرُوا وَ أَنْكَرُوا فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قُرَيْشِ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا الَّذِينَ أَقَرُّوا لِأَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ لَنَا أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ أَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَقاماً وَ أَحْسَنُ نَدِيًّا تَعْيِيراً مِنْهُمْ فَقَالَ اللَّهُ رَدّاً عَلَيْهِمْ وَ كَمْ أَهْلَكْنا قَبْلَهُمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ مِنَ الْأُمَمِ السَّالِفَةِ هُمْ أَحْسَنُ أَتَاثاً وَ رِعْياً

He^{asws} said: 'It was so that Rasool-Allah^{saww} called the Qureysh to our^{asws} Wilayah, but they fled and denied. So those who disbelieved from the Qureysh said to those who believed from the Qureysh, 'Are you acknowledging to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and for us there are family members, *Which of the two sects is better in position and best in assembly?* In order to humiliate from them. So Allah^{azwj} Rebutted upon them 19:74] And how many of the generations have We Destroyed before them who were better in respect of equipment and outwardly appearance!'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ مَنْ كَانَ فِي الضَّلاَلَةِ فَلْيَمْدُدْ لَهُ الرَّحْمنُ مَدًّا قَالَ كُلُّهُمْ كَانُوا فِي الضَّلاَلَةِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِوَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ لَا بِوَلَايَتِنَا فَكَانُوا ضَالِّينَ مُضِلِّينَ فَيَمُدُّ لَهُمْ فِي ضَلَالَتِهِمْ وَ طُغْيَانِهِمْ حَتَّى يَمُوثُوا فَيُصَيِّرُهُمُ اللَّهُ شَرَّاً مَكَاناً وَ أَضْعَفَ جُنْداً

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words *[19:75] Say: As for him who was in error, the Beneficent would Prolong his term*'. He^{asws} said: 'All of them used to be in the straying, not believing in the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} nor in our^{asws} Wilayah. Thus, they were straying, and leading (others) astray. So He^{azwj} Extended for them in their straying and their rebellion until they died, so Allah^{azwj} Caused them to come to an evil place and weakest army'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ حَتَّى إِذَا رَأَوْا ما يُوعَدُونَ إِمَّا الْعَذَابَ وَ إِمَّا الْسَّاعَةَ فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ هُوَ شَرِّ مَكَاناً وَ أَضْعَفُ جُنْداً قَالَ أَمَّا قَوْلُهُ حَتَّى إِذَا رَأَوْا ما يُوعَدُونَ فَهُوَ خُرُوجُ الْقَائِمِ وَ هُوَ السَّاعَةُ فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ وَ مَا نَزَلَ بِهِمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ عَلَى يَدَيْ قَائِمِهِ فَذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُ مَنْ هُوَ شَرِّ مَكَاناً يَعْنِي عِنْدَ الْقَائِمِ وَ أَضْعَفُ جُنْداً

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words [19:75] until they see what they were threatened with, either the Punishment or the Hour; So they shall soon be knowing who was in an evil position and a weaker army'. He^{asws} said: 'As for His^{azwj} Words until they see what they were threatened with, so that is the coming out of Al-Qaim^{asws}, and it is the Hour, So they shall soon be knowing that day and what descends with them from Allah^{azwj} upon the hands of His^{azwj} Qaim^{asws}. Thus, these are His^{azwj} Words who was in an evil position, Meaning in the presence of Al-Qaim^{asws}, and and a weaker army'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ وَ يَزِيدُ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ اهْتَدَوْا هُدىً قَالَ يَزِيدُهُمْ ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ هُدًى عَلَى هُدًى بِاتَّبَاعِهِمُ الْقَائِمَ حَيْثُ لَا يَجْحَدُونَهُ وَ لَا يُنْكِرُونَهُ وَ لَا يُنْكِرُونَهُ وَ لَا يُنْكِرُونَهُ وَ لَا

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words *[19:76] And Allah would Increase in Guidance those who (seek) Guidance*. He^{asws} said: 'He^{azwj} would Increase them on that day, Guidance upon Guidance, due to their following Al-Qaim^{asws}, when they will neither be rejecting him^{asws} nor denying him^{asws}.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ لا يَمْلِكُونَ الشَّفَاعَةَ إِلَّا مَنِ اتَّخَذَ عِنْدَ الرَّحْمنِ عَهْداً قَالَ إِلَّا مَنْ دَانَ اللَّهَ بِوَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ فَهُوَ الْعَهْدُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words **[19:87]** They shall not have control over intercession, except he who took a Covenant with the Beneficent. He^{asws} said: 'Except the one who made it a Religion of allah^{azwj} by the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and the Imams^{asws} from after him^{asws}, so it is the Covenant with Allah^{azwj}.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّالِحاتِ سَيَجْعَلُ لَهُمُ الرَّحْمنُ وُدًّا قَالَ وَلايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ هِيَ الْوُدُّ الَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words *[19:96]* (As for) those who believe and do righteous deeds, the Beneficent would Make the cordiality for them'. He^{asws} said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, it is the cordiality which Allah^{azwj} the Exalted Speaks of'.

قُلْتُ فَإِنَّما يَسَّرْناهُ بِلِسانِكَ لِتُبَشِّرَ بِهِ الْمُتَّقِينَ وَ تُنْذِرَ بِهِ قَوْماً لُدًّا قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَسَّرَهُ اللّهُ عَلَى لِسَانِهِ حِينَ أَقَامَ أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ ذَكَرَهُمُ اللّهُ فِي كِتَابِهِ لُدًا أَيْ كُفَّاراً

I said, '[19:97] So We have Made it easy by your tongue that you may give good news thereby to the pious and warn thereby a contentious people'. He^{asws} said: 'But rather, Allah^{azwj} Made it to be easy upon his^{saww} tongue when he^{saww} established Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} as a flag, so the Momineen were given glad tidings by it and the disbelievers were warned by it, and they are those whom Allah^{azwj} Mentioned in His^{azwj} Book as 'contentious', i.e., disbelievers'.

قَالَ وَ سَأَلْتُهُ عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ لِتُتْذِرَ قَوْماً ما أُنْذِرَ آباؤُهُمْ فَهُمْ غافِلُونَ قَالَ لِتُنْذِرَ الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ أَنْتَ فِيهِمْ كَمَا أُنْذِرَ آباؤُهُمْ فَهُمْ غَافِلُونَ قَالَ لِتُنْذِرَ الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ أَنْتَ فِيهِمْ كَمَا أُنْذِرَ آباؤُهُمْ فَهُمْ غَافِلُونَ عَنِ اللَّهِ وَ عَنْ رَسُولِهِ وَ عَنْ وَعِيدِهِ

He (the narrator) said, 'And I asked him^{asws} about the Words *[36:6] That you may warn a people (with) what their fathers were warned about, so they are heedless*. He^{asws} said: 'In order to warn the people whom you^{saww} are among just as their fathers were warned, but they were heedless from Allah^{azwj}, and from His^{azwj} Rasool^{saww}, and from His^{azwj} Threats.

لَقَدْ حَقَّ الْقَوْلُ عَلَى أَكْثَرِ هِمْ مِمَّنْ لَا يُقِرُّونَ بِوَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِإِمَامَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ فَلَمَّا لَمْ يُقِرُّوا كَانَتْ عُقُوبَتُهُمْ مَا ذَكَرَ اللَّهُ إِنَّا جَعَلْنا فِي أَعْناقِهِمْ أَعْلالًا فَهِيَ إِلَى الْأَذْقانِ فَهُمْ مُقْمَحُونَ فِي نَار جَهَنَّمَ

[36:7] The Word has proved to be True for most of them from the ones who are not acknowledging with the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen and the Imams and the Imams and the Imams and the successors from after him assws from after him assws from after him assws. So when they were not acknowledging, their consequential Punishment was what Allah Mentioned [36:8] Surely, We have placed chains on their necks, and these reach up to their chins, so they have their heads raised aloft in the Fire of Hell.

ثُمَّ قَالَ وَ جَعَلْنا مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ سَدًّا وَ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ سَدًّا فَأَغْشَيْناهُمْ فَهُمْ لا يُبْصِرُونَ عُقُوبَةً مِنْهُ لَهُمْ حَيْثُ أَنْكَرُوا وَلاَيَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ هَذَا فِي الْأَنْيَا وَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ مُقْمَحُونَ

Then He^{azwj} Said **36:9]** And We have made in front of them a barrier and a barrier behind them, so We have Covered them over, so they are not seeing the consequential Punishment for them when they denied the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and the Imams^{asws} from after him^{asws}. This is in the world, and in the Hereafter it is the Fire of Hell with their heads raised aloft.

ثُمَّ قَالَ يَا مُحَمَّدُ وَ سَواءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ أَ أَنْذَرْتَهُمْ أَمْ لَمْ تُنْذِرْهُمْ لا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَ بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ وَ مَنْ بَعْدَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ إِنَّما تُنْذِرُ مَنِ اتَّبَعَ الذَّكْرَ يَعْنِي أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ خَشِيَ الرَّحْمنَ بِالْغَيْبِ فَبَشِّرْهُ يَا مُحَمَّدُ بِمَغْفِرَةٍ وَ أَجْرٍ كَرِيمٍ .

Then He^{azwj} Said: "O Muhammad^{saww}! *[36:10] And it is alike to them whether you warn them or do not warn them, they will not be believing* in the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} and the ones^{asws} from after him^{asws}. Then He^{azwj} Said *[36:11] But rather, You can only warn him who follows the Reminder* Meaning Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, and fears the Beneficent in secret; so announce to him O Muhammad^{saww}, the good news of Forgiveness and an honourable Recompense'.¹¹⁵

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ الْمَاضِي (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَأَلْتُهُ عَنْ قَوْلِ اللهِ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ يُرِيدُونَ لِيُطْفِؤُا نُورَ اللهِ بِأَفْواهِهِمْ قَالَ يُرِيدُونَ لِيُطْفِؤُوا وَلاَيَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) بِأَفْواهِهِمْ قُلْتُ وَ اللهِ مُتِمُّ الْإِمَامَةِ لِقَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الَّذِينَ فَآمِنُوا بِاللهِ وَ رَسُولِهِ وَ اللَّهِ مُتِمُّ الْإِمَامَةِ لِقَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الَّذِينَ فَآمِنُوا بِاللهِ وَ رَسُولِهِ وَ النَّورِ الَّذِي أَنْزَلْنا فَالنُّورُ هُوَ الْإِمَامُ فَيْمُ الْإِمَامَةِ لِقَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الَّذِينَ فَآمِنُوا بِاللهِ وَ رَسُولِهِ وَ النَّورِ الَّذِي أَنْزَلْنا فَالنُّورُ هُوَا لَيْهِ مُنْهُ الْإِمَامَةِ لِقَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الْإِينَ فَآمِنُوا بِاللّهِ وَ رَسُولِهِ وَ النَّورِ الَّذِي أَنْزَلْنا فَالنُّورُ فَي

Ali Bin Muhammad, from some of our companions, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Maazy^{asws} (7th Imam^{asws}), said, 'I asked Him^{asws} about the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[61:8] They are intending to extinguish the Light of Allah with their mouths*. He^{asws} said: 'They are intending to extinguish the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} with their mouths (talking against it)'. I said, 'but Allah will Complete His light'. He^{asws} said: 'And Allah^{azwj} will Complete the Imamat due to His^{azwj} Words, the Mighty and Majestic *[64:8] Therefore believe in Allah and His Rasool and the Light which We have Sent down*. So the Light, it is the Imam^{asws}'.

قُلْتُ هُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ بِالْهُدى وَ دِينِ الْحَقِّ قَالَ هُوَ الَّذِي أَمَرَ رَسُولَهُ بِالْوَلَايَةِ لِوَصِيِّهِ وَ الْوَلَايَةُ هِيَ دِينُ الْحَقِّ قُلْتُ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى جَمِيعِ الْأَدْيَانِ عِنْدَ قِيَامِ الْقَائِمِ

I said, '[61:9] He it is Who sent His Messenger with the Guidance and the true Religion'. He asws said: 'He azwj is Who Commanded His zwj Rasool with the Wilayah of his saww successor sws, and the Wilayah - is the true Religion'. I said, 'That He may make it overcome the religions, all of them'. He sws said: 'Overcome upon the entirety of the Religions during the rising of Al-Qaim sws'.

قَالَ يَقُولُ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ مُتِمُّ نُورِهِ وَلَايَةِ الْقَائِمِ وَ لَوْ كَرِهَ الْكافِرُونَ بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ قُلْتُ هَذَا تَتْزِيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ أَمَّا هَذَا الْحَرْفُ فَتَنْزِيلٌ وَ أَمَّا غَيْرُهُ فَتَأْوِيلٌ

He^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} is Saying: **but Allah will Complete His light**, the Wilayah of Al-Qaim^{asws} **though the unbelievers may be averse to it**, the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}'. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He^{asws} said: 'Yes. As for this word, so it is Revelation, and as for other than it, so it is explanation'.

قُلْتُ ذلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ آمَنُوا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى سَمَّى مَنْ لَمْ يَتَبِعْ رَسُولَهُ فِي وَلَايَةِ وَصِيِّهِ مُنَافِقِينَ وَ جَعَلَ مَنْ جَحَدَ وَصِيَّهُ إِمَامَتَهُ كَمَنْ جَحَدَ مُحَمَّداً وَ أَنْزَلَ بِذَلِكَ قُرْآناً فَقَالَ يَا مُحَمَّدُ إِذَا جَاءَكَ الْمُنافِقُونَ بِوَلَايَةٍ وَصِيِّكَ قَالُوا نَشْهَدُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّ الْمُنافِقِينَ بَولَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ لَكَاذِبُونَ. اتَّخَذُوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ جُنَّةً فَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ لَلْمُ

¹¹⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 90

وَ السَّبِيلُ هُوَ الْوَصِيُّ إِنَّهُمْ ساءَ ما كانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ذلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ آمَنُوا بِرِسَالَتِكَ وَ كَفَرُوا بِوَلَايَةِ وَصِيِّكَ فَطُبِعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لا يَفْقَهُونَ

I said, '[63:3] That is because they believe, then disbelieve. He^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High has Named the one who does not follow His^{azwj} Rasool^{saww} regarding the Wilayah of his^{saww} successor^{asws}, as a hypocrite, and Made the one who rejects the Imamate of his^{saww} successor^{asws} like the one who rejects Muhammad^{saww}, and the Quran was Revealed with that. So He^{azwj} Said: "O Muhammad^{saww}! [63:1] When the hypocrites come to you, with the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} they say: We testify that you are Rasool-Allah; and Allah knows that you are His Rasool, and Allah Testifies that the hypocrites with the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, are liars [63:2] They are making their oaths to be a cover, and thus turning away from Allah's Way, and Allah^{azwj} Way, it is the successor^{asws}. surely evil is that which they are doing. That is because they are believing in your^{saww} Messenger-ship and are disbelieving in the Wilayah of your^{saww} successor^{asws}. Thus a seal is set upon their hearts so that they do not understand.

قُلْتُ مَا مَعْنَى لَا يَفْقَهُونَ قَالَ يَقُولُ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ بِنُبُوَّتِكَ قُلْتُ وَ إِذا قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعالَوْا يَسْتَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ قَالَ وَ إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ عَلَى لَهُمُ النَّبِيُّ مِنْ ذُنُوبِكُمْ لَوَّوْا رُؤُسَهُمْ قَالَ اللَّهُ وَ رَأَيْتَهُمْ يَصُدُّونَ عَنْ وَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ وَ هُمْ مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَلِيٍّ وَ هُمْ مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَلَيْهِ

I said, 'What is the meaning of 'they do not understand'?' He^{asws} said: 'He^{azwj} is Saying: "They do not understand your^{saww} Prophet-hood". I said, '[63:5] And when it is said to them: Come, the Messenger of Allah will ask forgiveness for you. He^{asws} said: 'And when it is said to them: 'Return to the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, the Prophet^{saww} would seek Forgiveness for you all for your sins they turn back their heads. Allah^{azwj} Said: "And you will see them blocking from the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, while they are big with arrogance over it.

ثُمَّ عَطَفَ الْقَوْلَ مِنَ اللهِ بِمَعْرِفَتِهِ بِهِمْ فَقَالَ سَواءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ أَسْتَغْفَرْتَ لَهُمْ أَمْ لَمْ تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ لَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفاسِقِينَ يَقُولُ الظَّالِمِينَ لِوَصِيِّكَ

Then the Words of Allah^{azwj} Turned by his^{as} understanding with them, so He^{azwj} Said [63:6] It is Alike to them whether you seek Forgiveness for them or do not seek Forgiveness for them; Allah will never Forgive them; surely Allah does not guide the transgressing people. He^{azwj} is Saying: "The ones unjust to your^{saww} successor^{asws}".

قُلْتُ أَ فَمَنْ يَمْشِي مُكِبًّا عَلَى وَجْهِهِ أَهْدَى أَمَّنْ يَمْشِي سَوِيًّا عَلَى صِراطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ ضَرَبَ مَثَلَ مَنْ حَادَ عَنْ وَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ كَمَنْ يَمْشِي عَلَى وَجْهِهِ لَا يَهْتَدِي لِأَمْرِهِ وَ جَعَلَ مَنْ تَبِعَهُ سَوِيًّا عَلَى صِرَّاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ وَ الصِّرَاطُ الْمُسْتَقِيمُ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام)

I said, '[67:22] Is the one who goes prone upon his face better guided or he who walks upright upon a Straight Path?' He^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} Struck an example of the one who is guided away from the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} to be like the one who falls prone upon his face, having no guidance for his affairs, whereas (Allah^{azwj}) Made the one who follows him^{asws} as walking upright upon the Straight Path, and the Straight Path is Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}.

قَالَ قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ إِنَّهُ لَقَوْلُ رَسُولٍ كَرِيمٍ قَالَ يَعْنِي جَبْرَئِيلَ عَنِ اللَّهِ فِي وَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) قَالَ قُلْتُ وَ ما هُوَ بِقَوْلِ شَاعِرٍ قَلِيلًا ما تُوْمِنُونَ قَالَ قَالُوا إِنَّ مُحَمَّداً كَذَابٌ عَلَى رَبِّهِ وَ مَا أَمَرَهُ اللَّه بِهَذَا فِي عَلِيٍّ فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ بِذَلِكَ قُرْآناً فَقَالَ إِنَّ وَلَايَـةَ عَلِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْنا مُحَمَّدُ بَعْضَ الْأَقاوِيلِ. لَأَخَذَنا مِنْهُ بِالْيَمِينِ. ثُمَّ لَقَطَعْنا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ عَلَيْنا مُحَمَّدُ بَعْضَ الْأَقاوِيلِ. لَأَخَذَنا مِنْهُ بِالْيَمِينِ. ثُمَّ لَقَطَعْنا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, '[69:40] Most surely, it is the Word of an Honoured Messenger'. He^{asws} said: 'It Means Jibraeel^{as}, from Allah^{azwj}, regarding the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}'. I said, '[69:41] And it is not the word of a poet; little it is that you believe'. He^{asws} said: 'They are saying that Muhammad^{saww} is a liar upon his^{saww} Lord^{azwj}, and Allah^{azwj} did not Command him^{saww} with this regarding Ali^{asws}. So Allah^{azwj} Revealed Quran due to that, so He^{azwj} Said: "The Wilayah of Ali^{asws} [69:43] It is a Revelation from the Lord of the Worlds [69:44] And if he had fabricated against Us some of the sayings, [69:45] We would certainly have seized him by the right hand, [69:46] Then We would certainly have cut off his aorta (vein).

ثُمَّ عَطَفَ الْقَوْلَ فَقَالَ إِنَّ وَلَايَةَ عَلِيٍّ لَتَذْكِرَةٌ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ لِلْعَالَمِينَ وَ إِنَّا لَنَعْلَمُ أَنَّ مِنْكُمْ مُكَذِّبِينَ. وَ إِنَّ عَلِيّاً لَحَسْرَةٌ عَلَى الْكافِرِينَ. وَ إِنَّ وَلَايَتَهُ لَحَقُّ الْيَقِينِ. فَسَبِّحْ يَا مُحَمَّدُ باسْم رَبِّكَ الْعَظِيم يَقُولُ اشْكُرْ رَبِّكَ الْعَظِيمَ الَّذِي أَعْطَاكَ هَذَا الْفَضْلُ

Then the Speech turned, so He^{azwj} Said [69:48] And it, the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}, is a Reminder for the pious. [69:49] And We know that some of you are beliers. [69:50] And it the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} is a regret to the unbelievers. [69:51] And most surely it, the Wilayah, is the true certainty [69:52] So Glorify the Name of your Lord, the Magnificent. He^{azwj} is Saying that you should thank your Lord^{azwj} the Magnificent Who Gave you this Grace'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ لَمَّا سَمِعْنَا الْهُدى آمَنَّا بِهِ قَالَ الْهُدَى الْوَلَايَةُ آمَنَّا بِمَوْلَانَا فَمَنْ آمَنَ بِوَلَايَةِ مَوْلَاهُ فَلا يَخافُ بَخْساً وَ لا رَهَقاً قُلْتُ تَتْزيلٌ قَالَ لَا تَأْويلٌ

I said, '[72:13] And that when we heard the guidance, we believed in it'. He said: 'The Guidance is the Wilayah. So whoever believes in the Wilayah of his Lord, he should neither fear loss nor Punishment'. I said, 'Revelation?' He said: '(sure) without Explanation'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ لا أَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ صَرًّا وَ لا رَشَداً قَالَ إِنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) دَعَا النَّاسَ إِلَى وَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ فَاجْتَمَعَتُ إِلَيْهِ قُرَيْشٌ فَقَالُوا يَا مُحَمَّدُ أَعْفِنَا مِنْ هَذَا فَقَالَ لَهُمْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) هَذَا إِلَى اللَّهِ لَيْسَ إِلَيَّ فَاتَّهَمُوهُ وَ خَرَجُوا مِنْ عِنْده

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words *[72:21] Say: I do not control for you evil or good*'. He^{asws} said: 'Rasool-Allah^{saww} called the people to the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}. So the Qureysh gathered to him^{saww} and they said, 'O Muhammad^{saww}! Excuse us from this!' So Rasool-Allah^{saww} said to them: 'This is to Allah^{azwj}, it isn't to me^{saww}. So they accused him^{saww} and exited from his^{saww} presence.

فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ قُلْ إِنِّي لا أَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ ضَرَّا وَ لا رَشَداً. قُلْ إِنِّي لَنْ يُجِيرَنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنْ عَصَيْتُهُ أَحَدٌ وَ لَنْ أَجِدَ مِنْ دُونِهِ مُلْتَحَداً إِلَّا بَلَاغًا مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ رِسَالَاتِهِ فِي عَلِيٍّ قُلْتُ هَذَا تَنْزِيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ ثُمَّ قَالَ تَوْكِيداً وَ مَنْ يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُولَهُ فِي وَلَايَةٍ عَلِيٍّ فَإِنَّ لَهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيها أَبَداً جَها أَبَداً

Thus, Allah^{azwi} Revealed [72:21] Say: I do not control for you evil or good [72:22] Say: Surely no one can protect me against Allah, nor can I find besides Him any place of refuge: [72:23] It is a Preaching from Allah and His Message regarding Ali^{asws}. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He^{asws} said: 'Yes'. Then he^{asws} said:

'An emphasis - and whoever disobeys Allah and His Rasool regarding the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} surely he shall have the fire of Hell to abide therein for ever'.

قُلْتُ حَتَّى إِذا رَأُوا ما يُو عَدُونَ فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَضْعَفُ ناصِراً وَ أَقَلُّ عَدَداً يَعْنِي بِذَلِكَ الْقَائِمَ وَ أَنْصَارَهُ

I said, '[72:24] Until when they see what they are threatened with, then shall they know who is weaker in helpers and fewer in number. (He^{asws} said): 'It Means by that Al-Qaim^{asws} and his^{asws} helpers'.

قُلْتُ وَ اصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُولُونَ قَالَ يَقُولُونَ فِيكَ وَ اهْجُرْهُمْ هَجْراً جَمِيلًا. وَ ذَرْنِي يَا مُحَمَّدُ وَ الْمُكَذَّبِينَ بِوَصِيِّكَ أُولِي النَّعْمَةِ وَ مَهَّلْهُمْ قَلِيلًا قُلْتُ إِنَّ هَذَا تَنْزِيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ

I said, '[73:10] And bear patiently at what they are saying'. He^{asws} said: '(What) they are saying regarding you^{saww} and avoid them with a becoming avoidance. [73:11] And leave to Me, O Muhammad^{saww}, the beliers of your successor, the possessors of ease and plenty, and respite them a little'. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He^{asws} said: 'Yes'.

قُلْتُ لِيَسْتَيْقِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتابَ قَالَ يَسْتَيْقِنُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُولَهُ وَ وَصِيَّهُ حَقٌّ قُلْتُ وَ يَزْدادَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِيماناً قَالَ وَ يَزْدادُونَ بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) قُلْتُ مَا هَذَا الْوَلَايَةِ الْوَصِيِّ إِيماناً قُلْتُ أَهْلَ الْإِنْ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتابَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الَّذِينَ ذَكَرَ اللَّهُ فَقَالَ وَ لَا يَرْتَابُونَ فِي الْوَلَايَةِ

I said, '[74:31] that those who have been Given the Book may be certain'. He said: 'That they would become convinced that Allah azwj and His azwj Rasool and his saww successor asws are true'. I said, 'and those who believe may increase in faith'. He saws said: 'And they would be increased in faith of the Wilayah of the successor saws'. I said, 'and those who have been Given the Book and the believers may not doubt'. He saws said: 'In the Wilayah of Aliasws'. I said, 'What is this doubt?' He saws said: 'It Means by that the People of the Book and the Momineen whom Allah Mentioned, so He sawj Said: "And they shall not be doubting regarding the Wilayah".

قُلْتُ وَ ما هِيَ إِلَّا ذِكْرِي لِلْبَشَرِ قَالَ نَعَمْ وَلَايَةُ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) قُلْتُ إِنَّها لَإِحْدَى الْكُبَرِ قَالَ الْوَلَايَةُ قُلْتُ لِمَنْ شَاءَ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ يَتَقَدَّمَ أَوْ يَتَأَخَّرَ قَالَ مَنْ تَقَدَّمَ إِلَى وَلَايَتِنَا أُخِّرَ عَنْ سَقَرَ وَ مَنْ تَأَخَّرَ عَنَّا نَقَدَّمَ إِلَى سَقَرَ إِلَّا أَصْحابَ الْيَمِينِ قَالَ هُمْ وَ اللهِ شبعتُنَا

I said, 'and this is naught but a reminder to the humans'. He^{asws} said: 'Yes, the Wilayah of Ali^{asws}'. I said, '[74:35] Surely it is one great'. He^{asws}: 'The Wilayah'. I said, '[74:37] To him among you who wishes to go forward or remain behind'. He^{asws} said: 'The one who goes forward to our^{asws} wilayah would remain away from 'Saqar' (a valley of Hell), but the one who remains behind from us^{asws}, would go towards the Saqar [74:39] Except the people of the right hand'. He^{asws} said: 'They, by Allah^{azwj}, are our^{asws} Shias'.

قُلْتُ لَمْ نَكُ مِنَ الْمُصَلِّينَ قَالَ إِنَّا لَمْ نَتَوَلَّ وَصِيٍّ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَ لَا يُصَلُّونَ عَلَيْهِمْ قُلْتُ فَما لَهُمْ عَنِ التَّذْكِرَةِ مُعْرِضِينَ قَالَ عَنِ الْوَلَايَةُ مُعْرِضِينَ قَالَ عَلْ إِنَّها تَذْكِرَةٌ قَالَ الْوَلَايَةُ

I said, '[74:43] They shall say: We were not of those who sent Prayed (Musalleen)'. He^{asws} said: '(They are saying), 'We did not (have) the Wilayah of the successor^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww} and the successors^{asws} from after him^{asws}, nor did

we send *Salawat* upon them^{asws}. I said, '[74:49] What is then the matter with them, that they turn away from the admonition?' He^{asws} said: '(Turning away) from the Wilayah '. I said, '[74:54] Nay! it is surely a admonition'. He^{asws} said: 'The Wilayah'.

قُلْتُ قَوْلُهُ يُوفُونَ بِالنَّذْرِ قَالَ يُوفُونَ لِلَّهِ بِالنَّذْرِ الَّذِي أَخَذَ عَلَيْهِمْ فِي الْمِيثَاق مِنْ وَلَايَتِنَا

I said, 'His^{azwj} Words **[76:7] They fulfil vows**'. He^{asws} said: 'Fulfilling the vows which Allah^{azwj} Took upon them regarding the Covenant, of our^{asws} Wilayah'.

قُلْتُ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نَزَّلْنا عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنَ تَنْزِيلًا قَالَ بِوَلَايَةِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) تَنْزِيلًا قُلْتُ هَذَا تَنْزِيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ ذَا تَنْوِيلٌ قُلْتُ إِنَّ هَذِهِ تَذَكِرَةٌ قَالَ الْوَلَايَةُ قُلْتُ يُدْخِلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ قَالَ فِي وَلَايَتِنَا قَالَ وَ الظَّالِمِينَ أَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَاباً أَلِيماً أَ لَا تَرَى أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَقُولُ وَ ما ظَلَمُونا وَ لَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

I said, '[76:23] Surely We Ourselves have Revealed the Quran to you Revealing (it) gradually'. He^{asws} said: 'By the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} (to be Revealed) gradually'. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He^{asws} said: 'Yes, that is explanation'. I said, '[76:29] Surely this is a Reminder'. He^{asws} said: 'The Wilayah'. I said '[76:31] He Makes whom He pleases to enter into His Mercy'. He^{asws} said: 'Into our^{asws} Wilayah, and (as for) the unjust, He has prepared for them a painful Chastisement. Have you not seen that Allah^{azwj} is Saying [2:57] and they were not unjust to Us but they were unjust to themselves?

قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ أَعَزُّ وَ أَمْنَعُ مِنْ أَنْ يَظْلِمَ أَوْ يَنْسُبَ نَفْسَهُ إِلَى ظُلْمٍ وَ لَكِنَّ اللَّهَ خَلَطَنَا بِنَفْسِهِ فَجَعَلَ ظُلْمَنَا ظُلْمَهُ وَ لَايَتَنَا وَلَايَتَهُ ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ بِذَلِكَ قُرْ آناً عَلَى نَبِيهِ فَقَالَ وَ ما ظَلَمْناهُمْ وَ لكِنْ كانُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ قُلْتُ هَذَا تَنْزِيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ

He^{asws} said: 'Allah^{azwj} is more Honourable and more Benevolent than that He^{azwj} should be unjust or link Himself to an injustice, but Allah^{azwj} Mingled us^{asws} with Himself^{saww}, so He^{azwj} Declares the injustice to us^{asws} as being injustice to Him^{azwj}, and our^{asws} Wilayah as being His^{azwj} Wilayah. Then He^{azwj} Revealed Quran upon His^{azwj} Prophet^{saww} with that, so He^{azwj} Said *[2:57] and they were not unjust to Us but they were unjust to themselves*'. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He^{asws} said: 'Yes'.

قُلْتُ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِلْمُكَذِّبِينَ قَالَ يَقُولُ وَيْلٌ لِلْمُكَذِّبِينَ يَا مُحَمَّدُ بِمَا أَوْحَيْثُ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ وَلَايَةٍ عَلِيَّ بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ (عليه السلام) أَ لَمْ نُهْلِكِ الْأُوَّلِينَ. ثُمَّ نُتْبِعُهُمُ الْآخِرِينَ قَالَ الْأُوَّلِينَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا الرُّسُلَ فِي طَاعَةِ الْأُوْصِيَاءِ كَذَلِكَ نَفْعَلُ بِالْمُجْرِمِينَ قَالَ مَنْ أَجْرَمَ إِلَى آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ رَكِبَ مِنْ وَصِيِّهِ مَا رَكِبَ

I said, '[77:15] Woe on that day to the beliers'. He^{asws} said: 'He^{azwj} is Saying: "O Muhammad^{saww}, Woe be unto the beliers of what I^{azwj} Revealed unto you^{saww} from the Wilayah of Ali^{asws} Bin Abu Talib^{asws}. [77:16] Did We not destroy the former ones? [77:17] Then did We follow them up with later ones. The former ones are those who belied the Rasools^{as} with regards to obedience of the successors^{as}. [77:18] Even thus shall We deal with the guilty. The ones who are guilty to the Progeny^{asws} of Muhammad^{saww} and did from his^{saww} successor^{asws} what they did'.

قُلْتُ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ قَالَ نَحْنُ وَ اللَّهِ وَ شِيعَتُنَا لَيْسَ عَلَى مِلَّةِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ غَيْرُنَا وَ سَائِرُ النَّاسِ مِنْهَا بُرَاءُ

I said, '[77:41] Surely, those who guard (against evil)'. He^{asws} said: 'Us^{asws}, by Allah^{asws}, and our^{asws} Shias. There isn't anyone upon the Religion of Ibrahim^{as} apart from us, and the rest of the people are away from it'.

قُلْتُ يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الرُّوحُ وَ الْمَلائِكَةُ صَفًّا لا يَتَكَلَّمُونَ الْآيَةَ قَالَ نَحْنُ وَ اللَّهِ الْمَأْذُونُ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ وَ الْقَائِلُونَ صَوَاباً قُلْتُ مَا تَقُولُونَ إِذَا تَكَلَّمُتُمْ قَالَ نُمَجِّدُ رَبَّنَا وَ نُصَلِّي عَلَى نَبِيَنا وَ نَشْفَعُ لِشِيعَتِنَا فَلا يَرُدُنَا رَبُنَا

I said, '[78:38] The Day on which the Spirit and the Angels shall stand in ranks; they shall not speak – the Verse'. He^{asws} said: 'We^{asws}, by Allah^{azwj} are he whom the Beneficent Allah permits and who speaks the right thing'. I said, 'What will you^{asws} be saying when you^{asws} will be speaking?' He^{asws} said: 'We^{asws} would Praise our^{asws} Lord^{azwj}, and we^{asws} would send Salawat upon our^{asws} Prophet^{saww}, and we^{asws} would intercede for our^{asws} Shias. So, our^{asws} Lord^{azwj} will not be Preventing us^{asws}'.

قُلْتُ كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتابَ الفُجَّارِ لَفِي سِجِّينِ قَالَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ فَجَرُوا فِي حَقِّ الْأَئِمَّةِ وَ اعْتَدَوْا عَلَيْهِمْ

I said, '[83:7] Nay! most surely the record of the wicked is in the Sijjeen'. He said: 'They are those who were wicked with regards to the rights of the Imams and they transgressed against them saws'.

قُلْتُ ثُمَّ يُقَالُ هَذَا الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ بِهِ ثُكَذِّبُونَ قَالَ يَعْنِي أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قُلْتُ تَنْزيلٌ قَالَ نَعَمْ .

I said, '[83:17] Then shall it be said: This is what you gave the lie to'. He asws said: 'Meaning, (belying) Amir Al-Momineen saws'. I said, 'This is Revelation?' He saws said: 'Yes'. 116

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ سَلَمَةَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الله السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ مَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَنْ ذِكْرِي فَإِنَّ لَهُ مَعِيشَةً ضَنْكاً قَالَ يَعْنِي بِهِ وَلَايَةً أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) عليه السلام)

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salma Bin Al Khattab, from Al Husayn Bin Abdul Rahman, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic *[20:124] And whoever ignores My Guidance will live a woeful life*. He^{asws} said: 'It Means ignoring the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}'.

قُلْتُ وَ نَحْشُرُهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيامَةِ أَعْمَى قَالَ يَعْنِي أَعْمَى الْبَصَرِ فِي الْآخِرَةِ أَعْمَى الْقَلْبِ فِي الدُّنْيَا عَنْ وَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) قَالَ وَ هُوَ مُنَحَيِّرٌ فِي الْقِيَامَةِ يَقُولُ لِمَ حَشَرْتَنِي أَعْمَى وَ قَدْ كُنْتُ بَصِيراً قالَ كَذَلِكَ أَنَتُكَ آياتُنا فَنُسِيتَها قَالَ الْآيَاتُ الْآيَاتُ الْآيَاتُ الْأَيْمَةُ (عليهم السلام) فَنَسِيتَها وَ كَذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ تُنْسَى يَعْنِي تَرَكُتَهَا وَ كَذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ تُنْسَى يَعْنِي تَرَكُتَهَا وَ كَذَلِكَ الْيَوْمَ تُثْرَكُ فِي النَّارِ كَمَا تَرَكُتَ الْأَئِمَة (عليهم السلام) فَلَمْ قُمْ وَلَمْ تَسْمَعْ قَوْلَهُمْ

I said, 'and We will Resurrect him on the Day of Judgement, blind?' He^{asws} said: 'It Means blind of vision in the Hereafter, and blind of the heart in the world from the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}. And he would be confused on the Day of Judgment [20:125] He shall say: Lord! Why have You Resurrected me blind and I was a seeing one beforehand? [20:126] He will say: Even so, Our Signs came to you. The Signs are the Imams^{asws}, but you forgot them; even thus shall you be Forsaken this Day. You forgot, meaning neglected them^{asws}, and similarly you will be neglected in the Fire just as you neglected the Imams^{asws}. So you did not obey their^{asws} orders and did not listen to their^{asws} speech'.

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¹¹⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 91

قُلْتُ وَ كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي مَنْ أَسْرَفَ وَ لَمْ يُؤْمِنْ بِآياتِ رَبِّهِ وَ لَعَذَابُ الْآخِرَةِ أَشَدُّ وَ أَبْقِي قَالَ يَعْنِي مَنْ أَشْرَكَ بِوَلَايَةِ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) غَيْرَهُ وَ لَمْ يُؤْمِنْ بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِ وَ تَرَكَ الْأَئِمَّةُ مُعَانَدَةً فَلَمْ يَتَبْعُ آثَارَهُمْ وَ لَمْ يَثَوْلَهُمْ

I said, '[20:127] And thus do We Recompense him who is extravagant and does not believe in the Signs of his Lord, and the Punishment of the Hereafter is severer and more lasting'. He^{asws} said: 'It Means the one who associates with the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} someone else, and does not believe in the Signs of his Lord^{azwj}, and deliberately neglects the Imams^{asws}. So he neither follows their^{asws} Ahadeeth, nor acknowledges their^{asws} Wilayah'.

قُلْتُ اللَّهُ لَطِيفٌ بِعِبادِهِ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ قَالَ وَلَايَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) قُلْتُ مَنْ كانَ يُرِيدُ حَرْثَ الْآخِرَةِ قَالَ مَعْرِفَةُ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ الْأَئِمَّةِ نَزِدْ لَهُ فِي حَرْثِهِ قَالَ نَزِيدُهُ مِنْهَا قَالَ يَسْتَوْفِي نَصِيبَهُ مِنْ دَوْلَتِهِمْ وَ مَنْ كانَ يُرِيدُ حَرْثَ الدُّنْيا نُوْتِهِ مِنْها وَ ما لَهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ نَصِيبٍ قَالَ لَيْسَ لَهُ فِي دَوْلَةِ الْحَقِّ مَعَ الْقَائِمِ نَصِيبٌ .

I said, '[42:19] Allah is Gentle to His servants; He Gives sustenance to whom He Desires to'. He^{asws} said: 'Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}'. I said, '[42:20] Whoever desires the gain of the Hereafter'. He^{asws} said: 'Recognition of Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} and the Imams^{asws}, We will give him more of that gain. He^{asws} said: 'We^{azwj} shall Increase him from it'. He^{asws} said: 'He would be fulfilled his share from their^{asws} government. and whoever desires the gain of this world, We give him of it, and in the Hereafter he has no portion. He^{asws} said: 'There wouldn't be a share for him, in the government of the truth along with Al-Qaim^{asws}'. 117

بِابِ فِيهِ نُتَفٌ وَ جَوَامِعُ مِنَ الرِّوَايَةِ فِي الْوَلَايَةِ

Chapter 109 – In it are pointers and the concise from the reports regarding the Wilayah

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَعْقُوبَ الْكُلَيْنِيُّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْحَسَنِ وَ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ ابْنِ رِئَابٍ عَنْ بُكِيْرٍ بْنِ أَعْيَنَ قَالَ كَانَ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ أَخَذَ مِيثَاقَ شِيعَتِنَا بِالْوَلايَةِ وَ هُمْ ذَرٌّ يَوْمَ أَخَذَ الْمِيثَاقَ عَلَى الذَّرِ وَ الْإِقْرَارَ لَهُ بِالرُّبُوبِيَّةِ وَ لِمُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) بِالنَّبُوّةِ .

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub Al Kulayni, from Muhammad Bin Al Hassan, and Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Ibn Qaib, from Bukeyr Bin Ayn who said,

'Abu Ja'far^{asws} was saying: 'Allah^{azwj} Took the Covenant of our^{asws} Shias with the Wilayah, and they were particles on the Day the Covenant was Taken upon the particles, and the acknowledgment to Him^{azwj} of the Lordship, and to Muhammad^{saww} with the Prophet-hood'.¹¹⁸

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ بَزيعِ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ عُقْبَةَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْجَعْفَرِيِّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ الْجَعْفَرِ (عليه السلام) وَ عَنْ عُقْبَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَلَقَ الْخَلْقَ فَخَلَقَ مَا أَحَبُّ مِمَّا أَجْعَنَ وَ كَانَ مَا أَبْغَضَ أَنْ خَلَقَهُ مِنْ طِينَةِ النَّارِ ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُمْ فِي الظَّلَالَ مَا أَبْغَضَ مَمَّا أَبْغَضَ مِمَّا أَبْغَضَ وَ كَانَ مَا أَبْغَضَ أَنْ خَلَقَهُ مِنْ طِينَةِ النَّارِ ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُمْ فِي الظَّلَالَ مَا أَشَعْضَ أَنْ خَلَقَهُ مِنْ طِينَةِ النَّارِ ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُمْ فِي الظَّلَالَ مَ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Bin Bazie, from Salih Bin Uqba, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Al Ja'fary,

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¹¹⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 92

¹¹⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 1

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws}, and from Uqba, from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Allah^{azwj} Created the creatures. So He^{azwj} Created whatever He^{azwj} Loved from what He^{azwj} Loved, and it was so that what He^{azwj} Loved, He^{azwj} Created from the clay of the Paradise. And He^{azwj} Created whatever He^{azwj} Hated from what He^{azwj} Hated, and it was so that what He^{azwj} Hated, He^{azwj} Created from the clay of the Fire. Then He^{azwj} Sent them into the shadows'.

So I said, 'And which thing is 'the shadows'?' He^{asws} said: 'Do you not see your own shadow in the sun, it is something, but it isn't a thing? Then He^{azwj} Sent the Prophets^{as} among them, calling them to the acknowledgment of Allah^{azwj}, and these are His^{azwj} Words *[43:87] And if you should ask them who created them, they would certainly say: Allah*.

Then He^{azwj} Called them to the acknowledgment with the Prophets^{saww}. So some of them acknowledged, and some of them denied. Then He^{azwj} Called them to our^{asws} Wilayah. So the one who acknowledges it, by Allah^{azwj}, is the one whom He^{azwj} Loved, and the one who denied it, he is the one whom Allah^{azwj} Hated. And these are His^{azwj} Words *[10:74] but they would not believe in what they had belied before*'. Then Abu Ja'far^{asws} said: 'It was so that the belying was then and there'.¹¹⁹

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salma Bin Al Khattab, from Ali Bin Sayf, from Al Abbas Bin Aamir, from Ahmad Bin Rizg Al Ghumshany, from Muhammad Bin Abdul Rahman,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws} having said: 'Our^{asws} Wilayah is the Wilayah of Allah^{azwj} without which no Prophet^{as} has ever been Sent'.¹²⁰

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muhammad Bin Abdul Hameed, from Yunus Bin Yaqoub, from Abdul A'ala who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah asws saying: 'There is none from a Prophet who came except with recognition of our rights and our merits over the ones besides us asws . 121

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¹¹⁹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 2

¹²⁰ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 3

¹²¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 4

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ بَزِيعِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الصَّبَاحِ الْكِنَانِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَمِعْتُهُ يَقُولُ وَ اللهِ إِنَّ فِي السَّمَاءِ لَسَبْعِينَ صَفّاً مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ لَوِ اجْتَمَعَ أَهْلُ الْإِنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ لَسَبْعِينَ صَفّاً مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ لَوِ اجْتَمَعَ أَهْلُ الْإِنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ لَسَبْعِينَ صَفّاً مِنْ الْمَلَائِكَةِ لَوِ اجْتَمَعَ أَهْلُ الْإِنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ لَسَبْعِينَ صَفّاً مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ لَوِ اجْتَمَعَ أَهْلُ الْأَرْضِ كُلُّهُمْ يُحْصُونَ عَدَدَ كُلِّ صَفًّ مِنْهُمْ مَا أَحْصَوْهُمْ وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَيَدِينُونَ بِوَلَا يَتِنَا .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Bin Bazie, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl, from Abu Al Sabah Al Kinany,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws}, said, 'I heard him^{asws} saying: 'By Allah^{azwj}! In the sky there are seventy rows of Angels. If the inhabitants of the earth, all of them were to gather together to count the number of each row of them, they would not be (able to) count them, and they are (all) having a Religion with our asws Wilayah'. 122

مُحَمَّدٌ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحَسَنِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ وَلَايَةُ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) مَكْتُوبَةٌ فِي جَمِيعِ صُحُفِ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ وَ لَنْ يَبْعَثَ اللهُ رَسُولًا إِلَّا بِنُبُوةِ مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ وَصِيّهِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام) .

Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan^{asws} having said: 'The Wilayah of Ali^{asws} is inscribed in the entirety of the Parchments of the Prophets, and Allah^{azwj} never Sent a Rasool^{as} or a Prophet^{as} except with the Prophet-hood of Muhammad^{saww} and Ali^{asws}, as his^{saww} Successor^{asws}.¹²³

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُمْهُورٍ قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا يُونُسُ عَنْ حَمَّادِ بْنِ عُثْمَانَ عَنِ الْفُضَيْلِ بْنِ يَسَارِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) عَلْماً بَيْنَهُ وَ بَيْنَ خَلْقِهِ فَمَنْ عَرَفَهُ كَانً مُوْمِناً وَ مَنْ جَعِلَهُ كَانَ حَنالًا وَ مَنْ نَصَبَ مَعَهُ شَيْئاً كَانَ مُشْرِكاً وَ مَنْ جَاءَ بِوَ لَا يَتِهِ دَخَلَ الْجَنَّةِ.

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Muhammad Bin Jamhour who said, 'Yunus narrated to us, from Hammad Bin Usman, from Al Fuzayl Bin Yasaar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic Nominated Ali^{asws} as a flag between Him^{azwj} and His^{azwj} creatures. So the one who recognises him^{asws} would be a Momin, and the one who denies him^{asws} would be a disbeliever, and the one who is ignorant of him^{asws} would be straying, and the one who establishes anything with him^{asws} would be an associator (*Mushrik*), and the one who comes with his^{asws} Wilayah would enter the Paradise'.¹²⁴

الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْوَشَّاءِ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سِنَانِ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ إِنَّ عَلِيّاً (عليه السلام) بَابٌ قَتَحَهُ اللَّهُ فَمَنْ دَخَلَهُ كَانَ مُؤْمِناً وَ مَنْ خَرَجَ مِنْهُ كَانَ كَافِراً وَ مَنْ لَمْ يَدْخُلُ فِيهِ وَ لَمْ يَخُرُجْ مِنْهُ كَانَ فِي الطَّبَقَةِ الَّذِينَ قَالَ اللَّهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى لِي فِيهِمُ الْمَشِيئَةُ .

Al Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moalla Bin Muhammad, from Al Washha, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Abu Hamza who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far^{asws} saying: 'Ali^{asws} is a door which Allah^{azwj} Opened. So the one who enters it would be a Momin, and the one who exits from it would be a disbeliever, and the one who does not enter it and does not exit from it would be in

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¹²² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 5

¹²⁴ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 7

the layer (under a category about) which Allah^{azwj} Blessed and High has Said: 'For Me^{azwj}, regarding them, is the (pending) decision'.¹²⁵

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ ابْنِ رِئَابٍ عَنْ بُكَيْرٍ بْنِ أَعْيَنَ قَالَ كَانَ أَبُو جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ أَخَذَ مِيثَاقَ شِيعَتِنَا بِالْوَلَايَةِ لَنَا وَ هُمْ ذَرِّ يَوْمَ أَخَذَ الْمِيثَاقَ عَلَى الذَّرِّ بِالْإِقْرَارِ لَهُ بِالرَّبُوبِيَّةِ وَ لِمُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) بالنَّبُوةِ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Ibn Raib, from Bukeyr Bin Ayn who said,

'Abu Ja'far^{asws} was saying: 'Allah^{azwj} Took the Covenant of our^{asws} Shias with the Wilayah for us^{asws}, and they were particles on the day the Covenant was Taken upon the particles with the acknowledgment to Him^{azwj} with the Lordship, and to Muhammad^{saww} with the Prophet-hood.

وَ عَرَضَ اللَّهُ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ (صلى الله عليه وآله) أُمَّنَهُ فِي الطِّينِ وَ هُمْ أَظِلَّةٌ وَ خَلَقَهُمْ مِنَ الطِّينَةِ الَّتِي خُلِقَ مِنْهَا آدَهُ وَ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ وَسُولَ اللَّهِ أَرْوَاحَ شِيعَتِنَا قَبْلَ أَبْدَانِهِمْ بِأَلْفَيْ عَامٍ وَ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ وَسُولَ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله) وَ عَرَّفَهُمْ عَلِيّاً وَ نَحْنُ نَعْرِفُهُمْ فِي لَحْنِ الْقَوْلِ .

And Allah^{azwj} Majestic and Mighty Presented to Muhammad^{saww}, his^{saww} community in the clay, and they were shadows. And He^{azwj} Created them from the lay from which Adam^{as} was created, and Allah^{azwj} Created the spirits of our^{asws} Shias before their bodies, by two thousand years, and presented them unto him^{saww}. And He^{azwj} Introduced them to Rasool-Allah^{saww}, and Introduced them to Ali^{asws}. And we^{asws} recognise them in the tone of their speech'. ¹²⁶

باب فِي مَعْرِفَتِهِمْ أَوْلِيَاءَهُمْ وَ التَّفُويضِ إلَيْهِمْ

Chapter 110 – Regarding their recognising their friends and the Authorisation to them saws

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ صَالِح بْنِ سَهْلٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) أَنَّ رَجُلًا جَاءَ إِلَى أَمِيرِ الْمُوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) وَ هُوَ مَعَ أَصْحَابِهِ فَسَلَّمَ عَلَيْهِ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ أَنَا وَ اللهِ أُحِبُّكَ وَ أَتَوَلَّاكَ فَقَالَ لَهُ أَمِيرُ الْمُوْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) كَذَبْتَ قَالَ بَلَى وَ اللَّهِ إِنِّي أُحِبُّكَ وَ أَتَوَلَّاكَ فَكَرَّرَ ثَكَاثاً

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Salih Bin Sahl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws}: 'A man came over to Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}, and he^{asws} was with his^{asws} companions. So he greeted upon him^{asws}, then he said to him^{asws}, 'By Allah^{azwj}, I Love you^{asws} and acknowledge your^{asws} Wilayah'. So Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} said to him: 'You are lying!' He said, 'Yes, by Allah^{azwj}, I do love you^{asws} and acknowledge your^{asws} Wilayah'. And he re-iterated thrice.

فَقَالَ لَهُ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام) كَذَبْتَ مَا أَنْتَ كَمَا قُلْتَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَلَقَ الْأَرْوَاحَ قَبْلَ الْأَبْدَانِ بِأَلْفَيْ عَامٍ ثُمَّ عَرَضَ عَلَيْنَا الْمُحِبَّ لَنَا فَوَ اللَّهِ مَا رَأَيْتُ رُوحَكَ فِيمَنْ عُرِضَ فَآيْنَ كُنْتَ فَسَكَتَ الرَّجُلُ عِنْدَ ذَلِكَ وَ لَمْ يُرَاجِعْهُ .

¹²⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 8

¹²⁶ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 109 H 9

So Amir Al-Momineen saws said to him: 'You are lying! You are not as you are saying to be. Allah Created the spirits before the bodies by two thousand years. Then He^{azwj} Presented to us^{asws} those who love us^{asws}. So, by Allah Allah did not see your Spirit among the ones who were Presented. So where were you?' So the man was silent during that and did not respond to him saws.'

وَ فِي رِوَايَةٍ أُخْرَى قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) كَانَ فِي النَّارِ .

And in another report, Abu Abdullah asws said: 'He was in the Fire'. 127

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ سَعِيدٍ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ مَيْمُونِ عَنْ عَمَّارِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَر (عليه السلام) قَالَ إِنَّا لَنَعْرِفُ الرَّجُلَ إِذَا رَأَيْنَاهُ بِحَقِيقَةِ الْإِيمَانِ وَ حَقِيقَةِ النَّفَاقِ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Al Husayn Bin Saeed, from Amro Bin Maymoun, from Ammar Bin Marwan, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{asws} having said: 'We^{asws} tend to recognise the man when we^{asws} see him by the reality of the *Eman* and the reality of the hypocrisy'.¹²⁸

أَحْمَدُ بْنُ إِدْرِيسَ وَ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ الْكُوفِيِّ عَنْ عُبَيْسِ بْنِ هِشَامٍ عَنْ عَيْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنَ مَلْكُوفَي عَنْ عُبَيْسِ بْنِ هِشَامٍ عَنْ عَيْدِ اللَّهِ بْنَ مَلْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَنْ رَجُلًا سَأَلَهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ مَا اللهُ عَنْ مَنْ اللهُ عَنْ أَلْكُ الْمَسْأَلَةِ فَأَجَابَهُ بِغَيْرِ جَوَابِ الْأَوَّلِ ثُمَّ سَأَلَهُ آخَرُ فَأَجَابَهُ بِغَيْرِ جَوَابِ الْأَوَّلِ ثُمَّ سَأَلَهُ آخَرُ فَأَجَابَهُ بِغَيْرِ جَوَابِ الْأَوَّلُ ثُمَّ قَالَ هَا مُنْ أَوْ أَعْطِ بِغَيْرِ حِسابٍ وَ هَكَذَا هِيَ فِي قِرَاءَةِ عَلِيٍّ (عليه السلام)

Ahmad Bin Idrees and Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Al Hassan Bin Ali Al Kufy, from Ubeys Bin Hisham, from Abdullah Bin Suleyman,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{asws}, said, 'I asked him^{asws} about the Imam^{asws}. 'Has Allah^{azwj} Authorise to him^{asws} just as He^{azwj} had Authorised to Suleyman^{as} Bin Dawood^{as}?' So he^{asws} said: 'Yes'. And that is, that a man asked him^{asws} a question, so he^{asws} answered him with regards to it; and another man asked him that very question, so he^{asws} answered him with other than the answer of the first one. Then another one asked him^{asws}, so he^{asws} answered him with other than the answer of the two former ones. Then he^{asws} said: '[38:39] This is Our Gift, therefore withhold or give out freely without measure; and like this it is in the recitation of Ali^{asws}.

لَ قُلْتُ أَصْلَحَكَ اللَّهُ فَحِينَ أَجَابَهُمْ بِهَذَا الْجَوَابِ يَعْرِفُهُمُ الْإِمَامُ قَالَ سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ أَ مَا تَسْمَعُ اللَّهَ يَقُولُ إِنَّ فِي ذلِكَ لَآياتٍ لِلْمُتَوَسِّمِينَ وَ هُمُ الْأَئِمَّةُ وَ إِنَّهَا لَبِسَبِيلٍ مُقِيمٍ لَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا أَبَداً

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, 'May Allah^{azwj} Keep you^{asws} well! So when he^{asws} answers them with these answers, does the Imam^{asws} understand them?' He^{asws} said: 'Glory be to Allah^{azwj}! Have you not hear Allah^{azwj} Saying *[15:75] Surely, in this are Signs for those who distinguish (the marks)*? And they^{asws} are the Imams^{asws} *[15:76] And surely it is on a road that still abides*, not coming out from it, ever!'

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¹²⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 110 H 1

¹²⁸ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 110 H 2

قَا ثُمَّ قَالَ لِي نَعَمْ إِنَّ الْإِمَامَ إِذَا أَبْصَرَ إِلَى الرَّجُلِ عَرَفَهُ وَ عَرَفَ لَوْنَهُ وَ إِنْ سَمِعَ كَلَامَهُ مِنْ خَلْفِ حَائِطٍ عَرَفَهُ وَ عَرَفَ لَوْنَهُ وَ إِنْ سَمِعَ كَلَامَهُ مِنْ خَلْفِ حَائِطٍ عَرَفَهُ وَ عَرَفَ الْعُلَمَاءُ هُوَ إِنَّ اللهَ يَقُولُ وَ مِنْ آياتِهِ خَلْقُ السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَ اخْتِلافُ أَلْسِنَتِكُمْ وَ أَلْوانِكُمْ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآياتٍ لِلْعالِمِينَ وَ هُمُ الْعُلَمَاءُ فَلَيْسَ يَسْمَعُ شَيْئًا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ يَنْطِقُ بِهِ إِلَّا عَرَفَهُ نَاحٍ أَوْ هَالِكٌ فَلِذَلِكَ يُجِيبُهُمْ بِالَّذِي يُجِيبُهُمْ .

He (the narrator) said, 'Then he^{asws} said to me: 'Yes, the Imam^{asws}, when he looks at the man, he^{asws} recognises him^{asws} and recognises his^{asws} colour, and if he^{asws} hears his^{asws} speech from behind a wall, recognises him and recognises who is he. Allah^{azwj} is Saying *[30:22]* And from His Signs is the creation of the skies and the earth and the diversity of your tongues and colours; most surely there are Signs in this for the scholar. And they^{asws} are the Scholars. So there isn't anything from the matters spoken with that he^{asws} hears except that he^{asws} would recognise it whether he is a saved one or a destroyed one. Therefore, due to that, he^{asws} answers them by that which he^{asws} answers them with'.¹²⁹

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